Oklahoma
Department of
Human Services

Annual Report

Fiscal Year

1982

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Letter of Transmittal

The Honorable George P. Nigh
Governor of the State of Oklahoma

Dear Governor Nigh:

The *1982 Annual Report of the Department of Human Services* is an accounting of expenditures and a review of services provided during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1982.

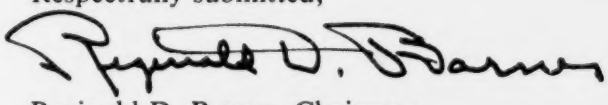
July 1 marked the end of the Department's 46th year and the beginning of a new era in public welfare in Oklahoma, a result of legislative action which mandated fundamental changes in human services funding.

This report covers major developments of the 1982 fiscal year, including narrative material on program activities and charts, graphs and tables with analyses of costs, services and people served.

It also includes the history of the Department's 46 years of operation, supplying the background of the many programs which were transferred by the Legislature as DHS evolved into an umbrella agency.

The Annual Report is published in compliance with Section 2 of the Oklahoma Social Security Act of 1936.

Respectfully submitted,



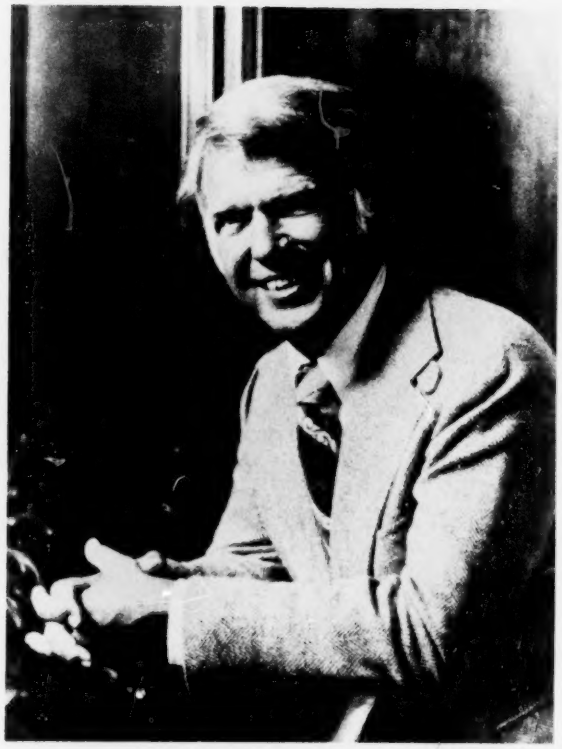
Reginald D. Barnes, Chairman
Oklahoma Commission for Human Services

November 1, 1982

Constitution of Oklahoma
Article XXV.—Social Security

—In order to promote the general welfare of the people of the State of Oklahoma and for their protection, security, and benefit, the Legislature and the people by initiative petition are hereby authorized to provide by appropriate legislation for the relief and care of needy aged persons who are unable to provide for themselves, and other needy persons who, on account of immature age, physical infirmity, disability, or other cause, are unable to provide or care for themselves; Provided, the Legislature or the people by initiative petition, are further authorized, in co-operation with and under any plan authorized by the Federal Government for State participation, to provide by appropriate legislation for the relief and care of aged or needy persons.

The levy of taxes, other than ad valorem taxes, necessary to carry into effect legislation enacted pursuant thereto, is hereby authorized. As added State Question No. 225, Initiative Petition No. 154, adopted July 7, 1936. As amended State Question No. 299, Referendum No. 81. Adopted special election March 11, 1941.



George P. Nigh

Oklahoma Government

Governor of Oklahoma
George P. Nigh

Lieutenant Governor
Spencer Bernard

Thirty-Eighth Legislature
Second Session
State Senate President Pro Tempore
Marvin York
House of Representatives Speaker
Daniel D. Draper Jr.

Supreme Court of Oklahoma
Chief Justice
Pat Irwin
Vice-Chief Justice
Don Barnes

The Department of Human Services helps the needy, the aged, the handicapped, the dependent and neglected, the delinquent, the sick and others who need services in order to become as self-sufficient as possible. Founded in 1936 as a welfare agency, DHS is also known as the Department of Public Welfare. It continues to administer cash assistance grants, but today the Department operates 30 programs.

Assistance Payments & Food Programs

State Supplemental Payments provide a monthly state payment to supplement federal Supplemental Security Income or other income to eligible people who are aged, blind or disabled. Eligibility is determined by the applicant's income, resources and needs. Recipients are eligible for medical benefits and related services.

Aid to Families with Dependent Children provides monthly assistance payments to eligible needy families with children who have been deprived of support and care by one or both parents because of parent's death, incapacity or continued absence from home.

Energy Assistance helps eligible low income families and individuals pay home heating and cooling bills in extreme weather.

General Assistance and Emergency Assistance provide limited cash aid to help individuals and families meet a crisis.

Refugee Assistance offers a cash grant, medical care and services for eligible refugees.

Emergency Welfare Services provide grants to qualified individuals and families deprived as a result of a natural disaster in a presidentially designated stricken area.

Food Stamps are provided to persons in eligible households at no cost. Eligibility is based on income, resources and the number of persons in the household. Stamps may be used to purchase food at any grocery store authorized to participate in the program by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Donated Commodities are shipped by the U.S. Department of Agriculture to DHS for distribution to school lunch, child care, summer camp and special food programs; charitable and correctional institutions; and nutrition programs for the elderly.

Medical Payments Programs

Medicaid provides payment for physicians' services, hospitalization, nursing home care and non-technical medical care in the home for the eligible needy. Medicaid funds also are used to pay the Medicare buy-in premiums for state supplemental payment recipients. Another service is an Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment program for persons under 21.

Those eligible for Medicaid include AFDC and state supplemental payment recipients (aged, blind or disabled) and some persons whose medical expenses would reduce their finances to a level that would make them eligible for public assistance.

Vendor Drug Program provides a limited number of prescription drugs for persons getting AFDC or supplemental payments to the aged, blind and disabled.

Crippled Children's Services make available medical and dental care for varied problems to children who can benefit from treatment. Diagnosis, corrective treatment and hospitalization are included.

Community Services and Institutional Programs

Rehabilitative Services enable handicapped persons to prepare for employment or to return to work. The program involves testing and evaluation of abilities, medical treatment, vocational training, counseling and guidance.

The Okmulgee Rehabilitation Center offers comprehensive services for the severely disabled who can benefit from its program.

Visual Services provided for blind and visually impaired persons are home teaching; an optical aids clinic; a vending facility program; and a Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped, which has a radio talking book network and circulates talking book machines, records, and braille and large-print books.

The Special Unit on Aging administers funds under the federal Older Americans Act. Examples of unit-sponsored programs are multi-purpose senior citizen centers; congregate meals; legal counseling; chore, homemaker and home repair projects; escort and transportation services; and information and referral. The unit also administers federal Urban Mass Transportation funds in Oklahoma to purchase vehicles for non-profit agencies which serve elderly and handicapped persons.

Services to Adults and Families help clients obtain or keep jobs; help them obtain health services and day care; provides protective services for the aged and disabled; and offers services such as home maintenance aides to enable persons to remain in their own homes.

The Child Support Enforcement program is responsible for obtaining child support payments from absentee parents. A person does not have to receive public assistance to be eligible for this service.

Child Welfare Services include adoption services; foster care; health-related services; prevention of child abuse and neglect; licensing for child care and placement agencies, day care centers and homes; and placement for children in DHS custody.

Child Welfare Emergency Shelters and Group Homes. Two emergency shelters giving temporary haven to abandoned and neglected children and four group homes for deprived girls are located in Oklahoma City and Tulsa.

The State of Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals, Oklahoma City, are Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital primarily serving persons under 21 years; Oklahoma Memorial Hospital serving adults; the Don H. O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute serving eligible persons; and the Child Study Center providing outpatient diagnosis, therapy and training for children with developmental and neurological problems.

Services for the Mentally Retarded include three state schools for those who can benefit from intensive programs. The three regional residential facilities are Hissom Memorial Center, Sand Springs, Pauls Valley State School and Enid State School. DHS also provides other services to mentally retarded and developmentally disabled persons in community projects, including work activity centers, group homes and specialized services.

Schools for the Blind and Deaf are Oklahoma School for the Blind, Muskogee, and Oklahoma School for the Deaf, Sulphur. They offer resident education and special services to children from preschool through high school age.

Court Related and Community Services is a statewide juvenile justice and delinquency prevention program of intake, probation and preventive services for the 74 Oklahoma counties without statutory juvenile bureaus. CRCS provides institutional parole services for all counties. The department also funds community youth service agencies and shelters throughout the state.

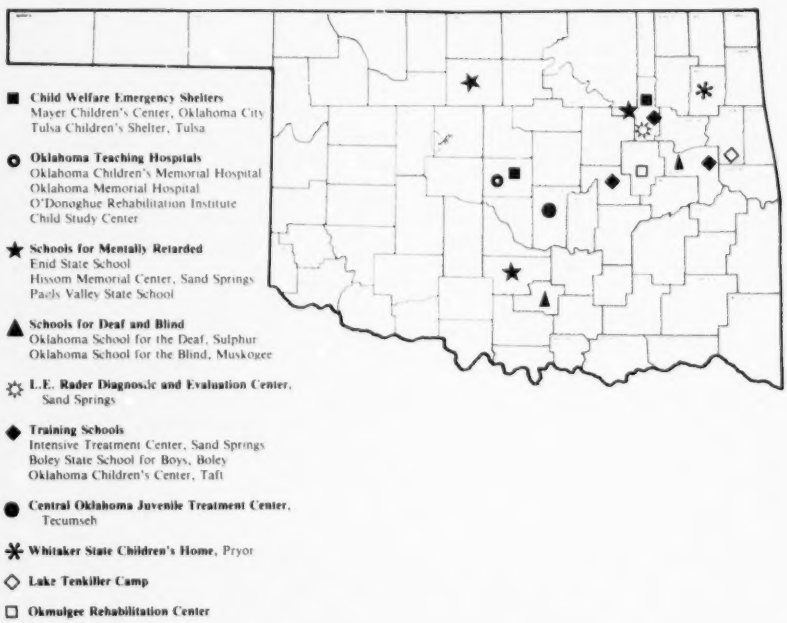
CRCS Group Homes include two in Tulsa and one each in Oklahoma City and Lawton with eight beds each. In addition, four private contracts provide eight homes with space for 51 youth.

L.E. Rader Children's Diagnostic and Evaluation Center offers residential diagnosis and evaluation services to determine suitable placements for children committed to DHS.

Juvenile Correctional Centers include the Oklahoma Children's Center, Taft; the Intensive Treatment Center, Sand Springs; and the Boley School for Boys. The Helena School was closed as a juvenile center and transferred to adult corrections in April 1982.

Residential Centers are Whitaker Children's Home at Pryor and the Central Oklahoma Juvenile Treatment Center at Tecumseh.

Lake Tenkiller Camp provides camping opportunities for children in DHS custody and others in DHS hospitals and institutions. The staff is in residence 48 weeks each year with weekend programs from September through April and complete summer camp operations from May through August. Programs are geared to the therapeutic and special needs of individuals and groups.


■ Child Welfare Emergency Shelters
Mayer Children's Center, Oklahoma City
Tulsa Children's Shelter, Tulsa
○ Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals
Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital
Oklahoma Memorial Hospital
O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute
Child Study Center
★ Schools for Mentally Retarded
Enid State School
Hissom Memorial Center, Sand Springs
Pauls Valley State School
▲ Schools for Deaf and Blind
Oklahoma School for the Deaf, Sulphur
Oklahoma School for the Blind, Muskogee
☼ L.E. Rader Diagnostic and Evaluation Center, Sand Springs
◆ Training Schools
Intensive Treatment Center, Sand Springs
Boley State School for Boys, Boley
Oklahoma Children's Center, Taft
● Central Oklahoma Juvenile Treatment Center, Tecumseh
✱ Whitaker State Children's Home, Pryor
◇ Lake Tenkiller Camp
□ Okmulgee Rehabilitation Center

Oklahoma Commission for Human Services

Governing board of the Department of Human Services is the Commission for Human Services, a nine-member body established by a 1936 amendment to the State Constitution.

Members are appointed by the Governor to staggered nine-year terms, which makes for continuity in the conduct of Department affairs. One term expires each August.

Reginald D. Barnes, Tulsa, has served as chairman since 1969 and has been a member since 1962.

Robert M. Greer, Enid, is vice chairman and senior member in point of tenure. Greer was first appointed by Governor Johnston Murray in 1953.

Another longtime member is W.E. "Bill" Farha of Bristow, who was reappointed to a nine-year term by Gov. George Nigh in August 1981. His commission tenure dates back to 1953, when he was appointed by Gov. Johnston Murray. He resigned in 1961 to accept an appointment to the Oklahoma Turnpike Authority, on which he served 10 years before Gov. David Hall reappointed him to the commission for a nine-year term in 1972.

The Commission formulates Department policy within statutory limitations. Its broad responsibilities include administering the State Assistance Fund and authorizing all expenditures.

Appointment of the Director of Human Services is another constitutional power vested in the board. Lloyd E. Rader, Hinton, has been Director since 1951.

Regular meetings are held the fourth Tuesday of the month.

The Commission is also known by its constitutional name the Oklahoma Public Welfare Commission. It was given the optional name of the Oklahoma Commission for Human Services by the 1980 State Legislature which also gave the agency the new Human Services title.

Chairman Reginald D. Barnes, Tulsa

Vice Chairman R.M. Greer, Enid

Wilbur D. Cave, Fairfax

Leon N. Gilbert, M.D., Bethany

W.E. Farha, Bristow

Mrs. Jane Hartley, Vinita

L.E. Rader, Director of Human Services

Wennette W. Pegues, Ed.D., Tulsa

Joe D. Voto, Atoka

Carl E. Ward, O.D., Sayre

Oklahoma Department of Human Services

Annual Report
Fiscal Year 1982

CONTENTS

Introduction
1982 Program Expenditures 2
Service Achievements and Media Attacks 4
A State and National Leader 7
Oklahoma Public Welfare/Human Services Directors 8
Expenditures 1951—1982 9

Assistance Payments and Food Programs 10
Assistance Payments 11
General Assistance 12
Emergency Welfare 12
Energy Assistance 12
Food Stamps and Donated Commodities 13

Medical Payments Programs 14
Non Technical Medical Care 15
Crippled Children's Services 16
Medicare Payments 16
Disability Insurance 16

Community Services and Institutional Programs 17
Services to Adults and Families 17
Social Services Title XX 18
Child Welfare Services 19
Juvenile Services 20
Services for the Mentally Retarded 22
Rehabilitative and Visual Services 23
Speech and Hearing Services 25
Special Aging Services 25
Psychological Services 26
Child Support Enforcement 27
Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals 27
Institutional Maintenance, Construction and Farms 29

Administrative Services 30
Personnel 30
Finance 30
Departmental Services 31
Appeals Unit 31
Legal Division 31
Management Information 31
Inspector General 32
Administrative Review 32
Planning and Evaluation 33
Program Development 33
Staff Development 33
Old Age and Survivor's Insurance 33
Research and Statistics 33
Oklahoma Public Welfare/Human Services Commission Members 1936—1982 34

Statistical Tables
Appendix A Contents A-1
Appendix B Contents B-1

Publication of the *1981-1982 Annual Report* is authorized by the Oklahoma Commission for Human Services in accordance with federal and state regulation. It is printed once each year by the Department of Human Services, L.E. Rader, Director of Human Services, and is distributed to DHS Offices, legislators, the news media, and others on request, at a cost of $20,245 for 3,715 copies. Editorial Office: P.O. Box 25352, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73125. Contents may be freely quoted.

DHS Pub. No. 82-60

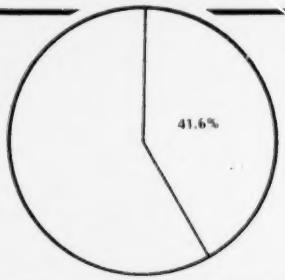
Table 1 198

Program	Total	Direct Payments	Services	Administration
TOTAL	$1,048,997,083.88	$257,179,500.48	$744,784,031.27	$47,033,532.13
Federal	514,905,048.95	178,747,679.37	315,926,632.63	20,231,536.95
State	534,091,214.93	78,431,821.11	428,857,398.64	26,801,995.18

Medical Payments Programs

Medicaid (Title XIX)	**409,445,332.30**	**0.00**	**395,211,616.43**	**14,233,715.87**
Federal	239,936,286.81	0.00	230,338,835.34	9,597,451.47
State	169,509,045.49	0.00	164,872,781.09	4,636,264.40
Crippled Children	**1,339,852.78**	**0.00**	**928,619.51**	**411,233.27**
Federal	924,741.45	0.00	924,741.45	0.00
State	415,111.33	0.00	3,878.06	411,233.27
Medicare Payments (Title XVIII)	**17,814,655.71**	**16,332,291.79**	**0.00**	**1,482,363.92**
Federal	17,814,655.71	16,332,291.79	0.00	1,482,363.92
Disability Determination	**6,040,869.99**	**0.00**	**5,853,925.81**	**186,944.18**
Federal	6,040,869.99	0.00	5,853,925.81	186,944.18
State Health Department	**1,699,330.62**	**1,699,330.62**	**0.00**	**0.00**
State	1,699,330.62	1,699,330.62	0.00	0.00

% of Total by Types of Programs

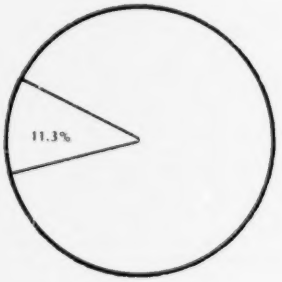


Assistance Payments & Food Programs

AABD Supplementation	**42,620,870.36**	**41,886,842.00**	**0.00**	**734,028.36**
State	42,620,870.36	41,886,842.00	0.00	734,028.36
AFDC	**102,734,347.29**	**80,994,660.00**	**17,912,682.85**	**3,827,024.44**
Federal	59,158,040.00	46,881,606.00	10,362,921.78	1,913,512.22
State	43,576,307.29	34,113,054.00	7,549,741.07	1,913,512.22
Energy Assistance	**15,493,990.71**	**12,800,907.01**	**1,993,847.15**	**699,236.55**
Federal	13,211,819.31	12,800,907.01	410,912.30	0.00
State	2,282,171.40	0.00	1,582,934.85	699,236.55
Refugee Assistance	**4,349,084.03**	**3,433,315.58**	**411,254.67**	**504,513.78**
Federal	4,349,084.03	3,433,315.58	411,254.67	504,513.78
General Assistance	**676,944.50**	**295,225.00**	**320,899.21**	**60,820.29**
State	676,944.50	295,225.00	320,899.21	60,820.29
Food Stamps	**91,325,813.05**	**75,690,753.00**	**10,694,952.83**	**4,940,107.22**
Federal	82,715,698.00	75,690,753.00	4,554,891.39	2,470,053.61
State	8,610,115.05	0.00	6,140,061.44	2,470,053.61
Commodity Distribution	**25,003,219.67**	**23,366,551.00**	**1,117,922.73**	**518,745.94**
Federal	23,368,560.00	23,366,551.00	0.00	2,009.00
State	1,634,659.67	0.00	1,117,922.73	516,736.94

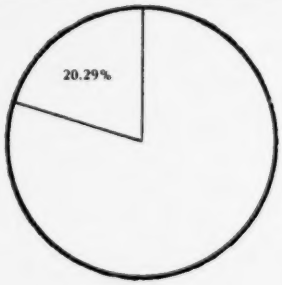
Community Services Programs

Social Services (Title XX)	**49,689,707.05**	**0.00**	**49,689,707.05**	**0.00**
Federal	32,953,630.00	0.00	32,953,630.00	0.00
State	16,736,077.05	0.00	16,736,077.05	0.00
WIN/CWEP Social Services	**2,405,682.99**	**0.00**	**2,008,287.26**	**397,395.73**
Federal	1,121,708.89	0.00	1,121,708.89	0.00
State	1,283,974.10	0.00	986,578.37	397,395.73
AFDC Training Expense	**594,185.22**	**500,898.00**	**0.00**	**93,287.22**
Federal	63,528.51	63,528.51	0.00	0.00
State	530,656.71	437,369.49	0.00	93,287.22
Child Welfare	**10,332,123.60**	**0.00**	**5,793,757.80**	**4,538,365.80**
Federal	2,573,979.97	0.00	2,573,979.97	0.00
State	7,758,143.63	0.00	3,219,777.83	4,538,365.80
AFDC Foster Care	**2,497,234.07**	**0.00**	**2,497,234.07**	**0.00**
Federal	1,248,617.03	0.00	1,248,617.03	0.00
State	1,248,617.04	0.00	1,248,617.04	0.00
Emergency Shelters and Group Homes	**1,772,850.06**	**0.00**	**1,772,850.06**	**0.00**
State	1,772,850.06	0.00	1,772,850.06	0.00
SSI-Disabled Child	**178,726.48**	**178,726.48**	**0.00**	**0.00**
Federal	178,726.48	178,726.48	0.00	0.00
Developmental Disabilities	**802,919.82**	**0.00**	**793,546.28**	**9,373.54**
Federal	614,326.00	0.00	608,182.74	6,143.26
State	188,593.82	0.00	185,363.54	3,230.28
Services for Mentally Retarded	**189,623.57**	**0.00**	**189,623.57**	**0.00**
State	189,623.57	0.00	189,623.57	0.00
Vocational Rehabilitation	**28,456,917.76**	**0.00**	**26,972,442.38**	**1,484,475.38**
Federal	13,823,829.33	0.00	13,270,876.15	552,953.18
State	14,633,088.43	0.00	13,701,566.23	931,522.20
Special Aging Services	**15,847,499.48**	**0.00**	**14,432,253.01**	**1,415,246.47**
Federal	10,872,747.44	0.00	10,111,655.11	761,092.33
State	4,974,752.04	0.00	4,320,597.90	654,154.14
Child Support Enforcement	**6,199,419.71**	**0.00**	**3,147,906.81**	**3,051,512.90**
Federal	3,935,000.00	0.00	1,180,500.00	2,754,500.00
State	2,264,419.71	0.00	1,967,406.81	297,012.90



Hospitals & Institutional Programs

State Homes and Schools [2]	**30,752,096.77**	**0.00**	**28,485,241.37**	**2,266,855.40**
State	30,752,096.77	0.00	28,485,241.37	2,266,855.40
Schools for Mentally Retarded [2]	**38,502,297.41**	**0.00**	**36,029,643.86**	**2,472,653.55**
State	38,502,297.41	0.00	36,029,643.86	2,472,653.55
OKLAHOMA TEACHING HOSPITALS [2 & 3]				
Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital	**62,450,150.01**	**0.00**	**61,646,385.78**	**803,764.23**
State	62,450,150.01	0.00	61,646,385.78	803,764.23
Oklahoma Memorial Hospital	**56,581,999.88**	**0.00**	**54,447,595.68**	**2,134,404.20**
State	56,581,999.88	0.00	54,447,595.68	2,134,404.20
O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute	**12,562,817.27**	**0.00**	**11,795,353.38**	**767,463.89**
State	12,562,817.27	0.00	11,795,353.38	767,463.89
Child Study Center	**1,414,119.17**	**0.00**	**1,414,119.17**	**0.00**
State	1,414,119.17	0.00	1,414,119.17	0.00
Institutional Maintenance and Farms	**9,222,382.55**	**0.00**	**9,222,382.55**	**0.00**
State	9,222,382.55	0.00	9,222,382.55	0.00



32 program expenditures[1]

1/ Table 1 is a program expenditure report and not a financial statement.
2/ Expenditures for hospitals and institutional programs include reimbursements from Medicaid, Medicare and other Federal and third party payments.
3/ The total expenditures of $133 million for the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals includes all operating costs. In prior years, only expenditures from state sales tax funds were reported for the hospitals in this program summary table.

a mixed year

Service Achievements and Media Attacks

Fiscal year 1982 began with a little noted review and approval by the Oklahoma Commission for Human Services of professional accreditation standards for DHS juvenile centers designed to upgrade the program.

It ended with an unprecedented media attack based on accusations of mistreatment and mismanagement by a few juveniles, former employees and a handful of media people.

Beginning in February, almost daily television and press assaults generated numerous state and federal investigations. Not one of these has yet produced evidence of widespread institutional child abuse or other practices as charged.

The constant barrage of slurs and staged scenes paraded before the public magnified every policy initiative, every action and every innocent mistake by DHS employees, diverting attention from the urgent daily tasks of treating thousands of children in both community and institutional programs, public and private.

The months of criticism and ambiguous charges undermined and demoralized both employees and children. Director of Human Services Lloyd E. Rader announced his retirement to be effective Dec. 31, 1982.

The Commission Chairman Reginald D. Barnes declared, "Nothing can erase the achievements of Lloyd Rader."

The achievements went largely untold. The significant stories are relegated to this little known annual report.

★In 1982, 235,000 needy Oklahomans received medical care provided by more than 12,000 vendors, primarily physicians, dentists, pharmacists, hospitals, nursing homes and other community health care providers throughout the state.

Medicaid program expenditures were $409.45 million, an increase of about 20% over 1981. Cost cutting measures in the current program may be necessary for fiscal year 1983, and the Medical Advisory Committee indicated that selective cuts would be recommended while maintaining quality care.

The notable achievement of this program is that the health of needy Oklahomans, the elderly, disabled and single parents and their children, has been substantially improved by medical care funded by Medicaid. Oklahoma was one of the first states to implement the program in 1966.

National Center for Health Statistics data indicate that prior to Medicaid's existence, elderly and poor people received substantially less health care than their middle-class counterparts. By the 1970s, however, there were improvements in life expectancy, decreases in deaths from diseases in which medical care is clearly life-saving and improved infant survival.

★The developmental programs of the three schools for the mentally retarded are closely allied to Medicaid. The schools maintain standards as intermediate care facilities for mentally retarded and are certified by the Health Care Financing Administration for Medicaid payments.

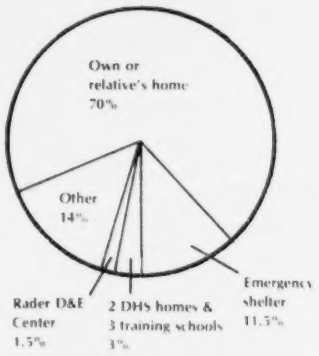
Medicaid payments earned in 1982 were about $20 million, over 50% of the total $38.5 million expenditures for the 1,650 residents of the three schools.

The significant achievement in these schools is the change from custodial institutions for all ages to developmental programs for mentally retarded children, primarily at low moderate to severe functioning levels, who most need and can profit from special education and training.

Once forgotten and relegated to "back wards," these children are receiving vastly improved training that enables many to achieve levels of self-help once limited to a very few who could afford intensive private care.

Court, Community & Institutional Services*

% by type of service



45,000 children in 1982

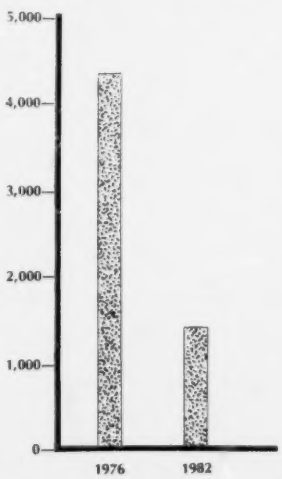
*Includes Youth Service Centers & Shelters

★In 1962, about 2,000 children under 16 years were residents in the state homes and training schools, and about 5,000 children were in Child Welfare Services.

In 1982, 1,350 children under 18 years were in the state homes and

Residents at DHS schools & homes

1976 and 1982 totals



training schools, and almost 60,000 children were served by Child Welfare Services, Court Related and Community Services, Youth Service Centers and Emergency Shelters and other public and private child care agencies and institutions.

The 1,350 children in state homes and schools were the ones who could not be served by the network of community based services.

Expenditures in 1962 for combined child welfare and institutional services were about $3 million. Expenditures in 1982 for combined child welfare and court, community and institutional services were about $68 million.

Twenty years of significant achievements include:

- a basic change of eight run-down custodial institutions to active education, treatment and rehabilitation programs;
- the 1969 Children's Code with due process for juveniles, alternatives to institutional placement and other far reaching changes;
- the Oklahoma Council on Juvenile Delinquency and a decade of planning and developing community services and publishing "Youth in Trouble" recommendations in 1972 and 1982;
- support and funding of Youth Service Centers and Emergency Shelters beginning in 1970;
- a children's diagnostic and evaluation center established;
- a statewide system of investigating reports of child abuse;
- juvenile age of boys raised to 18;
- increased cooperation with the Oklahoma Association of Children's Institutions and Agencies;
- statewide intake, probation and parole services by Court Related and Community Services under State Supreme Court guidelines;
- expansion of Child Welfare emergency shelters in Tulsa and Oklahoma City;
- the gradual development of public and private group homes.

★The education of future Oklahoma physicians and health care professionals and the treatment of Oklahomans with complex medical problems improved and advanced with the operation of the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals under DHS.

The phenomenal development of the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals began with the rescue in 1973 of a financially neglected and declining children's hospital built in 1928.

Faced with the possible loss of a children's hospital and the downgrading of training for pediatricians and of complex medical care for children, the Legislature transferred Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital to DHS. A crisis was averted.

The old hospital was rebuilt, modernized and expanded into one of the nation's outstanding and largest children's hospitals.

By 1980, the difficulties of the University Hospital Board of Trustees became emergencies as accreditations and certifications were questioned. The Board was unable to fund necessary improvements to meet fire and safety standards in the "Old Main" facilities first built in 1918, or to fully complete and equip the new Everett Tower, built in 1970.

The University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center, long neglected by an inadequate system of funding, faltered. University construction provided basic classroom, laboratory and library space, but a teaching hospital for adult patients was crucial for medical education and research.

Having built an outstanding children's hospital and still receiving record sales tax and federal funding, DHS was again assigned another transfer, the University Hospital, by the 1980 Legislature and Governor George Nigh.

The DHS role was clear: meet accreditation and certification standards, upgrade facilities to improve medical education and patient care and equipment and staff as required.

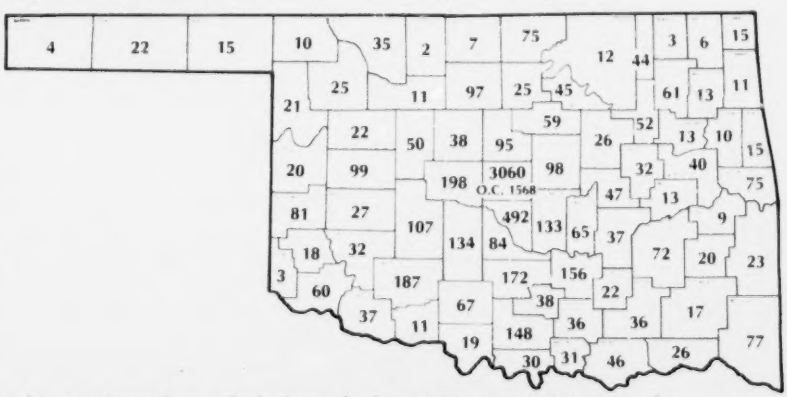
Two years after the transfer, construction and remodeling are more than 90% completed. Both inpatient and outpatient care continued without interruption, even with an increase in outpatients. Another outstanding teaching hospital is a certainty.

The expanding role of renabilitation was augmented in 1981 with the opening of Don H. O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute, one of the most advanced and fully equipped rehabilitation treatment centers in Oklahoma. Administered as one of the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals, the Institute delivers inpatient and outpatient medical and rehabilitative services to physically disabled children and adults.

A unique interdisciplinary program in developmental pediatrics offers diagnosis and therapy for children with developmental, neurological and learning problems at the Child Study Center.

In addition to ground transport, the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals

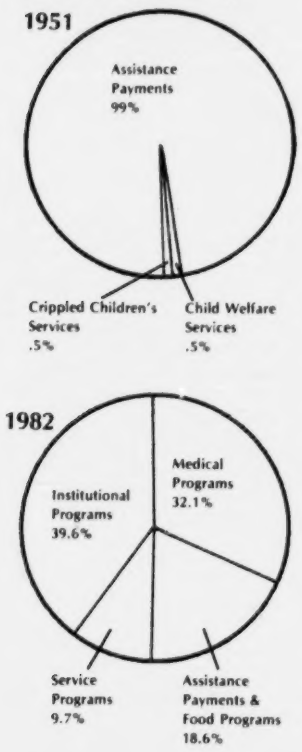
Inpatient Admissions to OCMH By County



Of 8,940 inpatient admissions during 1982, over 80% were from outside Oklahoma City including over 500 from out-of-state.

Sales Tax Expenditures

% by type of program



operates Medi Flight Oklahoma, an emergency medical air transport service for seriously ill or injured patients in a radius of about 150 miles. Helipads were built near the Emergency Medicine and Trauma Center at the adult hospital and on the roof of the children's hospital near the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit and the children's burn center.

The University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center was rejuvenated by the administrative expertise and available funding of the Department of Human Services. The development of Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals is among the historically significant achievements of the mid 20th century in Oklahoma.

With the continued efforts of the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals and the services of all Oklahoma physicians and hospitals under the Medicaid program, the health of Oklahomans will be measurably improved.

★Though expenditures for DHS programs reached a record level, $1.049 billion in fiscal 1982, more than half were spent for the purchase of services from community providers and agencies, providing thousands of jobs for Oklahomans.

In the Medicaid program which had a 20% increase over 1981, $395 million was paid to more than 12,000 physicians, dentists, pharmacists, hospitals, nursing homes and other providers statewide.

Social services, with almost a 5% decrease in federal funds and a 4% increase in state funds, had $18.4 million paid to community providers, from a total of $49.7 million expended in 1982.

Vocational rehabilitation expenditures totalled $28.45 million of which more than 54% was paid to community providers.

From $15.85 million spent for special aging services, $13.1 million went direct to various area agencies, meal programs and senior centers.

Sizeable percentages of expenditures in other programs, Child Welfare Services, Child Support Enforcement, AFDC and Energy Assistance, and a small part for equipment and supplies in all programs went direct to community suppliers.

One small but unusual source of funding to community "providers" consisted of almost $200,000 paid by youths in juvenile services as restitution.

★Fiscal 1982 was the last year for earmarked state sales tax funding with a record 28% increase over 1981 plus an appropriation of $23 million. Expenditures of federal funds, however, increased only 3%.

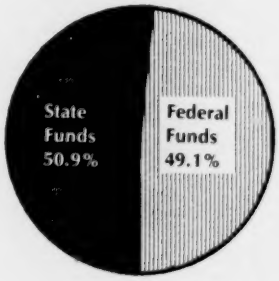
As a result, state funds made up 90% of the annual increase of $161.9 million over 1981.

Expenditures of federal funds decreased $9.25 million in AFDC, $4.8 million in food stamps, $4.8 million in social services and $3.2 million in vocational rehabilitation.

The year 1982 was the first since 1945 that expenditures of state funds exceeded federal funds, and this appears to be the trend for the future.

1982 Expenditures

% by source



from a "country" welfare director

To a State and National Leader

The fiscal year 1982 marked the Department's last full year under the direction of Lloyd E. Rader, whose retirement becomes effective Dec. 31. He is the eighth director to serve since the agency began operations in 1936. His tenure, starting Nov. 15, 1951, spans more than two-thirds of the agency's history.

During that time, Oklahoma has been in the forefront of programs that reshaped the structure of public welfare in the United States; Lloyd Rader, as Oklahoma welfare director, was instrumental in helping bring those changes about.

Landmark legislation of the 1950s and 1960s bears his imprint. Because of a close working relationship with Oklahoma's Washington delegation and congressional committees, he was present in many instances at the actual drafting of new welfare programs and amendments.

Using sales tax revenue as seed money, he obtained maximum federal matching to build programs that became models for other states. Under his direction, Oklahoma pioneered own-home care for the elderly. Preventive health care became a reality for children in low-income families. Welfare clients got job training along with their cash grants.

Mr. Rader used sales tax revenue to relieve overburdened state programs; nursing home care relieved overcrowding in state mental hospitals and schools for the retarded, making room for residents who could profit from treatment programs. Medicaid standards were used to enforce acceptable levels of care in nursing homes which received Title XIX monies.

State children's institutions—overcrowded, dilapidated and dangerous when they were transferred to the Department—were renovated, rebuilt and changed from custodial care to intensive treatment programs. As legislation and funding permitted, community-based youth service programs were instituted; the institutional census dropped steeply.

Two state teaching hospitals were similarly overcrowded, understaffed and badly deteriorated when they were transferred: Children's Hospital faced certain loss of accreditation, and rebuilding at Oklahoma Memorial Hospital was stalled for lack of funds. Money and expertise turned the program around.

Under Lloyd Rader's direction, the Department has evolved into an umbrella agency, sheltering a broad range of related programs for people who are in need or in trouble. Scope of the programs is reflected in the following list of major legislation enacted during his 31-year tenure as director:

Legislation 1951 to 1982

1951—Aid to the Disabled (HB 451); Old Age Survivors and Disability Insurance collection for state and political subdivisions (HB 64);
1953—Children's Agency Licensing Act (SB 338); Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act (HB 971);
1955—Vocational Rehabilitation funded by $175,000 from sales tax (HJR 522);
1957—General Assistance and Commodity Distribution (HB 530); Medical Care Program (SCR 17);
1959—Crippled Children's Program (SB 20);
1960—Medical Assistance to the Aged (Atty. Gen. Opinion 10-18-60);
1961—Two state homes for dependent and neglected children, four correctional schools for children (SB 316, HB 883 and 884);
1962—Cuban Refugee Program (PL 87-510);
1963—Three schools for the mentally retarded, $4 million to State Department of Mental Health (HB 789);
1965—School for the Blind, School for the Deaf (SB 474); Work and Training (HB 870); Special Unit on Aging, Older Americans Act (PL 89-73); Child Abuse Reporting Law (SB 18);
1966—Medical care program expanded to include needy of all ages (HB 566);
1967—Department of Corrections funded by $500,000 (HB 566); Charities and Corrections funded by $175,000 (HB 921);
1968—Vocational Rehabilitation (SB 639);
1969—Oklahoma Children's Code; Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped (HB 1103);
1970—Oklahoma Children's Center South Campus, formerly Taft State Mental Hospital (SB 455); Developmental Disabilities Act (PL 91-517);
1972—Food Stamp Program (HB 1403); Lloyd E. Rader Children's Diagnostic and Evaluation Center (SB 374); Eastern Oklahoma Tuberculosis Sanatorium funded by $90,000; Oklahoma General Hospital funded by $356,000 (HB 1568);
1973—Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital (SB 316, HCR 1062, SCR 89);
1974—Enlargement of Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital to provide general and specialized care for persons under 21 years (SB 694);
1975—Vendor Drug Program (SJR 9); statewide juvenile justice and delinquency prevention service (SJR 13); Title IV-D child support enforcement (PL 93-647); Indochinese refugee resettlement and aid program (PL 94-23, PL 94-24); Title XX Social Services (PL 93-647); Work Experience (HCR 1010); Individual or Family Grant Disaster Assistance Program (HB 1121); Statewide funding to areawide agencies on aging for support services to Senior Oklahomans (HB 1587);
1976—Statewide funding for community youth service centers (SJR 56); authorized kidney transplant services at Oklahoma Children's

Memorial Hospital for persons over 21 (SJR 58);

1977—Protective Services for the Elderly (SB 309); Incentive payments to adoptive parents of hard-to-place children (SB 336); Administrative procedures to establish child support obligations (SB 348); Workers Compensation Court referrals to the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation (HB 1228); SSI Disabled Children's Program (PL 94-566);

1978—Inspection, certification and advocacy responsibilities for eleemosynary institutions and organizations (HB 1478); Food Stamp Act of 1977 (PL 95-113); Ombudsman services for Older Oklahomans (PL 95-478);

1979—Vendor Drug Program expanded for all categories (HJR 1017).

1980—University Hospital transferred, renamed Oklahoma Memorial Hospital (HB 1713); Financing and construction of sheltered workshop pilot projects for mentally retarded and developmentally disabled (HJR 1068); Interpreter services for deaf and hearing impaired (SB 503); Energy Crisis Assistance Program (Section 202, Federal Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 and PL 96-126); Emergency utility assistance (HJR 1052); Low-Income Energy Assistance Program (PL 96-223); Additional name: Department and Director of Human Services and Commission for Human Services, for Department of Public Welfare, its Commission and Director (SJR 46).

1981—Exempted certain prescription drugs from the state sales tax (HB 1001); Appropriated $23 million to assure continuation of current level of services (SB 357); Created the Human Services Fund into which sales tax will be paid and from which the Legislature will appropriate funds effective July 1, 1982; Re-earmarked 3.5% of sales tax for DHS programs effective with passage (HB 1218); Local Foster Care Review Act requiring DHS to track all deprived children removed from their parents by court order, whether in custody of DHS or other agencies, to assure the periodic review of the child's placement by local boards and the courts (HB 1231); Made DHS subject to the Budget Act with limitations on intradepartmental fund transfers (HB 1234); Oklahoma Children's Center, South Campus, Taft, was transferred to the Department of Corrections (Executive Order).

1982—Appropriated $490,981,530 to the Department of Human Services from Human Services Fund. Limits total expenditures from all funds to $1,128,260,632. Authorizes 14,600 full-time employees (HB 1654).

Clarified state policies on Federal Indian Child Welfare Act, authorized DHS director to enter into agreements with Indian tribes regarding child care and custody and to recognize tribally-approved or licensed foster homes. (HB 1922).

Mandated extensive revision of Oklahoma Children's Code. Created Oklahoma Commission on Children and Youth and Oklahoma Council on Juvenile Justice. Calls for a diversity of placement alternatives for children. Sets new standards. (HB 1468).

Authorized transfer of Helena State School facility to the Department of Corrections. (SB 560).

Directors of Public Welfare/Human Services 1936-1982

Raymond Thomas
7-6-36 to 8-15-36

Harve Melton
8-15-36 to 10-9-37

Harvey Denton
10-20-37 to 1-31-39

J. Fred Spear
2-1-39 to 2-23-39

Jess B. Harper
2-23-39 to 7-31-47

Jeff D. Griffin
8-1-47 to 6-30-48

Virgil L. Stokes
7-1-48 to 11-14-51

Lloyd E. Rader
11-15-51 to 12-31-82

Expenditures on legislative transfers

Funds to Crippled Children's Services — 1951

Funds to Crippled Children's Services — 1953

Funds to Vocational Rehabilitation — 1955

From Emergency Relief Board:
General Assistance & Commodity Distribution — 1957

From Commission for Crippled Children:
Crippled Children's Services — 1959

From Board of Public Affairs:
2 children's homes & 4 training schools — 1961

Funds to Mental Health Department
From Mental Health Department:
3 schools for mentally retarded — 1963

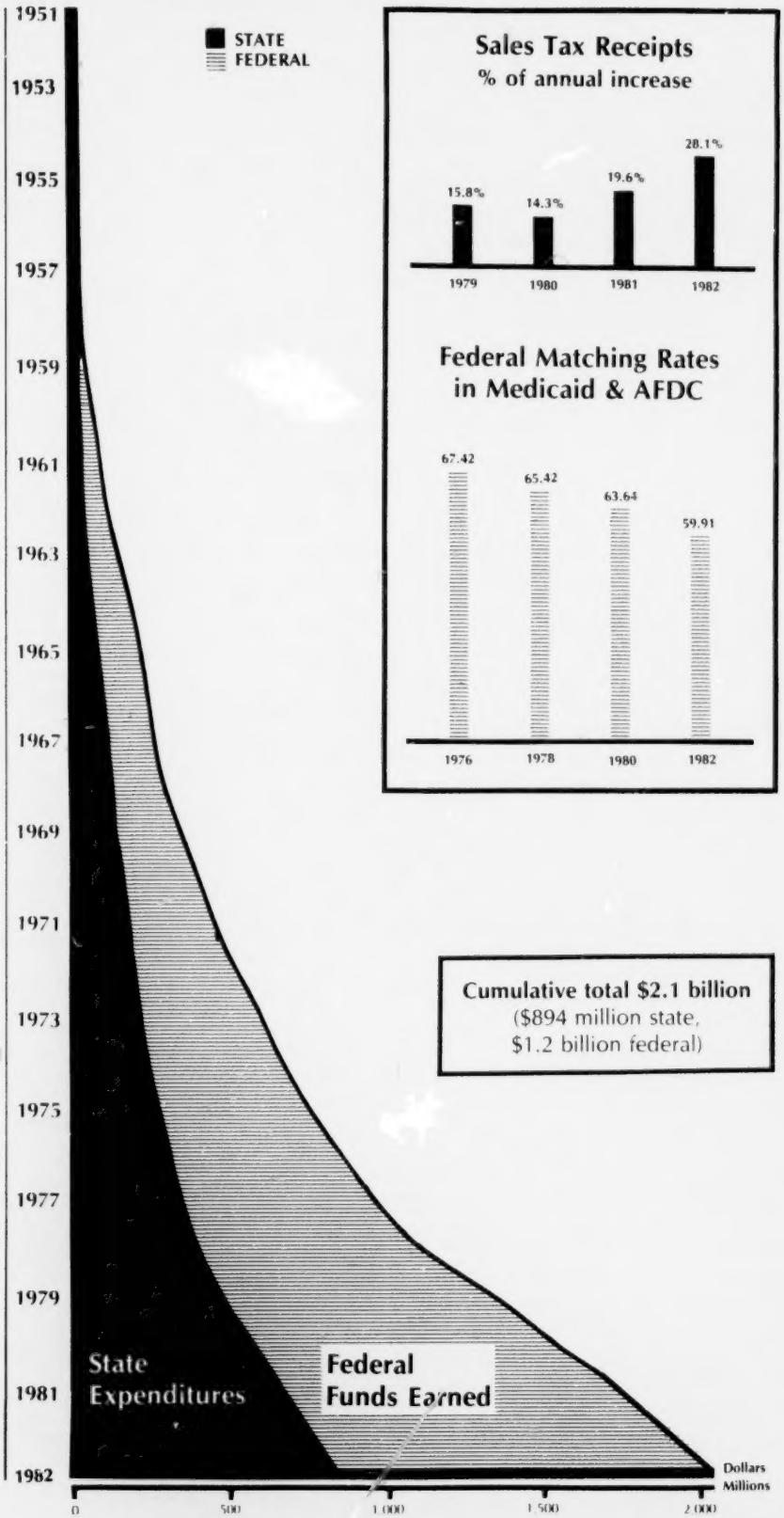
From Education Department:
2 schools for blind & deaf children — 1965

Funds to Corrections Department &
Div. of Charities & Corrections
From Education Department:
Vocational Rehabilitation
From Libraries Department:
Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped — 1967 / 1969

Funds to Health Department
From Mental Health Department:
Taft Mental Hospital
Food Stamp Program
Rader Children's Diagnostic, Evaluation & Treatment Center
From OU Board of Regents:
Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital
Child Study Center
OCMH Expansion — 1971 / 1973 / 1975 / 1977

From OU Board of Regents:
Parking Structures & Bond Debt — 1979

From University Hospital Board of Trustees:
Oklahoma Memorial Hospital — 1981 / 1982



Cumulative total $2.1 billion
($894 million state,
$1.2 billion federal)

Assistance Payments and Food Programs

Until about 1957, the Department of Human Services was generally limited to programs of public assistance and child welfare. The agency relied heavily upon the federal matching funds authorized by the Social Security Act of 1935. Public aid began as "relief" for some of the destitute victims of the Great Depression. The first grants were $5 per month and went to 37,000 elderly persons in the fall of 1936. The term "direct grant" means that money is given to eligible recipients in the form of a warrant redeemable for cash. It is not an earned benefit or annuity, it is not paid to a third party such as a medical vendor, and it is not food commodities or food stamp coupons.

DHS has far surpassed its original function of direct grant programs. The grant total is a small fraction of the $1.05 billion spent in fiscal 1982 and is exceeded by payments to intermediate care facilities, or nursing homes. If an unduplicated count were made of all persons who benefit from DHS programs, from Social Security documentation and school lunch programs to vocational rehabilitation, schools for the retarded and areawide planning for the elderly, more than 900,000 Oklahomans likely would be represented. Such a count would include public assistance recipients, juveniles and youth in DHS custody, non-grant petitioners for child support enforcement, those receiving social services without regard to income, non-grant Medicaid recipients, non-grant food stamp recipients, applicants for Disability Insurance benefits and patients at the State of Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals.

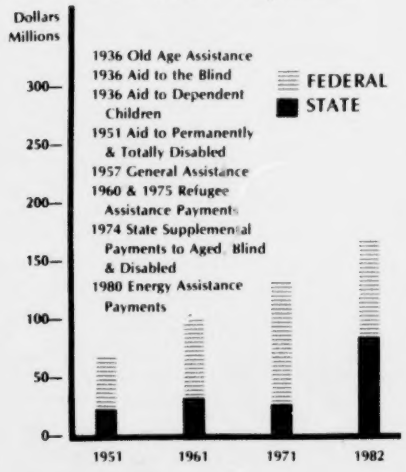
Indirect beneficiaries could be added to this group. There would be the families of vocational rehabilitation clients, the children of non-AFDC caretakers for whom child support was obtained and the dependents of workers for whom OASI contracts have been negotiated, processed and maintained by DHS. By conservative estimate, a million Oklahomans—one-third of the state's population—likely have benefited directly or indirectly from DHS.

When a person applies at a DHS county office for welfare grants, food stamps, or Medicaid benefits, the application is processed by the Division of Payments/Services. There is a county office in each county. The client must meet all conditions of eligibility, as set forth by the Oklahoma Commission for Human Services. Those conditions comply with federal guidelines and are verified by field investigations. Recurring field reviews are made if the client continues to receive benefits. Proof of the state's low error rates in these programs rests in quality assurance reviews by state office staff and federal reviewers: only some $3.90 per $100 issued in AFDC is in error, and only $3.09 in Medicaid payments is in error. These rates are among the lowest anywhere. DHS makes no grant based solely upon a client's claim of being needy.

The Division routinely uses other DHS divisions and units as resources. Establishment of eligibility is aided by the Medical Evaluation Unit, the Disability Insurance Unit, the Administrative Review Unit, the Psychological Unit, the Appeals Unit, the Division of Child Support Enforcement and the Office of Inspector General.

DHS received 320,264 applications during FY-82 for participation in the various benefit programs, of which 28,051 were for AFDC and 248,212 for food stamps. The Department received 44,234 fewer applications this year than last. There were 260,185 approved and 59,089 denied or cancelled. Included in the case movement were 18,075 AFDC cases opened and 26,273 closed. The most common reasons for closing AFDC cases were employment, children becoming ineligible, benefits and pensions, clients moving to other states or otherwise losing contact with DHS, requests for case closure from the clients themselves, and the policy changes made by PL 97-35.

Assistance Payments



Direct Grant Programs

Direct grants	$129,101,729
ABD state supplementation	41,886,842
AFDC	80,994,660
AFDC foster care	1,990,788
AFDC training expenses	500,898
General assistance	295,225
Refugee assistance	3,433,316

—Fiscal 1982

The DHS direct grant programs earn various rates of federal reimbursement. The Refugee Resettlement Program is totally reimbursed from federal funds. Aid to Families with Dependent Children and its foster home care and emergency grants earn federal reimbursements of $59.91 per $100 of state funds; that rate was $63.64 per $100 through September 30, 1981. The administrative costs of the AFDC programs continue to earn $50 in federal aid per $100 spent from state funds. State supplementation grants to the aged, the blind, and the disabled are in addition to the federal Supplemental Security Income program and earn no federal funds. Eligible clients are also

covered by Medicaid, however, and payments in that program earn the $59.91 rate. General assistance earns no federal matching. The federal money is reimbursed to the state rather than matched to state money. DHS spends state revenues first, then earns its federal share to be distributed to the best overall benefits of the needy. This allocation carries out the intent of various joint resolutions of the legislature.

Assistance Payments

State supplementation and the federal Supplemental Security Income program have overlapping caseloads. In November 1981, SSI grants went to 63,598 recipients in Oklahoma, and an additional 2,361 clients received DHS state supplementation but not SSI, for an unduplicated total of 65,959 persons. Altogether, 55,594 persons received state supplementation. Thus, 53,233 persons were recipients of both programs, and 10,365 received SSI but not state grants. Oklahoma is one of 22 states which have state-administered supplementation, with conditions of eligibility more stringent than those of SSI.

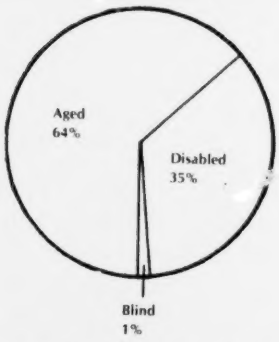
ABD Expenditures:

1982: $42.6 million
Decrease from 1981: $750,000

% of total DHS expenditures: 4%

State Supplementation

% by category



57,800 aged, blind and disabled

Federal financial participation in AFDC is authorized by Title IV-A of the Social Security Act of 1935. Living standards, the total amounts (including AFDC and other income) considered as maximums for eligibility, are set for AFDC families by the OCHS. The Commission last updated those standards effective April 1979. An AFDC family of a mother and two children, for example, is restricted to a standard of $282 per month. If she has income other than AFDC, her grant is reduced from $282 by the amount of that income. Since April 1979, the consumer price index has climbed from 211.5 to 290.6, for 37.4% inflation. (The CPI of 290.6 is for June 1982.) In terms of April 1979 dollars, the AFDC standard for such a family has shrunk to $205 per month.

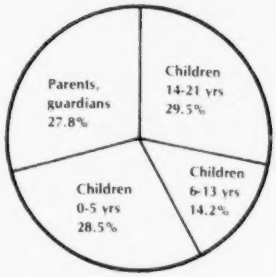
AFDC grants are for the benefit of the children. Most AFDC families are deprived of normal support because a parent is absent from the home and does not contribute toward meeting his children's needs. DHS has many efforts designed to help solve the problem of nonsupport: the Work Experience Program and the Work Incentive Program, vocational rehabilitation, and child support enforcement. DHS policies and programs are designed to help untrained and undereducated parents and to encourage the children to stay in school.

Fiscal 1982 was perhaps the most notable 12-month period in the history of the AFDC caseload movement. The year began with 30,264 families and 88,278 persons receiving AFDC during July 1981 and ended with 22,272 families and 65,330 persons on the rolls during June 1982. Almost 8,000 families (26.4%) and almost 23,000 persons lost their benefits, with net reductions in caseload recorded each month. The 22,272 families who received AFDC in June 1982 represented the smallest caseload since July 1967. Most of the decrease was due to the President's Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, PL 97-35.

PL 97-35 changed conditions for AFDC eligibility in several ways. Cases which had been receiving

Aid to Families with Dependent Children

% by age



85,700 children & 39,600 parents, guardians

grants of less than $10 did not receive a grant but remained eligible for medical benefits. Cases with gross income of more than 150% of budgetary standards were closed. Cases with children 19 years of age or older had those children removed from the budget. Children age 18 are removed from the case unless they are expected to complete high school prior to age 19. Possibly the one feature of PL 97-35 which had the greatest impact on AFDC, however, was the requirement that cases be budgeted retrospectively. For example, AFDC cases in January were required to report any December 1981 income for purposes of adjusting the February grant; if the case failed to respond to notices which DHS mailed, that case was closed effective February 1. Another provision changed the agency's formula for disregarding earned income, which had been an incentive for recipients to get jobs and thus reduce their AFDC grants.

PL 97-35 reduced the resource limit per AFDC case to $1,000, placed a limit on automobile equity of $500, reduced the maximum of work-related expense to $75 and

AFDC Expenditures:

1982: $102.7 million

Federal: 57.6%
Decrease from 1981: $9.25 million

State: 42%
Increase from 1981: $1.1 million

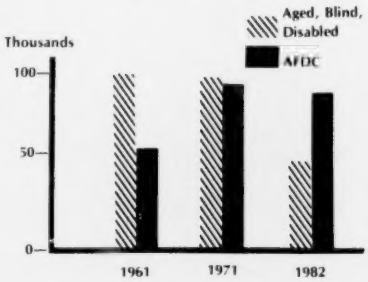
% of total DHS expenditures: 10%

child-care expenses to $160 per child which could be considered against income. It required the consideration of step-parent income, earned income tax credits and cash surrender value of insurance in determining eligibility. The new law required consideration of a sponsor's income and resources for certain aliens whose entry required sponsorship. In October 1981, cases with overpayments became subject to recoupment of 10% of the monthly requirements. Rounding of income to the nearest dollar amount, for food stamp cases and all money payment cases, went into effect in April 1982.

There were other policy and program changes during the year. The Work Demonstration Project, also called the Oklahoma Employment and Training Program, was implemented January 1, 1982, as a single agency administration of the WIN program. Registration for employment and training is a factor of eligibility for AFDC. In August 1981, the Indochinese Refugee Assistance program was replaced by the Refugee Resettlement Program, thereby removing national origin as a consideration in determining eligibility. Effective April 1, policy was changed to limit a refugee's eligibility for assistance payments and medical services to the first 18 months after entry into the United States.

PL 97-35 brought new restrictions on the USDA food stamp program. Outreach was eliminated, as was boarder participation. Restrictions

Assistance Payments Recipients



were placed on striker participation, and earned income deductions were reduced. The first month's coupon allotment was prorated to the number of days in the month covered by application. The definition of the household was made more restrictive, and a gross income standard was imposed for households without elderly or disabled members.

Emergency Welfare

The Emergency Welfare Services Unit is prepared to help DHS county staff if a national disaster or emergency should occur. If the president declares an emergency in Oklahoma, DHS staff members will mobilize to provide housing, fund the repair of owner-occupied houses and the replacement of necessary furnishings, and meet medical needs. This aid is authorized by PL 93-288. Help was given in 19 counties during FY-82.

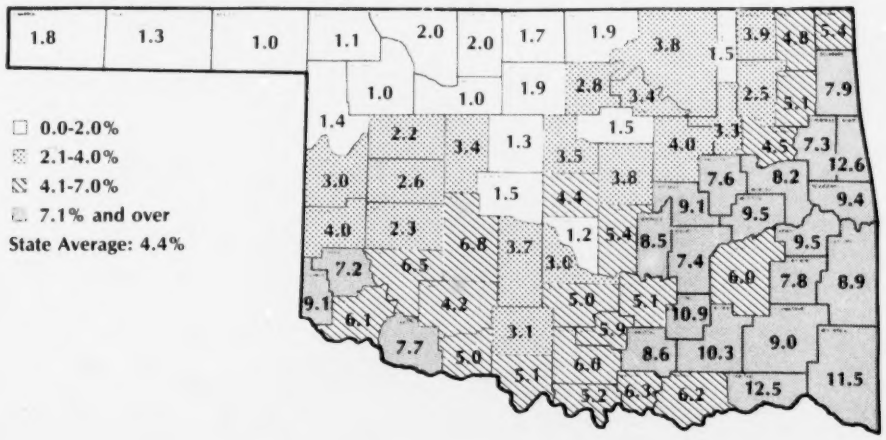
General Assistance

House Bill 539 of the 1957 Legislature assigned both the donated food commodity program and the general assistance program to DHS. General assistance grants and administration receive no federal reimbursement, and recipients are not automatically certified for any other DHS services or benefits. Monthly averages of 389 cases with 1,017 persons received general assistance in FY-82. Grants totaled $295,225 for the year, or an average of $62.55 per case per month.

Energy Assistance

Financial aid for energy costs of low-income households entered its second year in FY-82. DHS provided $12,800,907 this year to help low-income families pay their home heating and cooling bills. For the first time, payments were made in the summer of 1981 to help eligible households to meet the rising costs of cooling-related utility expenses. In December 1981, the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program provided payments for heating costs which were excessive in relation to household income. LIHEAP is a continution of a similar program in FY-81 which had been authorized by PL 96-223.

% of Population Receiving Assistance



Food Stamps and Donated Commodities

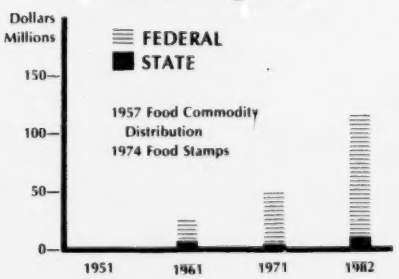
Food Stamps

1974- USDA food stamps replaced the food commodity program for family welfare.
1979- PL 96-166 removed the purchase requirement for stamps and authorized coupon mailout.

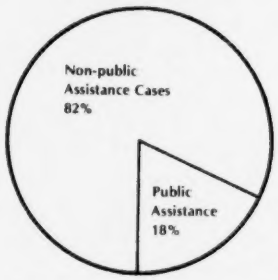
The USDA food stamp program was federally mandated to replace the family welfare commodity program nationwide in 1974. DHS administers the food stamp program in Oklahoma. Oklahoma recipients may elect to have DHS mail them their food stamps monthly or to receive an authorization-to-participate card for subsequent conversion to food stamps. During FY-82, 153,880 households with 430,382 persons received a total of $75,690,753 in stamps. There were decreases from FY-81 of 12,299 households, 29,187 persons, and $5,445,223 in issuance. These net losses may be attributed to more stringent eligibility regulations which lowered the caseload, and to the state's booming oil-oriented economy and low unemployment during most of FY-82 which reduced the number of new applications.

County commissioners pay the administrative costs for food stamp distribution, and DHS pays the costs of determining eligibility. DHS monitors the program through quality assurance reviews, internal audits and management reviews to assure program effectiveness and efficiency.

Food Programs



Food Stamps
% by category



154,000 cases with 430,000 persons

Food Stamp Expenditures

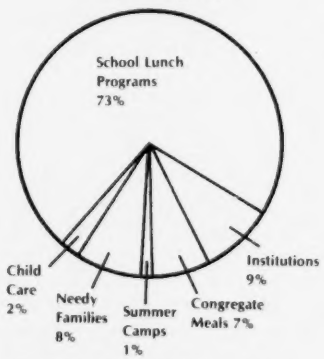
1982: $91.3 million

Federal: 91%
Increase from 1981: $4.8 million

State: 9%
Increase from 1981: $2.5 million

% of total DHS expenditures: 8.7%

Food Commodities
% by category



distributed for 500,000 persons

Food Commodities Expenditures:

1982: $25 million

Federal: 94%
Increase from 1981: $2.8 million

State: 6%
Decrease from 1981: $56,000

Donated Commodities

1957- HB 539 assigned the USDA donated foods program to DHS.
1965- PL 89-73 (The Older Americans Act, Title III) added the nutrition program for the elderly.
1974- Family welfare removed from the scope of the program: see Food Stamps.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture contracts with the Department to provide commodities for distribution to school lunch programs, charitable and correctional institutions, child care programs, summer camps, special feeding programs and nutrition programs for the elderly. USDA ships the commodities to DHS warehouses in Oklahoma City, Tulsa and McAlester for monthly deliveries to all counties. The DHS Food and Nutrition Services Unit administers the donated foods program and the USDA food stamp program.

Donated foods with a total retail value of $23,366,551 were distributed this year, for a 13.8% increase over the value of deliveries in FY-81. Commodities went to 1,939 schools with an average lunch program participation of 371,533 persons, to 386 institutions with 21,328 persons, to 136 child care programs with 9,647 persons, to 189 elderly nutrition programs with 14,071 persons and to 312 summer camps and feeding programs with 41,567 persons. Donated foods distributed to needy families represented the special allocation of 1,066,020 pounds of processed cheese from surplus federal stocks.

Medical Payments Programs

The Department has provided medical care coverage to its clients since 1957. That coverage has undergone numerous changes and now is financed mainly by Medicaid, the Title XIX amendment to the federal Social Security Act. Medicaid services are paid from state funds and earn federal matching funds. Until October 1, 1981, Oklahoma earned $63.64 in federal funds for each $100 of state expenditure; beginning October 1, the repayment rate dropped to $59.91 per $100. The rate for federal matching is computed according to each state's per capita income in relation to the national average, so that poorer states earn high rates of return. No state receives less than $50 in federal funds per $100 spent.

Other components of medical care for the needy are financed by funds for Crippled Children's program, Vocational Rehabilitation medical care, Title XVIII Medicare Part B for DHS clients, and Refugee Assistance medical care. The latter two are reimbursed 100% by federal funds. All persons who receive cash assistance grants from DHS are eligible for Medicaid, as are many who do not receive grants but who qualify for services as medically needy.

Medicaid is the Department's most expensive program. Many adult clients are chronically ill, mentally retarded or disabled; they require costly, ongoing services provided by hospitals and intermediate care facilities (ICFs). The ICF rate in June, as authorized by the Oklahoma Commission for Human Services, was $28 per day of care. Thus, a client in an ICF throughout the month incurred an expense to DHS of $840, more than three times the amount of the average AFDC grant. During June, 17,116 persons had ICF payments made for them, and another 1,803 received ICF care in the agency's three schools for the mentally retarded. Inpatient hospital care cost DHS almost $1,650 per patient during June, up from $1,119 per patient in June 1981. The price of medical care continues to outrun the overall rate of inflation.

Medical assistance has grown in response to public demand for relief from the burden of medical costs. That demand results from several factors: the aging of the population and its need for hospital and long-term care, the depletion of savings to meet costs of care, a decline in purchasing power among those who otherwise would be expected to provide for their infirm relatives, and statewide needs which had been unmet before DHS funding. Examples of the latter include the disrepair and lack of services at state institutions for the mentally retarded prior to DHS takeover, the need to revamp and upgrade Oklahoma

Medicaid Expenditures

1982: $409.4 million

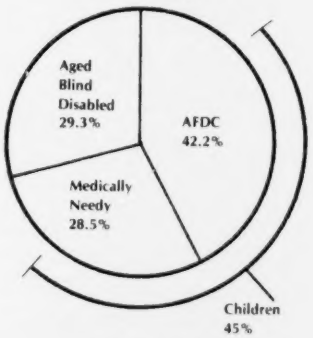
Federal: 58.6%
Increase from 1981: $46.2 million

State: 41.4%
Increase from 1981: $24.1 million

% of total DHS expenditures: 39%

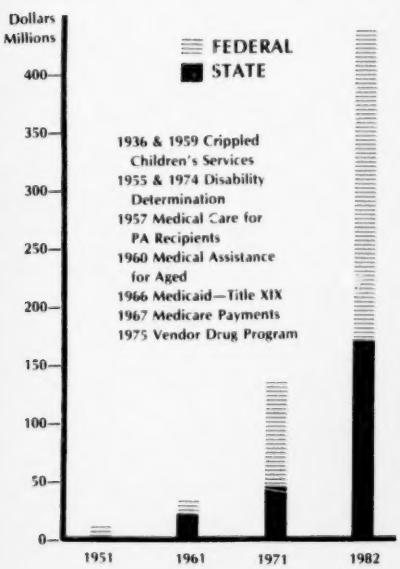
Medicaid Payments

% by category



235,000 recipients

Medical Payments Programs



1957- PL 84-880, first coverage of life-and sight-endangering illnesses.

1959- PL 86-778, first coverage of the medically needy (the Kerr-Mills bill).

1966- PL 89-97, Medicaid and Medicare enacted (1965) and implemented in Oklahoma by HB 566.

1967- DHS became its own carrier for Medicare Part B coverage (physicians' services).

1973- PL 92-603, Medicare extended to most DHS blind and disabled recipients under age 65.

1975- SJR 9, beginning of the vendor drug program to DHS clients covered by Medicaid.

1979- HJR 1017, vendor drug program expanded to include all Medicaid-eligible persons.

Children's Memorial Hospital and Oklahoma Memorial Hospital and the lack of a prescribed drug program for the needy until legislative action in 1975.

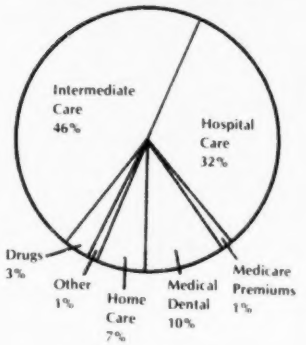
Medicaid covers the following areas of reimbursement: (1) services to eligible persons, (2) Medical insurance premiums for Medicare Part B paid on behalf of eligible clients receiving assistance grants, (3) coinsurance and deductible portions of Medicare claims involving eligible persons for whom DHS pays the Medicare Part B premiums and for categorically needy persons who would be eligible for grants if not living in nursing facilities, and (4) administrative costs of the Medicaid program.

DHS concentrated on surveillance and utilization reviews this year, together with more emphasis on third party liability recoveries. State law now provides for payment to DHS from insurers in reimbursing medical expenses for which the Department is responsible. Persons who file claims for coverage must advise their insurance companies as to whether they have applied for or received DHS medical assistance. Noncompliance is defined as a misdemeanor.

Also newsworthy is what DHS did not do this year: it did not enter into new federal options which allow states to require co-payments by Medicaid recipients and to restrict further the groups of medically needy who are eligible for coverage. DHS has not used any of the options granted by the federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981. Medicaid coverage was the same this year as last, both in scope and in basis for vendor payments. Congress continues to propose various ways to trim Medicaid and Medicare costs, however, and there is some uncertainty of federal funding. Because of rising costs and the lowering of the federal reimbursement rate (from 63.64% to 59.91%), austerity is likely in fiscal 1983.

Since 1967, DHS has been the only state agency Medicare Part B carrier in the nation. Recipients who are both Medicare and Medicaid eligible enjoy the advantage of a program which requires providers to file a single claim for payment under both funds. One result is that the vendor assignment rate is 97.5%, so that very few recipients are responsible for payment or filing a claim. Some 42,000 enrollees benefited from this service in fiscal 1982.

Medicaid Services
% by type of service



by 12,000 vendors

360 Nursing Homes	200 Hospitals
4,000 Physicians,	5,000 NTMC Providers
1,200 Dentists	1,300 Pharmacists

Medical Advisory Committees

For Adults:
Walter E. Brown, M.D., Chairman, Tulsa

L.C. Baxter, Vice-Chairman, Checotah
James Borren, Oklahoma City
Donald L. Brown, Oklahoma City
David Browning, Jr., M.D., Tulsa
Jesse J. Caldwell, Oklahoma City
Clayton Farmer, Sallisaw
Hank Harnish, D.O., Enid
James Henry, Oklahoma City
Don Q. Hewett, D.O., Oklahoma City
Monsignor A.A. Isenbart, Oklahoma City
Joan K. Leavitt, M.D., Oklahoma City
Richard C. Luttrell, Norman
Sen. Ernest D. Martin, Ardmore
Charles Mattox, Sallisaw
Aaron McCaskey, R.N., Enid
John A. McIntyre, M.D., Enid
Lois Reyes, Anadarko
George R. Russell, M.D., Tulsa
Jearl Smart, Wewoka
Rep. Wiley Sparkman, Grove
Richard D. Stansberry, M.D., Oklahoma City
Robert Sukman, M.D., Oklahoma City
Robert Taylor, D.D.S., Okmulgee
W.A. "Tate" Taylor, R.Ph., Oklahoma City
D.C. Volling, D.P.M., Idabel
G. Rainey Williams, M.D., Oklahoma City
James E. Winslow, Jr., M.D., Tulsa
Rudolph J. Wolf, D.O., Skiatook
James A. Young, D.O., Sayre

Ex-Officio Members:
Cleveland Rodgers, Tulsa
James B. Pitts, Jr., M.D., Oklahoma City
David Bickham, Oklahoma City
Orange M. Welborn, M.D., Ada
Joe Bussey, Tecumseh

For Children:
Don H. O'Donoghue, M.D., Chairman, Oklahoma City

Marvin K. Margo, M.D., Oklahoma City
James Harvey, Tulsa
F.L. Reed, D.O., Tulsa
Wendell L. Smith, M.D., Tulsa
R.M. Wadsworth, M.D., Tulsa

Non Technical Medical Care

The Non-Technical Medical Care program began in March 1970 with 3,058 home-care recipients who otherwise would require institutional living arrangements. Since then, the program has grown to 6,885 recipients and a staff of 86 NTMC nurses as of June 30. At a daily payment rate less than half that for intermediate care facilities, DHS manages to save the taxpayers more than $3 million per month by offering this alternative. In addition, NTMC relieves the demand for nursing home space and allows patients the psychological benefits of care at home.

The staff of nurses teach the providers and manage the plans of care. Nurses made 51,404 home visits this year, did patient on-site reviews in 325 nursing homes, prepared 33 nursing assessments for the DHS Medical Evaluation Unit, and assisted with 24 crippled children clinics. A total of 7,972 providers attended in-service class training, and 2,937 providers graduated from the 20-hour basic course of training. The latter instruction was enhanced this year by an audiovisual presentation developed by the Department.

Crippled Children's Services

Crippled Children's Assistance covers some medical services to needy persons. Generally, either the services or the persons are not included under Medicaid. DHS does not ordinarily use the Crippled Children Fund to pay for services allowed under Medicaid. Because of a lower federal reimbursement rate, that Fund is used mainly for auxiliary services. State law requires that DHS maintain an adequate cash flow to administer the program. An Attorney General's opinion has stated that county crippled children funds are unconstitutional.

In determining eligibility, DHS uses the broad legislative directive to serve children who are crippled, who have conditions leading to crippling, or who are otherwise handicapped. The conditions must be amenable to treatment. Family income and resources necessary for a reasonable standard of living are not considered in the determination of need. DHS considers the family size, income, resources, debts, and other family health problems—as well as the child's diagnosis and the estimated length and cost of treatment.

Care is not limited to orthopedic disorders. Payments commonly are for care of respiratory and digestive ailments, dental problems, and congenital malformations. Most typical are dentists' and physicians' services, appliances and prostheses, medications, and services by intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded. There are somewhat fewer cases of fractures, burns, and diseases of infancy. Less than 50% of the children are from metropolitan counties, although Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital, Oklahoma City, is the focal center for the program. Race and sex distributions reflect the overall population of Oklahoma youth.

The Crippled Children Unit again sponsored various clinics this year. There were orthopedic clinics in Muskogee and Lawton, with 290 examinations given to 208 children. Pediatric cardiology and rheumatic fever clinics were held in Muskogee and Sallisaw, with 94 examinations for 75 children. Altogether, 128 of the children at the orthopedic and rheumatic fever clinics were first-time visitors. There were 99 new orthopedic patients and 29 new cardiology and rheumatic fever patients.

1917- First legislation in Oklahoma for statewide care of crippled children.

1923- Courts directed to determine applicants' financial need for the program.

1927- Age limit for the program raised from 18 to 21 years, with various hospitals approved as providers.

1935- Enactment of a law creating the Oklahoma Commission for Crippled Children.

1936- The Oklahoma Social Security Act, with 0.5% earmarked from state sales tax revenues for the program. The rate later raised to 1%.

1959- SB 20 abolished the Commission and assigned the program to DHS, with a minimum of $1.25 million per year specified.

Medicare Payments

DHS acts as its own carrier for Medicare Part B insurance coverage, an arrangement that is unique among the states. DHS processed and paid Part B claims for persons who were eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. Part B payments are fully reimbursed by federal funds and include physicians' services, ambulance services, rental and purchase of durable medical equipment, and other non-institutional services.

Disability Insurance

The Disability Insurance Unit began in 1955, as authorized by the 1954 amendments to the federal Social Security Act. It adjudicates all Oklahoma applicants for Social Security Disability Insurance benefits and for Supplemental Security Income. The Unit documents each claimant's medical evidence and arranges its own medical examinations. Determinations conform to federal disability evaluation criteria, including medical and vocational factors. An unsuccessful client may appeal for reconsideration or a hearing, or else take court action. The Unit makes ongoing reviews to assure that no benefits are awarded to ineligible clients and conducts its own pre-decision quality assurance sampling. The Social Security Administration makes sample post-decision quality reviews as well. The Unit routinely refers its clients to the DHS Division of Vocational Rehabilitation.

A tie-in to the SSA computer enables the Unit to speed notices of approval or denial of benefits and, in some cases, to start payment procedures. The Unit processed 35,085 claims in fiscal 1982, with all costs reimbursed from federal funds. The 1980 amendments to the Social Security Act (PL 96-265) set minimum standards for accuracy and processing time. These standards have necessitated considerable growth in the Unit's size and complexity.

Community Services and Institutional Programs

Community services programs are offered statewide through the offices of Payments and Services for adults and families, Child Welfare Services, Court Related and Community Services and Rehabilitative and Visual Services.

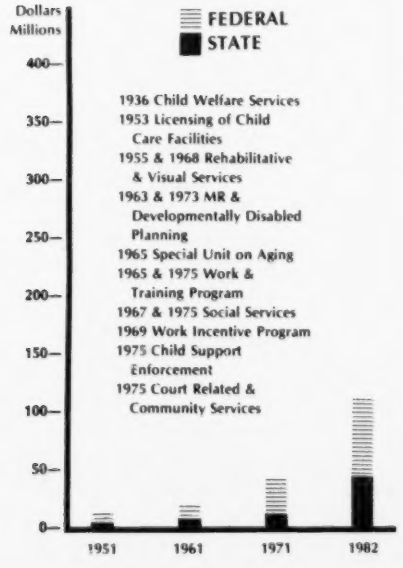
These are the local offices where most DHS clients apply or are referred, beginning the continuum of services which allows most clients to remain in their own home.

Help is offered those who are temporarily or permanently in need or in trouble, and every effort is made to use home and community resources. When these are exhausted, regional or state resources may be offered. These include the schools for mentally retarded, deaf or blind children, the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals and the juvenile centers for diagnosis and evaluation, residential treatment and youth corrections.

Other community services include senior citizen centers, Area Agencies on Aging, work activity centers and special services for the mentally retarded and developmentally disabled, youth service centers, emergency shelters, private children's residential centers and Medicaid providers.

More than $500 million, over half of all DHS expenditures, is for services purchased from community providers and agencies.

Community Services



Services to Adults and Families

The Division of Services to Adults and Families administers programs to aid the development of its clients and to prevent neglect, abuse or exploitation. Activities are either shared with the client or provided in his behalf. Program scope includes family life services, day care, employment and training, health-related services, monitoring and staff training.

Family Life Services

Family life services are designed to improve clients' social functioning, to prevent family breakdown, and, if feasible, to provide alternatives to long-term confinement. To these ends the Division of Services to Adults and Families arranges education, day care, home maintenance services, housing and medical referrals, volunteer services, summer recreation programs, foster care with parental consent, services to unmarried parents, adult protection, money management, counseling, information and referral and services to refugees. Child day care is intended to minimize abuse and neglect at home and to enable parents to join in therapy or other beneficial activities.

Family life may be helped in various other ways. Under terms of the 1977 Protective Services for the Elderly Act, as amended, DSAF helped 1,006 adults with problems of health care, housekeeping, social adjustment and legal matters. They included 736 persons 65 or older. Staff made legal intervention for 52 of the latter, including involuntary protection for 19 clients. There were 143 clients approved for home maintenance services such as housekeeping, food purchases and preparation, and personal care. To qualify, the client must be an ambulatory public assistance recipient. Volunteers help by taking children on field trips, visiting shut-ins, providing transportation and tutoring. A monthly average of 100 volunteers spent an average of 1,343 hours each month in FY-82.

The Refugee Act of 1980 (PL 96-212) requires that sufficient funds be made available to provide refugees with employment training and placement leading to their self-support "as quickly as possible." Such services have required a combination of DHS and community resources, together with specialized contractual services. All DHS programs are available to refugees on the same basis as for other state residents. Community resources are geared to successful adaption to America and to self-sufficiency. Contractual services included the teaching of English and the placing of some 500 refugees in employment during FY-82. These services receive full federal reimbursement.

1982 expenditures for Services for Adults and Families include:

Social services: $8.6 million
WIN/CWEP: $2.4 million
AFDC training: $594,000
SSI-Disabled children: $179,000

Adult & Family Services

% by type of service

90,000 persons in 1982

[1] Primarily child health screening & disabled children services.
[2] Primarily protective services for the elderly, home maintenance services, and social casework services.

Day Care Services

Day care services are available to eligible children and adults. DSAF arranges for care, certifies need and audits vendor compliance. Child day care may strengthen family life when a parent is in school or working. DSAF first determines whether relatives are available to give free care. DHS paid some $13 million in FY-82 for child day care, and in June 1982 such payments represented some 11,500 children.

Adult day care is provided if the client requires it for health, restoration or social needs and if the provider center has a Title XX contract and meets minimum DHS standards. The service plan must justify the need for care and state what benefits may reasonably be expected. Adult care is often better for the client than confinement in a long-term care facility. DHS this year paid $195,400 for adult day care. The caseload on June 30 totaled 900 adults.

Employment and Training

Employment and training programs offer all AFDC clients a chance for employment or work training. The goal of the program is to help the clients become self-supporting and reduce or eliminate dependency. Activities include work registration, referral and placement, evaluations, assessments, counseling, job development, remedial medical services and whatever else is necessary to meet the goal.

These programs became available statewide on January 1, 1982, when DHS began a Work Incentive (WIN) demonstration project and the Community Work Experience Program (CWEP). The latter provided training to some 1,825 registrants in FY-82, with 657,000 man-hours of work and some $2.2 million in wages at the minimum wage rate. CWEP trainees thus helped with various community services during a time of tight budgets. WIN and the WIN demonstration project employed 4,713 registrants during FY-82. Of these, 2,880 secured jobs.

Health Related Services

Health-related services include both child health screening and the federal Supplemental Security Income-Disabled Children's program. Services include mail-out notices of screening and family planning, information and referral, and support. DSAF mailed 33,475 notices this year about screening, made over 53,000 personal contacts and referred 18,102 children. Notices of family planning services went to 76,245 families. The SSI-Disabled Children's program provides social services to severely handicapped children at home. There were 290 children referred to DSAF in FY-82, of whom 243 have been contacted. Altogether, 136 have begun plans of service.

DSAF has a Monitoring and Evaluation Unit to help supervisors validate the delivery of services and verify compliance with state and federal regulations. Unit staff this year made 45 trips to 29 counties and reviewed 1,629 case records.

Social Services Title XX

Title XX of the Social Security Act authorizes federal funding for a broad range of social services directed toward strengthening family relationships and functioning, individual development and self-sufficiency and the protection and well-being of children and adults.

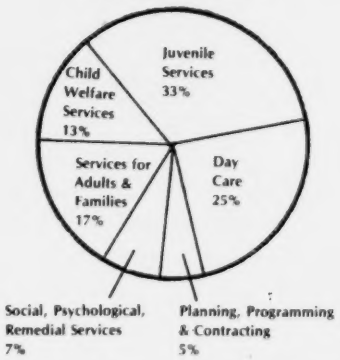
The Title XX Planning and Contracting Unit publishes the annual services plan and manages contracts for the purchase of social services and staff training. The plan is based on input from county committees, public meetings and recommendations from DHS social services staff.

In 1982, Title XX expenditures of $49.7 million paid for social services for more than 100,000 children and adults. Purchased services amounted to 37% of the expenditures, and 63% was for DHS programs of Services for Adults and Families, Child Welfare Services and Juvenile Services.

Services purchased included day care from licensed centers and homes, $12.6 million; and youth services centers and emergency shelters, $3.9 million.

Title XX Expenditures

by type of service


Juvenile Services 33%
Child Welfare Services 13%
Services for Adults & Families 17%
Day Care 25%
Social, Psychological, Remedial Services 7%
Planning, Programming & Contracting 5%

Title XX Expenditures

1982: $49.7 million

Federal: $32.95 million
Decrease from 1981: $4.7 million

State: $16.74 million
Increase from 1981: $3.8 million

% total DHS expenditures: 4.7%

Child Welfare Services

The Division of Child Welfare is responsible for the protection of children. Services are directed toward preventing the need for a child's removal from his home, providing foster care for deprived or abused children removed from their homes by the courts, arranging for alternative permanent homes with relatives or through adoption and assuring that child-care agencies and facilities meet acceptable standards.

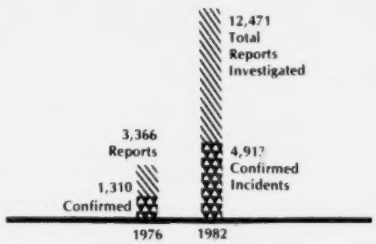
Preventive and Remedial Services

Preventive and remedial services were given to a monthly average of 2,796 children in FY-82. DHS has legal custody or supervision of such children, but they do not live in foster family homes or adoptive homes. Most live at home or with relatives; others are in DHS-operated facilities and medical facilities. The program attempts to preserve and rehabilitate families. Staff members diagnose problem situations, evaluate potentials for harm to children and give counseling and therapy to family members. Workers may arrange for shelter and other emergency care, and they report the family situation and service plan to the courts. DHS has two emergency shelters, in Oklahoma and Tulsa Counties, which cared for 2,008 children this year. There are also two group homes for deprived girls, with a combined capacity of 16. Services to expectant mothers may include arrangements for maternity home care, planning for the baby and, on request, the relinquishment of parental rights.

Child Abuse and Neglect

Child abuse and neglect investigation was assigned to DHS by the 1972 Legislature. DCW investigates all reports of physical, emotional, or sexual mistreatment and neglect of children, and maintains a registry. Of 12,471 reports received in FY-82, 4,913 were confirmed. There were 18 confirmed deaths. DCW sent many of its staff members to workshops this year, including 638 registrations at non-DHS workshops on child welfare,

Child Abuse & Neglect



1,182 registrations at DCW workshops and 28 DCW-sponsored workshops for public and private groups concerning detection of child abuse. Fifteen specialists were trained in sexual abuse investigation. The toll-free number for reporting suspected abuse is 1-800-522-3511.

Foster Family Care

Foster family care averaged 1,405 children per month in FY-82, with 1,111 children first entering foster homes and 1,453 children leaving. Children placed in DHS legal custody or those whose parents have requested voluntary placement are eligible for services. Foster homes offer full-time care in a family environment approved by DHS standards. Foster homes meet the children's needs while DHS staff members work with each child's family to correct the circumstances which led to removal. Most children return to their parents or relatives; those who cannot be reunited with family either are placed for adoption or remain in long-term foster care. The Commission for Human Services doubled the reimbursement rate this year for foster care. The recruitment of foster homes for children of all ages and of all races continues to have priority in DCW.

HB 1231, enacted June 29, 1981, requires DHS to monitor out-of-home care for all children adjudicated "deprived." Foster care review boards, appointed by the district courts, are required to advise the court regarding care and services. DCW develops and approves a placement plan for each child and forwards it to the proper court. At least once each six months the court reviews each child's situation, with DCW staff giving reports and testimony if requested. As of June 30, 1982, the 29 review boards covering all counties had been appointed.

1982 expenditures for Child Welfare Services include:

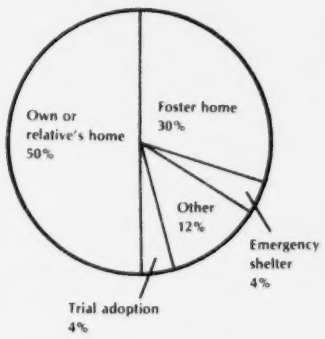
Child Welfare Services: $10.3 million
Social services: $6.4 million
AFDC foster care: $2.5 million
Emergency shelters & group homes: $1.7 million

Adoption Services

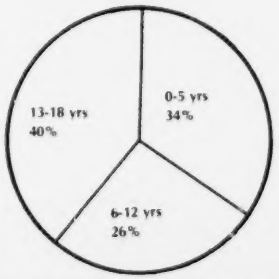
Adoption services staff placed 309 DHS-custody children in adoptive homes during FY-82 and did court-ordered home investigations for 584 other children who were adopted in independent placements. On June 30, there were 625 adoptive applications pending and 983 completed studies awaiting placements.

Child Welfare Services

% by type of care



% by age



4,625 children average monthly in 1982

DCW received 683 adoptive applications during the year. Outreach by television includes "Wednesday's Child" in Oklahoma City, "Waiting Child" in Tulsa and the adoption exchanges. DCW especially tries to recruit homes for blacks, slow children and sibling groups. Medical subsidies are available for physically and emotionally handicapped children. This year's placements included 61 black children, 19 Native American children and 95 children 7 years old or older.

Licensing Services

Licensing services have been performed by DHS since 1963. The Licensing Services Unit inspects and certifies child care facilities which meet minimum standards of care. Facilities include day care homes and centers, emergency shelters, child care institutions, child placement agencies and adoption agencies. The Unit answers questions about care, helps parents find licensed facilities and helps new facilities get started. Staff members conduct training and workshops, hand out materials and give technical advice to providers in order to improve the quality of care. DCW also helps organizations which promote the interests of children.

As of June 30, licensed facilities had a total rated capacity for 52,841 children, including 46,687 children in 1,034 day care centers. Other types included 920 family day care homes approved for 4,600 children, 25 private institutions approved for 1,205 children and 32 emergency shelters approved for 349 children. There were 24 licensed agencies for child placement and 12 certified adoption agencies.

Interstate Compact

The Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children has been administered in Oklahoma since 1974. DCW staff received 1,169 referrals this year and placed 847 children, of whom 438 were placed in state and 409 out of state. Thirty-five of the 847 children went to foster homes, 286 to adoptive homes, 444 to relatives' homes and 82 to group homes and institutions. DHS closed 305 Compact cases and denied 248 requests.

Juvenile Services

The Divisions of Institutions and Court Related and Community Services administer DHS juvenile services. The Divisions coordinate institutional and community-based programs, develop and oversee policies and procedures, and provide special service programs and professional consultation. Consultations involve psychological and social work services, therapeutic and recreation programs and management.

The Divisions also worked with the Oklahoma Council on Juvenile Delinquency, which advised DHS in efforts for statewide juvenile justice and the prevention of delinquency.

Staff members interpret and monitor programs, evaluate training needs and develop training schedules. They take part in training workshops and provide help in training personnel. They negotiate Title XX contracts for information and referrals, community youth services and emergency shelters for children. Contracts are monitored for compliance, services and client eligibility. Staff members also give technical help to the contract centers. DHS contracts with 40 youth service centers and 29 emergency shelters.

The Divisions provide intake, probation, parole, diagnosis, evaluation and treatment, and group homes and institutional services.

1961-SB 316, HB 883, HB 884, transfer to DHS of two state homes for dependent and neglected children, and four correctional schools for children.

1965-SB 474, transfer to DHS of the Oklahoma School for the Blind, Muskogee, and the Oklahoma School for the Deaf, Sulphur.

1968-State question 463 providing for capital improvements at state institutions including $1 million for a new juvenile diagnostic center.

1970-SB 455, transfer to DHS of the Oklahoma Children's Center, South Campus, formerly Taft State Mental Hospital.

1972-SB 374, opening of the Lloyd E. Rader Children's Diagnostic and Evaluation Center, Sand Springs.

1975-SJR 13, statewide juvenile justice and delinquency prevention service.

1976-SJR 56, statewide funding for community youth service centers.

1980-The Oklahoma Children's Center, South Campus, was transferred to Adult Corrections by Executive Order.

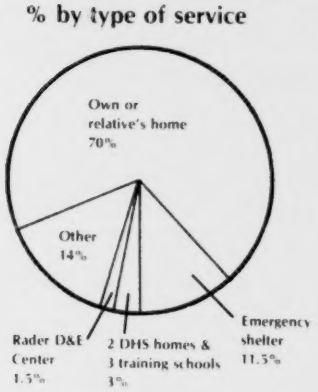
1982-SB 560, transfer of Helena School facilities to adult corrections. HB 1468, major revision of the Children's Code.

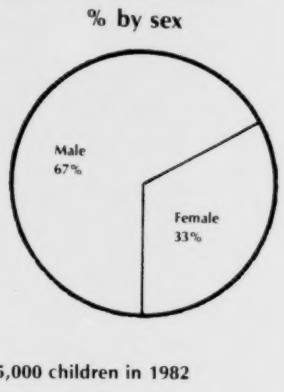
Court Related and Community Services

The Division of Court Related and Community Services contracts with the State Supreme Court to provide statewide court-related services to juveniles. The Division processes referrals in 74 counties for juvenile law violators and for those with specified behavior problems. Oklahoma, Tulsa, and Comanche Counties have juvenile bureaus which conduct their own intake and probation. After preliminary inquiry, the Division recommends to the district attorney's office the most appropriate disposition of each case. Intake begins with referral and ends with either informal action by the district attorney or a formal court adjudication. DHS and community agencies then provide services.

The Division administers both probation and parole. Probation requires staff counseling with the child and family, reporting the probationer's adjustment to the court,

Court, Community & Institutional Services*


% by type of service
Own or relative's home 70%
Other 14%
Rader D&E Center 1.5%
2 DHS homes & 3 training schools 3%
Emergency shelter 11.5%



45,000 children in 1982

*Includes Youth Service Centers & Shelters

and working with the district attorney's office to help non-adjudicated youth. Parole requires that staff members work with the child while in an institution and after release. For several years prior to the contract, DHS provided parole services in most counties. During FY-82 the Division supervised 4,641 probations and 2,075 paroles or community placements. There were 10,172 intake services and 17,462 information referrals.

The Division provides services through four DHS-operated group homes. Three have a capacity of eight youth: a post-institutional home in Tulsa for boys, a pre-institutional home in Lawton for boys, and a post-institutional home in Oklahoma City for girls. The fourth is a pre-institutional facility for six girls in Tulsa. There are three contract group home programs in Oklahoma City and Tulsa with a total capacity of 49 youth. During FY-82, services were delivered to 262 custody youth.

Institutional Services

The various DHS institutions for children and youth have been transferred or authorized by various Oklahoma legislatures over an 11-year period.

The L.E. Rader Children's Diagnostic and Evaluation Center offers residential diagnosis and evaluation services to determine the most suitable placement for a child committed to DHS.

Correctional centers include Oklahoma Children's Center at Taft, the Intensive Treatment Center at Sand Springs and the Boley State School for Boys. The Helena School was closed as a juvenile center and transferred to adult corrections in April 1982.

Residential centers are Whitaker Children's Home at Pryor and the Central Oklahoma Juvenile Treatment Center at Tecumseh.

1982 expenditures for Juvenile Services include:

State homes and schools: $30.75 million
Social services: $16.3 million
% of total DHS expenditures: 4.5%

Council on Juvenile Delinquency

Executive Committee

Hayden H. Donahue, M.D., Chairman, Norman
Hon. Marian P. Opala, Vice Chairman, Oklahoma City
Hon. Glenn Dale Carter, Secretary-Treasurer, Shawnee

Lena Bennett, Tulsa
John Folks, Oklahoma City
Mayme Jackson, Oklahoma City
Thomas S. Kemper, Norman
Michael A. Nomura, Owasso
Theodore S. Baumberger, Ph.D., Administrative Coordinator, Oklahoma City

The 1982 revisions in juvenile legislation dissolved the Council and created the Oklahoma Council on Juvenile Justice under the newly formed Oklahoma Commission on Children and Youth.

Schools for the handicapped are Oklahoma School for the Blind at Muskogee and Oklahoma School for the Deaf at Sulphur. All are residential care facilities, and all children except those at the Muskogee and Sulphur campuses are in legal custody of DHS.

Combined enrollments at the schools and homes on June 30, 1982 totaled 571 children, with 337 in residence and 234 on leave (Table 33). Excluded were 259 children who were enrolled in Schools for the Deaf and the Blind on the last day of classes in May. These handicapped children would bring the total to 830 children enrolled. The former Helena State School for Boys is excluded.

Intake, Probation and Parole Review Board

The Juvenile Intake, Probation and Parole Review Board conducts parole release hearings for juveniles adjudicated delinquent who are in DHS schools or who live in group homes. The Board must ensure due process and conduct parole revocation and administrative transfer hearings. It reviews all client waivers involved in revocation and transfer hearings. There were 777 parole release hearings in FY-82, with 270 juveniles awarded parole or supervised community placement. Board decisions were as follows: 157 of 625 juveniles in correctional facilities were approved for release, as were 75 of 109 juveniles on parole assessment leave from those facilities and 38 of 43 juveniles living in group homes.

Other Board activities this year included the scheduling of 36 parole revocation hearings and six administrative transfer hearings. Of the revocation hearings, 21 were waived by the juveniles and their attorneys, nine were cancelled, and six were completed with six revocations sustained. Of the six administrative transfer hearings scheduled, five resulted in Board approval for transfer, and one withdrew. The Board also reviewed 98 waivers of parole revocation hearings completed by the juveniles and their attorneys as well as 1,335 placement worksheets.

Services for the Mentally Retarded

Schools for the Mentally Retarded

The 1963 Legislature transferred the three state institutions for the mentally retarded to DHS from the Department of Mental Health. The Enid State School serves retarded children from 23 northwestern counties, the Pauls Valley State School serves 35 southern counties, and the Hissom Memorial Center, Sand Springs, serves 19 northeastern counties. The transfer bill directed DHS to use an amount not to exceed $3.75 million per year from the State Assistance Fund to operate the schools, to earn maximum federal funds, to increase and improve services, and to upgrade staff. The amount specified for the schools later was increased.

The three schools are residential centers for the education, care, and treatment of mentally retarded persons. Each provides diagnostic and evaluation services. All three are certified as eligible to earn federal reimbursements as specialized intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded. Long waiting lists for admission have been eliminated, as many adult residents were discharged to families, nursing homes and other community programs.

Programs have been oriented to the school-age child, with the goal of maximum development for each child. Individual plans of care are developed and re-evaluated regularly by both professional staff and parents. Services are comprehensive, and the special education classes are state accredited. Each campus offers the full range of vocational rehabilitation services, from pre-program counseling to off-campus job placement.

The three facilities have had varied histories. Enid State School was established by the 1909 Legislature and has always been used to care for the retarded. It has had its present name since 1947. The Pauls Valley campus was first a correctional training school for juveniles and later a hospital for epileptics before becoming a school for the mentally retarded in 1952. The Hissom Memorial Center was transferred to DHS while under construction and opened in 1964. It is named for Mr. and Mrs. Wiley B. Hissom, who deeded to the State the 226 acres which comprise the campus. The 1959 Legislature appropriated $1 million for construction of the Center.

The schools are affiliated with several Oklahoma colleges and universities. They also participate with colleges in research and grant projects. Educational opportunities for direct care staff are available through in-service training and child-care training classes.

Applications for services to the mentally retarded are made by parents or guardians. Forms may be obtained by writing to the Director of Human Services, P.O. Box 25352, Oklahoma City, Okla. 73125. After the child has been evaluated, the DHS staff make recommendations as to eligibility and admission. The child must have a verified mental age of not more than nine years. Placement at a state school is only one of the services available in the mental retardation program. The client may be eligible after discharge for such other agency services as vocational rehabilitation, financial aid, referral for intermediate care, social services, and Medicaid coverage.

Schools for Mentally Retarded Expenditures:

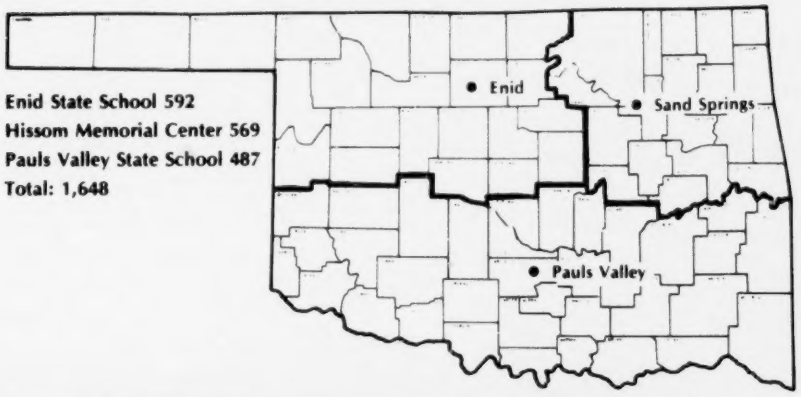
1982: $38.5 million

Increase from 1981: $5.6 million

% of total DHS expenditures: 3.7%

1982 earnings: $20.8 million in Medicaid Intermediate Care for mentally retarded payments.

Schools for the Mentally Retarded



Enid State School 592
Hissom Memorial Center 569
Pauls Valley State School 487
Total: 1,648

More than 1,600 children and young adults, predominantly in low moderate to severe functioning levels, were in residence at the three schools. The average stay for the 120 persons discharged in 1982 was 7 years, 11 months. About 114 were admitted, and over 150 evaluations for services were completed.

Developmental Disabilities Planning

The 1963 Legislature authorized state planning for the retarded so that Oklahoma could qualify for federal grants under PL 88-156 and PL 88-164. Further legislation such as PL 95-602 widened the scope of planning to recognize the developmentally disabled according to their functional limitations. The Developmental Disabilities Planning Council has 36 members appointed by the governor. Program development is underway to implement another group home project for mentally retarded adults.

As a result of statewide planning and programming, 36 projects served three times as many mentally retarded and developmentally disabled persons in 1982 as in 1981; while total local, state and federal

Developmental Disabilities Expenditures:

1982: $803,000

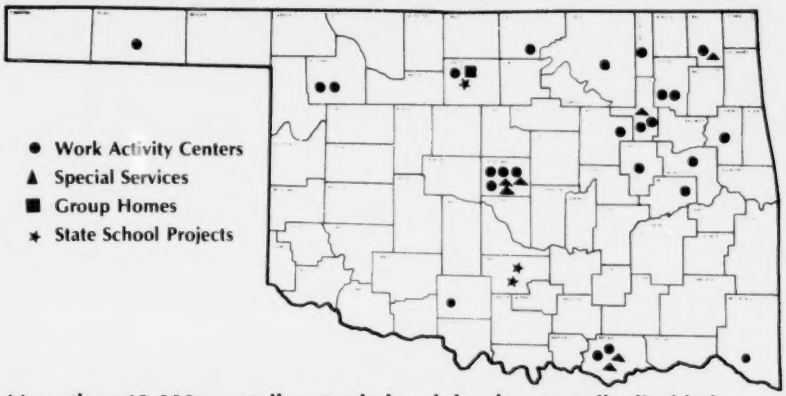
Increase from 1981: 10%

funding increased by less than 10 percent.

A total of more than $1.3 million funded work activity centers, group homes, state school projects and special services, including information and referral, specialized therapies and athletic activities for an estimated 18,022 persons.

Federal monies accounted for $510,771; Oklahoma provided $251,853 and local sources added another $624,046 for a total of almost $1.4 million. The total does not include administrative and planning costs.

Projects for Developmentally Disabled



More than 18,000 mentally retarded and developmentally disabled persons were served in 36 local projects throughout the state in 1982. The increase in the number of persons served from 1981 was about 12,300 or more than 300 percent.

State Planning Council for Developmental Disabilities

Robert Woolsey, Ph.D., Chairman, Oklahoma City
Alta Redmond, Vice Chairman, Oklahoma City

R.F. Ashworth, Jr., Edmond
Nelda Bishop, Oklahoma City
Jack V. Boyd, Oklahoma City
Gregory Collins, Oklahoma City
Nova Cox, Edmond
Victor L. Ellis, Tulsa
Jerrie Enouen, Norman
Lowell E. Green, Oklahoma City
Ronnie Hall, Oklahoma City
Joseph Harl, Oklahoma City
Izora Hawkins, Oklahoma City
Joyce Hennessee, Lawton
Charles Henson, Edmond
Nancy Heuring, Oklahoma City
Woodrow Hogue, Oklahoma City
John Holt, Oklahoma City
Camille (Zink) Hood, Oklahoma City
Billy T. Horton, Edmond,
W. Rudie Janzen, Bartlesville
Bertha M. Levy, M.D., Oklahoma City
Clyde Matthews, Ed.D., Stillwater
Jary S. Mayes, Ph.D., Oklahoma City
James Overfelt, Midwest City
John Philpot, Inola
Virginia Pladziewicz, Ardmore
Jimmie L.V. Prickett, Ed.D., Oklahoma City
Edd Rhoades, M.D., Oklahoma City
Amanda Rognas, Norman
Dennis Simpson, Oklahoma City
Mildred Tapp, Ponca City
Eileen Thigpen, Spencer
Jack Wiley, Oklahoma City
The Rev. Willie Wilson, Altus
Pendleton Woods, Oklahoma City

Rehabilitative and Visual Services

These programs were transferred to DHS July 1, 1968, from the Department of Education (SB 639). The 1968 transfer to DHS assured that the rehabilitation program would have enough state funds to earn all available federal funds. The year's work may be summarized thus:

Caseload	**42,810**
Rehabilitative Services	38,489
Visual Services	4,321
Rehabilitated	**6,918**

—Fiscal 1982

Of those rehabilitated, 1,339 were public welfare recipients who went into gainful employment, and 801 of that group were able to discontinue their assistance grants altogether.

Eligibility for services requires a verified physical or mental disability which handicaps the client from work. There must be a reasonable belief that services will lead to the client's becoming gainfully employed or else functionally independent. Eligibility is not influenced by the client's race, creed, sex or disabling condition.

DHS works with all agencies and organizations which serve handicapped persons. It has a consumer advisory council and numerous cooperative agreements, including those with 60 schools in 35 public school systems. It uses fee payments, technical consultation, and special grant programs. Offices and facilities are located in medical and vocational centers, DHS schools for the deaf and the blind, mental institutions, public and technical schools, schools for the retarded, colleges, various DHS county offices, and elsewhere.

DHS administers the Okmulgee Rehabilitation Center, a comprehensive facility for the severely disabled. There are eight diagnostic and evaluation centers, and a vocational training school at Stringtown offers inmates instruction in 14 trades. Other facilities include the agency's Don H. O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute, the Rehabilitation Medicine Clinic, and the Low-Vision Clinic at the Dean A. McGee Eye Institute, all in Oklahoma City. The agency makes

Rehabilitative & Visual Services Expenditures

1982: $28.5 million

Federal: $13.82 million
Decrease from 1981: $3.2 million

State: $14.63 million
Increase from 1981: $1.7 million

% of total DHS expenditures: 2.7%

much use of halfway houses, a driver training program for the handicapped, amputee clinics, and drug and alcoholism centers.

DHS, the Governor's Office of Handicapped Concerns, and four other state agencies this year cooperated in a statewide program of handicapped needs assessment. A series of public forums was supplemented by a mail survey and by legislative liaison.

Rehabilitative Services

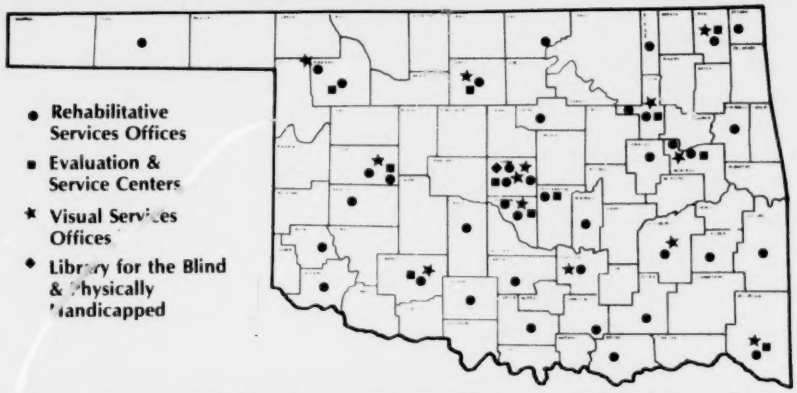
Caseload	**38,489**
Referrals accepted	6,523
Written programs developed	6,340
Rehabilitated	6,196

—Fiscal 1982

The Rehabilitative Services Division serves all physically and mentally handicapped persons except those with visual problems. Goals (besides employment) may include homemaking capabilities or independent living. Services may include medical diagnosis, evaluation, restoration, counseling and guidance, training, selective job placement, and post-hiring follow-up. Other services may include maintenance, transportation, reader services, interpreter aid, and various technological aids and devices. The Division put greater emphasis this year on services to the learning disabled.

The interpreter for the deaf program has been expanded. There were 838 interpreter sessions this year in situations in which the deaf are at a disadvantage without help.

Rehabilitative & Visual Services


Rehabilitative Services Offices
Evaluation & Service Centers
Visual Services Offices
Library for the Blind & Physically Handicapped

There are 74 Rehabilitative Services offices, 9 Evaluation and Service Centers, 16 Visual Services offices and one Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped.

There are special programs for the deaf at East Central Oklahoma State University, Ada, Oklahoma State University Tech, Oklahoma City, and Moore-Norman Vocational Technical School.

A new project with industry has been established in cooperation with the Menninger Foundation, the Brock Foundation, and Holiday Inns. The project is resulting in successful placements in the private sector, in mainstream employment. It involves assessment, job readiness training programs, targeted job tax credits, and comprehensive ongoing support services.

Visual Services

The Visual Services Division provides traditional and unique services to blind or visually impaired clients. Included are rehabilitation teaching, counseling and adjustment services to newly blinded persons. Instruction consists of braille, mobility and orientation, communications, adaptive techniques, activities of daily living, and services geared to other problems such as homemaking.

Caseload	**4,321**
Referrals accepted	828
Written programs developed	803
Rehabilitated	722

—Fiscal 1982

The Division supervises a statewide vending facility program, as authorized by the Randolph-Sheppard Act, with 71 facilities and 108 handicapped employees. Gross income totaled $5.2 million in fiscal

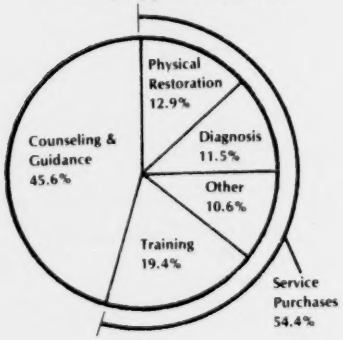
Rehabilitative Services Consumer Advisory Board

A. Marie Morrison, President, Tulsa
LeRoy Saunders, Vice President Oklahoma City
Bonnie Cook, Secretary, Waukomis
Ray E. Jones, Executive Committee Member, Oklahoma City
John Pladziewicz, Executive Committee Member, Ardmore

Gwen Anson, Oklahoma City
Bebe Bridges, Ardmore
Pat Eidschun, Tulsa
Mike Hicks, Ardmore
Mayme Jackson, Oklahoma City
Linda Johnson, Bartlesville
Helen Kutz, Norman
Sen. John McCune, Oklahoma City
Clayton Morgan, Ed.D., Stillwater
Leonard Saunders, Oklahoma City
Ernest M. Simpson, Oklahoma City
Margie Williams, Oklahoma City
Raymond Willingham, Oklahoma City

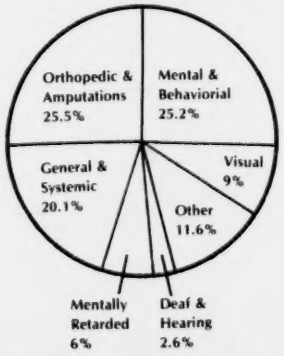
Rehabilitation Expenditures

% by type of service



Rehabilitation Clients

% by type of disability



25% of 47,000 clients were under 21 yrs.

1982, and net income was $1.05 million. Average earnings were $9,751 per facility. Other outreach activities include a visual aids clinic; distribution of braille watches, white canes, and other devices; and maintenance of a registry of blind Oklahomans.

The DHS Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped stocks 880 volumes of large print and more than 18,600 braille books and periodicals. The talking book program offers over 56,100 disk and cassette volumes for loan to more than 4,800 users. Textbooks are taped for students, and many volunteers work in the Library. The radio talking book program has a potential audience of more than 2,400 listeners. It features daily reading of newspapers, magazines, and recently published books, together with talk shows, interviews, and panel presentations. Programs are broadcast 99 hours per week and are carried by FM single-frequency sub-bands as a public service. Receivers are made available to eligible listeners at no cost to them.

Speech and Hearing Services

The Speech and Hearing Unit was reorganized in February 1982 to include all speech and hearing staff in both the state office and in DHS institutions. Direct speech-language pathology and audiology services are provided to residents of the three DHS schools for the mentally retarded; the agency's state homes and schools; the L.E. Rader Diagnostic and Evaluation Center; the Intensive Treatment Center; and the Okmulgee Rehabilitation Center.

The Unit's state office staff members provide quality assurance review and follow-up of communicatively handicapped children who are served by the Crippled Children Program. There were 333 such reviews this year. The Unit also advises the DHS Director and various units on matters relating to speech and hearing, and acts as an interagency liaison for DHS in areas of speech-language pathology and audiology.

Because of the Unit's reorganization, FY-82 data on services are estimated from the April-June quarter to project the workload of both state office and institutional staffs. The Unit provided an estimated 2,044 speech-language evaluations, 37,308 therapy sessions, 2,540 hearing evaluations, 243 hearing aid evaluations and 259 ear impressions. There were an estimated 1,449 hearing appliance services, 581 referrals for additional services and 9,036 consultations and staffings. The Unit provided 89,019 units of service this year.

Special Aging Services

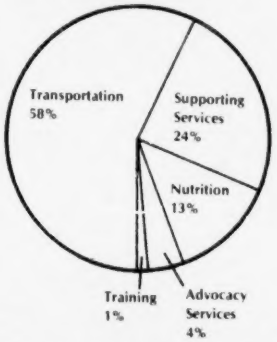
The DHS Special Unit on Aging has been designated by the Governor and the Legislature to administer Titles III-B, III-C and IV-A of the Older Americans Act of 1965. As such, the Unit is the focal point for aging activities in Oklahoma. Its goal is to help the elderly maintain their independence and dignity by establishing a comprehensive and coordinated service delivery system. Eleven Area Agencies on Aging provide the coordination, by grants from the Unit for planning, development, advocacy and delivery of services. The Unit stresses helping those elderly who have the greatest economic and social needs.

Title III-B of the Act provides for supportive services. Funds to the Area Agencies provide such in-home services as homemaker services, home maintenance and repair, home health aides, friendly visitation and telephone reassurance. Community-based projects include legal assistance and advocacy, information and referral, outreach, transportation, escort service, help with shopping, health screening, continuing education (including physical fitness and wellness) and counseling. The Unit reviews project performance regularly. Title III-B also provides for the construction, renovation and repair of senior citizen centers. Oklahoma now has more than 235 such centers, most of which have received Title III-B funds.

Title III-C of the Act addresses the need for good nutrition. The Title underwrites the administrative expenses of meals served to the elderly in congregate sites and to the home-bound elderly, together with program outreach, nutrition education programs and monitoring by the Unit staff. As of June 1982, there were 180 participating sites in 56 counties. There were 2,706,857 meals served at these sites in FY-82, and 419,081 meals went to home-bound older persons. USDA food commodities, as distributed for Title III-C purposes by the agency's Food and Nutrition Services Unit, had an estimated retail value this year of some $1.7 million.

Title IV-A of the Act funds the training of staff and volunteers. The Unit held workshops this year on pre-retirement planning, understanding minority cultures and aging and vision loss—the latter in cooperation with the Visual Services

Aging Services
% by type of service



350,000 older oklahomans in community programs

5 million units of service

3 million congregate & home delivered meals; 1 million bus rides; 800,000 supporting services; and 13,000 advocacy & training services

Special Aging Services Expenditures:

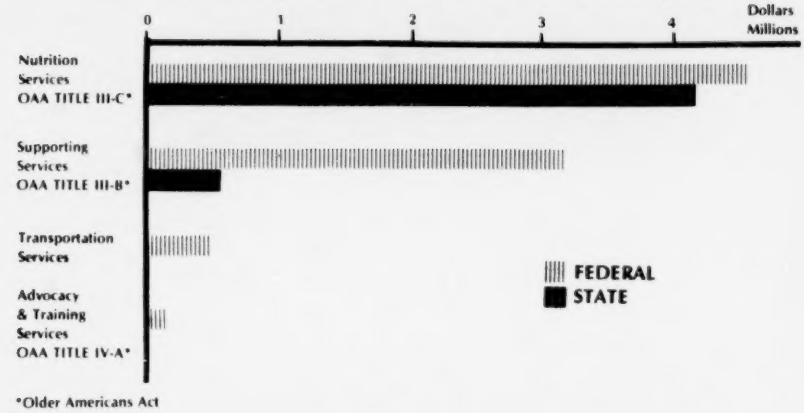
1982: $15.84 million

Federal: $10.87 million
Increase from 1981: $576,000

State: $4.97 million
Increase from 1981: $3.2 million

% of total DHS expenditures: 1.5%

1982 Services Funded by DHS Special Unit on Aging



*Older Americans Act

Additional local funds supplementing state and federal monies were estimated at $3.6 million.

Advisory Committee to the Special Unit on Aging

Roy Keen, Chairman, Oklahoma City

Charles Andrus, Ed.D., Lawton
Carey Garland, Oklahoma City
Helen Gossman, Arapaho
Rep. Charles Gray, Oklahoma City
John Holt, Oklahoma City
Gertrude Hotaling, Oklahoma City
Mary L. Johnsen, Oklahoma City
Alice Lindsey, Oilton
Betty McElderry, Purcell
Abel Noah, Oklahoma City
Hope Ross, M.D., Enid
Mary Hammond, Oklahoma City
Flora Wagner, Oklahoma City
Mary Watts, McAlester
Floydetta Work, Wanette

Unit of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation. In May, the Unit sponsored the Oklahoma Statewide Conference on Aging, with more than 3,000 delegates attending seven educational forums.

The Unit serves as an advocate for the elderly, both individually and as a group. There are many examples of advocacy in action. Perhaps the most publicized was the first annual Silver Haired Legislature, held at the Capitol. That activity proved to be an excellent means for expressing the concerns of the elderly and for teaching the legislative process. Other examples include liaison with various national associations of the retired and the elderly, development of position papers and information materials, help in working up grant proposals, research, media exposure and audiovisual materials. Advocacy also includes review and input into regulations and policies which affect the elderly.

Title IV-C provides an Advocacy Assistance Grant to serve residents in long-term care facilities. The grant money partially supports the Statewide Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program, required by the Act. "Ombudsman" refers to troubleshooting: the program volunteers receive, investigate and document complaints regarding such care and may recommend corrective action. The goal is to improve care and quality of life for facility residents. As of June 30, the program had 136 volunteers, who are guaranteed access to facilities by the Oklahoma Nursing Home Care Act.

The legal services development program helps the Area Agencies plan, develop and monitor legal service projects for the elderly. Ten projects now provide counseling, community education and representation to assist the elderly in protecting their rights and entitlements. The Unit also provides technical aid to Oklahoma's two Legal Services Corporation Grantees and the private bar.

The Unit helps also in funding transportation for the elderly through Title III-B grants of the Older Americans Act and Section 16(b)(2) of the Urban Mass Transportation Act. The latter authorizes federal funds for 80% of the purchase price for vehicles to qualified non-profit organizations which use them to serve the elderly and the handicapped. There are 253 vehicles in service in 140 projects.

Area Agencies on Aging

1 North Eastern Counties of Oklahoma
2 Eastern Oklahoma: Development District
3 Kiamiche Economic Development District of Oklahoma
4 Southern Oklahoma Development Association
5 Central Oklahoma Economic Development District
6 Tulsa Area Agency on Aging
7 Northern Oklahoma Development Association
8 Areawide Aging Agency, Inc.
9 Association of South Central Oklahoma Governments
10 South Western Oklahoma Development Association
11 Oklahoma Economic Development Association

Psychological Services

The Psychological Unit received 486 referrals this year from various DHS divisions and units, including 417 from the Division of Child Welfare and 63 from Court Related and Community Services. Psychologists handled 394 requests for psychological testing, of which 371 were completed during FY-82. There were 2,570 services, including consultative conferences, counseling contacts and psychological tests. The large number of testing referrals and counseling requests from Child Welfare indicates an emphasis on direct psychological services to abused children and their families.

Child Support Enforcement

Cases opened	13,089
Absent parents located	24,821
Support obligations established	4,201
Paternity established	827
Total collections	**$5,656,706**

—Fiscal 1982

There has been legislation since 1950 for child support enforcement. PL 93-647, passed in 1975, ordered a vigorous program of enforcement by all states. That law added Title IV-D to the federal Social Security Act and required states to establish and maintain an effective program in establishing paternity, obtaining continuing support and enforcing the existing child support obligations of absent parents. The law also allowed non-AFDC families to get program help in return for a fee to offset service costs. Non-AFDC clients may apply at their county DHS office, and the enforcement staff pursues support obligations the same as with AFDC-related cases.

The program began in Oklahoma on August 1, 1975, with establishment of what is now the DHS Division of Child Support Enforcement. DCSE works with other DHS divisions and units and has cooperative agreements with 22 district attorney offices covering 60 counties. Nine northwestern counties are served by a regional DCSE office in Fairview. Those agreements enable DCSE to enforce existing court orders, establish paternity and set up obligations locally. DCSE can thus react promptly to delinquent support and streamline its work after a client establishes eligibility for AFDC or otherwise applies for help.

When a person applies for AFDC because of a parent's absence and non-support, she must assign child support rights to DHS as a condition of eligibility. She must cooperate with DCSE so that DHS can take legal steps to collect support payments from the absent parent. In processing an AFDC application, the county staff makes referral to the local district attorney's child support enforcement office if in one of the cooperative agreement counties, or to DCSE if living elsewhere.

If deprivation resulted from a divorce and child support was ordered by the court, the order will be modified to pay the local court clerk. The clerk forwards the payments to DCSE or to the local district attorney's office for posting to the DCSE payment receipt file. These procedures enable the court clerk, the district attorney's office and DHS to monitor the absent parent's payments accurately and to compute arrearage if delinquency occurs.

DCSE had 146,071 cases on June 30, 1982, of which 110,240 had been assigned to district attorney offices. The other 35,831 cases were being serviced by the state office and the DCSE northwest regional office. Collections in FY-82 were some $5.66 million, $1.85 million or 48.6% more than in FY-81. This year's collections included some $2.78 million on behalf of Oklahoma AFDC recipients.

Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals

The Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals are responsible for providing quality medical care to all Oklahomans while training the future health care manpower of the state. The hospitals are located in Oklahoma City on the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center campus and include the Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital, the Child Study Center, the Oklahoma Memorial Hospital and the Don H. O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute.

The construction and renovation of the hospitals is nearing completion. The Oklahoma Teaching Hospital administration was organized a year ago under the Department of Human Services.

Recognized for treating complex medical and surgical problems for children and adults, the hospitals admitted 23,000 inpatients and had 285,000 outpatient clinic visits in 1982.

Oklahoma Memorial Hospital

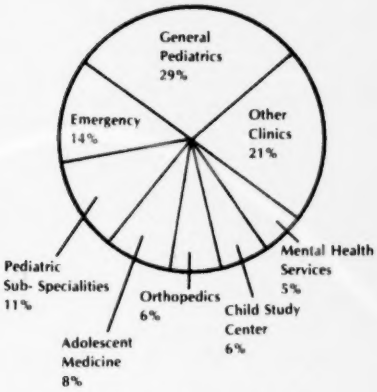
Oklahoma Memorial Hospital is a full service, acute care, general hospital for adults. It serves as a regional and statewide referral center for complex medical, surgical and obstetrical problems. OMH is affiliated with The University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center and is fully accredited by the JCAH. It is a member of the American Hospital Association and of the Council of Teaching Hospitals, Association of American Medical Colleges.

The 1980 Legislature transferred OMH to DHS and authorized a renovation and modernization program. Construction completed or in progress includes the following: the West Addition outpatient clinic facilities, two additional floors to the South Pavilion, three new floors to the Everett Building for acute care, and associated special care areas for intensive, cardiac, medical intensive and post-intensive care. These newly constructed special care units, together with their associated acute care patient areas, are scheduled to become operational by early 1983. When renovation of existing areas is completed, OMH will have room for some 174 more acute care beds, for a total of 434 beds.

OMH admitted 10,517 inpatients during FY-82 and treated 111,046 emergency center and clinic outpatients. There were 832 (7.3%) fewer inpatients, but 25,470 (29.8%) more outpatients, than in FY-81. There were 3,224 newborn admissions this year, and an average daily inpatient census of 216 adults and 37 newborns. The average rates of bed occupancy were 86.6% for adults and 84.6% for newborns, up from 76.8% and 81.6%, respectively, last year.

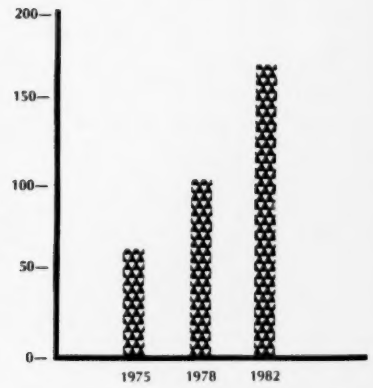
OCMH Outpatient Visits

% by clinic



171,740 children

1975 to 1982 totals



Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital

Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital was transferred to DHS from the University of Oklahoma by legislative action, effective July 1, 1973. Since July 1, 1980, it has been part of the State of Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals. OCMH is a full-service medical, surgical and dental facility for all Oklahomans under 21 years of age, and in certain medical areas for a few older than 21 years. It is a regional referral center for complex problems. It is affiliated with the University and functions as the pediatric teaching facility for the various health-related colleges. It is fully accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals.

The Ben H. Nicholson Tower, the George H. Garrison Tower and the Charles M. Bielstein Center are the major components of OCMH. Inpatient nursing areas are in the Garrison and Nicholson Towers and include one nursing unit assigned to Oklahoma Memorial Hospital adult patients during the construction period. Outpatient functions, laboratories, administration and other support areas are in the Bielstein Center.

Clinical activities and admissions both increased during FY-82. There were 171,741 outpatient clinic visits, 24,819 or 16.9% more than in FY-81. Principal increases were in pediatric subspecialties and general pediatrics, adolescent medicine, otorhinolaryngology and speech and hearing. OCMH admitted 8,940 inpatients this year, 277 or 3.2% more than last year. The daily average number of inpatients in FY-82 was 182, for 71.1% average bed occupancy. The average in FY-81 was 178, for 69.8% average occupancy.

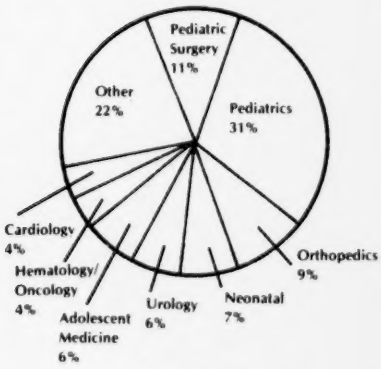
Child Study Center

The Child Study Center was established in 1958. It is a multidisciplinary unit designed to provide outpatient evaluation and treatment for children up to 21 years of age. The children may have neurological, developmental, social and emotional and school and learning problems. The Center offers various primary services, beginning with comprehensive assessment by a multidisciplinary team. There are medical follow-up of some problems, psychological and social work services, a day school program, individual tutoring for learning disabled children, psychoeducational programming, family therapy treatment and capsulated evaluation of children referred for Down's Syndrome. The latter minimizes costs to the family by using physician and developmental specialists to establish developmental levels and recommendations for school programs. Psychological and social work services include family therapy, play therapy for children, individual psychotherapy, supportive parent groups, consultation in managing behavior problems and a respite-aide program for deaf-blind children and their families.

The day school program is for pre-school deaf-blind, other sensory impaired, Down's Syndrome and multihandicapped children. The psychoeducational programming is for autistic, emotionally disturbed, abused and language-disordered children. The family therapy treatment program, begun in January

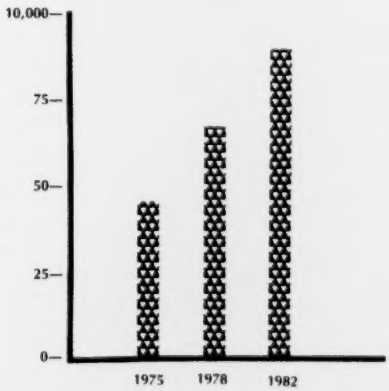
OCMH Inpatient Admissions

% by clinical service



8,940 children

1975 to 1982 totals



1982, addresses the needs of children and families who have been recommended for intervention because of diagnosed emotional and behavior problems.

The Center has the capability for auditory, visual and cognitive evaluations of infants. It also has a program of structured activities with social and pre-readiness learning components for two-year-old children in temporary placement at the Pauline Mayer Children's Shelter.

Don H. O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute

The Don H. O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute is a multipurpose facility which provides medical and rehabilitative services to physically disabled persons. Its team approach includes medical, vocational, educational, psychological and social services. The Institute is on the campus of the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center and is a part of DHS's Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals. It gives educational support to future medical and allied health professionals and encourages research. The Institute has an inpatient area designed for 120 beds, an ambulatory care area, 14 clinics, 22 ancillary services, and the availability of medical specialties in family medicine, internal medicine, neurology, orthopedic and plastic surgery, pediatrics and urology.

The goal of the Institute is to integrate the patient back into his home community. Staff members utilize various components of the rehabilitation process such as arranging for resources after discharge, vocational evaluation and recommendations for improving the client's environment for living and functioning.

The Institute recently was accredited by the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities. The Institute plans to obtain all necessary certifications for facilities of its type.

The Institute admitted 484 inpatients and had 2,551 outpatient visits during FY-82. The daily average number of inpatients was 45, and the average percent of bed occupancy was 40.4%

Medi Flight Oklahoma

Medi Flight Oklahoma is an emergency air transportation service begun in 1980. Based at the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals, the service responds to communities within a 150-mile radius, and transports patients to any receiving hospital in Oklahoma City which is most appropriate to meet the patient's needs. The service's two helicopters are equipped to transport two adult patients or specialized life support equipment for critically ill infants. During the year, 863 patients were transported in 856 flights. Of these, 285 were adults, 265 pediatric patients and 313 neonates.

Institutional Maintenance, Construction and Farms

Established in 1961, the Institutional Maintenance, Construction and Farms Unit provides consultation, planning, engineering, construction, repair and remodeling of physical plant facilities at DHS institutions. The Unit also coordinates and supervises the operation of institutional farm programs.

The unit has remodeled and restored most of the 400 buildings on 13 institutional campuses, extending their useful life many years, providing needed education and rehabilitation facilities and rebuilding basic utility systems to meet fire, safety, building and child care standards at considerable savings to the state.

The replacement cost of buildings and land at DHS facilities is valued at $357 million, and includes:

- Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals and health service facilities: 28 buildings on 68.6 acres—$147 million;
- three schools for mentally retarded: 148 buildings on 1,959 acres—$109.4 million, and
- homes, schools, centers: 219 buildings on 1,866 acres—$100.7 million.

Expenditures for construction and renovation at DHS facilities include $50.9 million at the homes, centers and schools since 1961; $83.7 million at the OCMH complex since 1973; and $41.2 million at OMH since 1980.

Administrative Services

More than 12 management functions are coordinated to support the effective delivery of community and institutional services and direct payments to a maximum number of eligible persons.

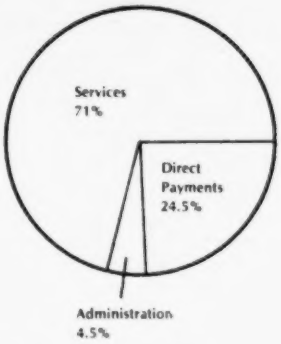
The Department's objective is to give the highest quality of services possible within the limits of available funds and in compliance with state and federal laws.

The efficient organization and administration of the Department resulted in significant operating economies and led to the gradual consolidation of related programs by 25 years of legislative transfers.

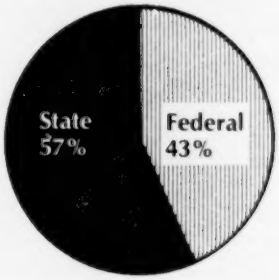
Operating economies included elimination of duplications, reduction of error rates, flexible allocation, employment and transfer of employees and resources and more efficient handling of financial transactions, purchasing and data processing.

The pace of unprecedented state and federal changes during 1982 resulted in increased administrative costs of only 0.3% from 4.2% in 1981 to 4.48% in 1982.

1982 Expenditures
% by type



Administration
% by source of funds



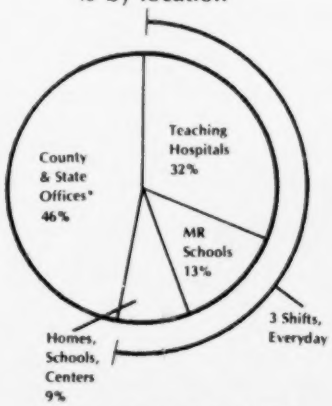
Personnel

Personnel units for the Department statewide and for the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals are responsible for maintaining an individual personnel record for each employee; processing all forms relating to personnel actions; acting as liaison with the State Merit System of Personnel Management; coordinating the development of job specifications and the updating of such specifications; consulting with the various divisions and units of the Department as to staffing needs; and making recommendations to the State Director regarding original and promotional placements, transfers, demotions, and dismissals.

Minority groups made up 21% of the work force in 1982, and included 17% blacks, 2.2% American Indians, 0.55% Spanish Americans and 0.85% Orientals, Asian and other. Of all employees 71% were women, and there were 561 employees with disabilities.

Payroll expenditures for 1982 were about $265 million with federal financial participation for most county and state office employees who provide direct community services.

Personnel Assignments
% by location



14,900 employees in June 1982

*County and state offices work the Medical and Assistance Payments, Food Programs, Community Services Programs and Administrative Services.

Finance

The Finance Division is responsible for the establishment and maintenance of all records of control over the receipts and expenditures of the Department. The accounting records are maintained to meet the requirements for reporting purposes by the federal government. The Division compiles all necessary financial statements and reports, and audits all assistance grants and administrative claims to be paid from Department funds.

The Division's control unit is responsible for signing, control and mailing of all regular roll, new certification, emergency and retroactive payment warrants in the AFDC, AABD, Refugee, Energy and VR programs. Based on authorizations by county offices, it prepares input data to allow for printing of emergency and other "daily" warrants.

The Division's food stamp issuance unit maintains inventory control of food coupon books for issuance to all eligible Oklahoma

households which select the direct mail option of participation, and issues vouchers to the U.S. Postal Service for services rendered in redeeming authorizations to participate, known as ATPs.

The comptroller is responsible for preparing reports, both accounting and administrative, to reflect the operations of the Department. Consultation with all levels of Departmental management, other departments, legislative committees and federal officials are included in the responsibilities of the unit. The comptroller has the overall responsibility for accounts control, medical quality control and non-hospital medical audit.

Departmental Services

The Departmental Services Unit is responsible for purchasing, receipting, inspecting, storing, issuing and transporting equipment, supplies and clothing; warehousing control, graphic arts, duplicating, photocopying, mail, and telephone services; overseeing and leasing office space for state and county offices, divisions and units; allocating office equipment and maintaining a master control of equipment; distributing manuals to operating units and maintaining a master control on manuals and forms; maintaining case record files and a master card file; storing obsolete department records; and processing invoices other than medical payments; source document and computer output microfilming including all medical claims; warehousing and distribution of surplus food commodities.

Purchases by the Departmental Services Unit for the period January 1 through December 31, 1981, amounted to $111.4 million. Of this total, 95.4% were purchases made through Central Purchasing on purchase orders, state contracts and non-encumbered contracts. Purchases of emergency supplies on authority orders were 3.9% of the total, and purchases of emergency repairs and parts on authority orders were 0.6%.

Equipment at DHS facilities is valued at about $47.1 million and is distributed as follows:

- Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals: $24.2 million;
- three Schools for Mentally Retarded: $4.2 million;
- state homes, schools, centers: $4.22 million;
- state and county offices: $14.5 million.

Appeals Unit

Any client may appeal a decision or delay by the DHS staff. The right to appeal is guaranteed by the state plan agreement between the Oklahoma Commission for Human Services and its federal contractors. An appeal results in a hearing by an Appeals Unit referee, who documents evidence and testimony pending final decision by a committee of state office staff members who had no part in the dispute. The DHS legal counsel is chairman of that committee. The Unit received 980 appeals in FY-82 and disposed of 980, including 349 decided in favor of the appellant. Other dispositions were decisions in favor of DHS or were dismissed or withdrawn.

Legal Division

The 1968 Legislature authorized the Commission to provide a Legal Division for DHS. Attorneys were hired to advise the Commission and the Director and to represent DHS in legal proceedings. Examples of work include services to children, recoveries of medical expenditures from third parties, personnel actions, workmen's compensation, overpayment collections, appeals hearings, welfare fraud prosecutions, and child support enforcement.

Management Information

The Management Information Division provides data processing services for all offices and programs in the Department of Human Services. The services are provided through a statewide network of teleprocessing equipment consisting of approximately 950 devices located in every county office.

In addition, the central computer site in Oklahoma City operates on a 24-hour, 7-day schedule to provide necessary statistics and reports.

During a normal month the central computer will produce 455 miles of printed paper, issue 154,000 warrants and execute 75,000 individual job steps.

New systems developed by the Division during 1982 include an agency budget system; a paperless claims processing system to handle welfare patients served by the hospitals by automatically generating their claim for the Title XIX claims processing system; and data processing support for combining the Adult Services and Assistance Payments programs.

Extensive support was also provided to the Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals. The basic hospital systems, which include admissions, patient billing, appointments, and record tracking, were extended to include Oklahoma Memorial Hospital. These systems deal with approximately 25,000 inpatient admissions, 155,000 outpatient registrations, 59,000 emergency registrations and 98,000 clinic appointments each year.

During the year a Clinic Management System was implemented for the OCMH Pediatric Practice Model. The inpatient scheduling system was expanded to include the patients at the O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute.

The Division also provides a significant amount of data processing support for the state legislature.

Administrative Review

The Administrative Review Unit investigates the eligibility of DHS clients for AFDC, food stamps, and Title XIX (Medicaid) benefits. Reviews follow computer sampling of applicable caseloads and are required by the federal government. Such reviews require field investigations by Unit staff and are an independent evaluation of whether the client is eligible for grants, food stamps, or Medicaid coverage—and, if eligible, whether the county DHS staff correctly computed the benefits. In Medicaid, Unit staff also review medical liability, claims processing, and third party liability. In the interests of clients, the Unit also reviews county office decisions to deny applications and close cases involving these programs. One byproduct of the reviews is a measure of casework quality and of the understanding of DHS policies regarding eligibility.

Sample selection, field investigation, corrective action, and reports of findings comprise the review program. Sampling is impartial and statistically valid. Both the sampling plans and the case determinations are inspected regularly by interested federal agencies. The Unit's staff are separate from county staff. Field investigations include client interviews and the verification and documentation of each element of eligibility. The federal-state plans require such reviews in order to promote the fair and expert treatment of all clients. After any differences in findings are resolved, corrective actions are recommended to the Director.

Results indicate that Oklahoma has among the lowest caseload error rates anywhere. In AFDC, 2.5% of 1,247 cases were ineligible and another 2.5% were eligible but overpaid in grant amounts. The dollar error rate was $3.90 per $100 in grants, including $2.20 per $100 involving ineligible cases and $1.70 per $100 in grants to eligible but overpaid cases. Sampling covered April 1981 through March 1982.

In food stamps, the dollar error rate was some $9.75 per $100 issued in stamps. Over 2,404 active food stamp households were sampled during April 1981-March 1982. That figure includes over- and under-issuances, and issuances to ineligible households. USDA has not published nationwide results of states' error rates for several years. The last such publication showed Oklahoma to be well below the national average. The Unit also reviewed 1,282 denials and terminations of benefits, of which 12 actions were incorrect. Those 12 would not necessarily have been eligible for stamps: only the reason for such action was reviewed.

In Medicaid, the estimated dollar loss was $3.09 per $100 paid out, as based upon a sample of 2,116 active cases during October 1980-September 1981. That rate reflects whether the client was eligible for Medicaid at the time of service, whether the "spend down"—if any—was figured correctly, whether the claim was processed correctly and the correct allowable amount paid, and whether the determination of third party liability (insurance, judgments, etc.) was correct.

Inspector General

Established in 1979, the Office of Inspector General investigates possible fraud, abuse, or errors in DHS programs such as public assistance, hospital and physician reviews, the vendor drug program, vendor audits, overpayments, and nursing home practices. The OIG also does internal investigations. The work is generated by referrals and by program monitoring, and totaled 5,775 cases assigned in FY-82. Recoveries, reimbursements and assessments this year as a result of audits totaled $1.84 million.

OIG staff audited 21 licensed day care facilities, recipient trust funds at 30 nursing homes, 162 physicians, 214 reviews of hospitals, and 422 reviews of physicians' claims. Staff investigated 1,200 referrals of Title XIX third party liability, 477 clients and vendors, 865 Workman's Compensation cases, 187 pharmacies, and 182 collection payment cases. OIG completed 666 reviews of child care facilities, 41 hospitals, 276 nursing homes, and 32 unlicensed day care centers. Staff investigated 82 nursing home complaints and eight day care center complaints, and resolved 374 referrals from Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals.

The OIG Fraud Unit referred 45 grant cases to district attorneys, with successful prosecution in 34 cases. Twenty-seven food stamp cases were referred, with judgments in 20 cases. Five grant recipients received sentences of up to six years in the penitentiary; the others got deferred or suspended sentences and must make full restitution to DHS. The 20 felons in food stamp cases have been disqualified from the food stamp program.

Planning and Evaluation

The Division of Planning and Evaluation reviews all proposals having a potential impact on DHS and its programs, and all legislation, regulations, plan materials, and requests for federal funds. The Division coordinates information from program supervisors, prepares summaries and briefs, and recommends actions. Staff members monitor guidelines, regulations, and statutes for DHS compliance. This year's work involved congressional bills, proposed or final regulations, and many implementing and interpretive federal documents.

Program Development

The Division of Program Development keeps the Department's manual of policies and procedures coordinated and updated with respect to each program of the Department, a joint responsibility of the Division with every other division and unit of the Department. This involves continuing study, not only by Program Development but by the other division and unit supervisors, of the effects of present policies, changes in federal and state laws, changes in federal regulations and changes in other programs in order to identify the need for revisions in manual materials. Such study necessitates close coordination between the Division of Program Development and the Division of Planning and Evaluation.

Staff Development

The Division of Staff Development assesses training needs in DHS, provides in-service training for its employees, and coordinates scholarships and pre-service training grants in social work. Division staff consult the various DHS divisions and units to identify specific training needs and then develop workshop curriculum to meet them. Division training sessions in FY-82 had 29,189 enrollments. Workshops ranged from new employee orientation to clerical and management skills, from general skills development to specific program training.

The Division coordinates various scholarship programs. In addition to 80 scholarships awarded this year by the Oklahoma Commission for Human Services, staff members offered short courses, workshops, institutes and other meetings. There were 45 tuition scholarships, 11 work-study nursing scholarships, and 14 scholarships for teachers at the DHS Schools for the Deaf and the Blind. Tuition scholarships are designed to help DHS staff members complete work toward their master's degrees. The nursing scholarships help licensed practical nurses to become registered nurses. The OSB and OSD teaching scholarships help upgrade teacher competency and assure teacher certification. All scholarship recipients are DHS employees.

Old Age and Survivor's Insurance

The DHS Bureau of Social Security oversees the collection and documentation of premiums for OASDI coverage of state and local government workers. The Bureau processes all agreements with covered groups and determines compliance of those agreements with state and federal requirements. Staff members audit monthly reports and deposit contributions with the state treasurer. The Bureau conducts seminars, issues instructions regarding changes, does compliance audits, and takes corrective action to ensure compliance with the federal-state agreement. The Bureau collected $293,301,122 in contributions during FY-82, $6.04 million more than in FY-81.

Research and Statistics

The Division of Research and Statistics is responsible for preparing statistical reports, bulletins, press releases, time studies, special studies, and other statistical computations needed for program operations. It is also responsible for preparation of an annual report to the governor at the end of each fiscal year covering the Department's operations.

Oklahoma Public Welfare/Human Services Commission Members 1936-1982

Raymond Thomas
8-5-36 to 1-9-39

Harve Melton
8-5-36 to 8-15-36

Mrs. D. Work
8-5-36 to 1-18-39

Mrs. William Van Divort
8-5-36 to 2-9-39

Mrs. B.E. Chaney
8-5-36 to 2-18-39

Mrs. George Abbott
8-5-36 to 1-1-37

Bishop Francis Kelly
8-5-36 to 11-9-36

M. Duncan
8-5-36 to 10-8-37

C.H. Hyde
8-5-36 to 2-23-39

Amy Crooks
9-9-36 to 2-14-39

Father James Garvey
11-9-36 to 2-16-39

John Eddleman
1-1-37 to 1-4-39

Eugene Shaw
10-8-37 to 2-9-39

J.A. Morrow
1-19-39 to 7-28-39

W.R. Wallace
1-19-39 to 8-5-42

Mrs. Sam T. Palmer
2-9-39 to 9-29-47

Oras A. Shaw
2-9-39 to 5-18-39

L.C. Huston
2-14-39 to 8-5-47

Charles H. Makins
2-16-39 to 8-5-52

L.J. Minor
2-18-39 to 3-24-44

Verser Hicks
2-18-39 to 5-15-42

Amy Comstock
2-23-39 to 7-1-44

Gary Y. Vandever
5-18-39 to 1-8-52

Max Brock
7-28-39 to 2-2-42

John Pendleton
2-2-42 to 8-5-46

Garland Jackson
7-15-42 to 3-5-48

Ben Sturdivant
8-5-42 to 9-20-51

R.C. Newton
5-20-44 to 12-6-51

Mrs. S.H.G. Horne
9-14-44 to 10-4-46

Mrs. Harold Prescott
10-4-46 to 7-20-51

William F. Peterson
9-8-47 to 2-29-55

William B. Hurst
9-8-47 to 8-2-54

Mrs. A.W. Lohmann
10-2-47 to 8-5-49

Felix Simmons
6-11-48 to 8-5-50

Will C. Jones
2-2-51 to 10-15-71

Charles Rogers
2-2-51 to 5-3-51

Fred Cowden
5-7-51 to 12-7-53

Clint Applewhite
11-5-51 to 5-4-66

C.P. Bondurant, M.D.
11-5-51 to 10-23-56

Rupert L. Jones
12-6-51 to 12-4-69

Chester O. Bixler
4-1-52 to 8-5-53

Henry Ross
10-24-52 to 5-29-59

Robert M. Greer
8-26-53 to present

W.E. Farha
12-7-53 to 7-24-61
11-21-72 to present

S.M. Van Deventer
8-2-54 to 7-19-55

Joe W. Ables
3-23-55 to 3-4-71

G.T. Daugherty
7-19-55 to 2-26-74

R.D. Cravens
10-30-56 to 9-17-62

Joe D. Voto
2-5-60 to present

Reginald D. Barnes
2-6-62 to present

Leon N. Gilbert, M.D.
10-11-62 to present

James A. McNeese
5-9-66 to 8-5-72

Mrs. Jane Hartley
3-4-70 to present

Wilbur D. Cave
6-18-71 to present

Carl E. Ward, O.D.
4-6-72 to present

Dean C. James
10-11-74 to 4-5-78

Wennette W. Pegues, Ed.D.
10-18-78 to 7-15-82

David W. Way
9-27-82 to present

APPENDIX A

TABLE		PAGE
	DHS GENERAL	
1	**Program Expenditures,** Department of Human Services, 1982	A-2
2	**Sales Tax Dollar,** Collections, Expenditures and Amount Returned by County, 1982	A-4
3	**Department of Human Services Expenditures,** 1937-1982, by Source of Funds	A-6
4	**State Sales Tax Funds Diverted by Legislative Directive,** 1956-1982, by Program	A-7
	PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS	
5	**Public Assistance Payments,** 1937-1982, by Category	A-8
6	**Public Assistance Payments,** by Category and by County, 1982	A-9
7	**Public Assistance Payments,** Monthly Average, 1937-1982, by Category	A-10
8	**Public Assistance Recipients,** Average Monthly Cases and Persons, 1937-1982, by Category	A-11
9	**Application and Case Movement,** by Category, 1982	A-12
10	**Appeals Action and Disposition,** by Category, 1982	A-12
11	**Disposal of Appeals,** by Factor Involved and by Category, 1982	A-13
12	**Public Assistance Cases Opened,** by Reason: Cases and Percent, 1982	A-13
13	**Public Assistance Cases Closed,** by Reason: Cases and Percent, 1982	A-14
14	**Food Stamp Program,** Cases, Persons and Value, by Category and by County, 1982	A-15
15	**Donated Food Commodities,** Average Retail Value by Issue and by County, 1982	A-17
	MEDICAL PROGRAMS	
16	**Medical Payments,** by Category and Type of Service, 1982	A-19
17	**Title XIX Medical Payments,** by Type of Service and by County, 1982	A-20
18	**Title XIX Medical Services Recipients,** by Type of Service and by County, 1982	A-22
19	**Vocational Rehabilitation Medical Services,** by Type of Service, Cases, Payments and County, 1982	A-24
20	**Crippled Children Assistance,** Cases and Payments, by Type of Care and by County, 1982	A-26
21	**Hospitalization,** Persons and Payments by Hospital, 1982	A-28
22	**Medical Service Authorizations for Persons Under 21,** by Category, 1982	A-30
	SERVICES	
23	**Adults Receiving Services,** by Category and by County, 1982	A-31
24	**Children Receiving Services,** by Living Arrangement and County, 1982	A-32
25	**Child Abuse and Neglect,** Reports Alleged and Confirmed by County, 1982	A-34
26	**DHS-Subsidized Children in Private Institutions,** by County of Residence, 1982	A-35
27	**Adoptive Homes,** Applications and Completed Studies, 1982	A-36
28	**Adoptive Home Placement,** Case Movement and Ages, 1982	A-36
29	**Foster Homes,** Applications and Approvals, 1982	A-36
30	**Court Related and Community Services,** Children by Type of Service and by County, 1982	A-37
31	**Child Support Enforcement,** Collections and Absent Parent Cases, by Category and Activity, 1982	A-38
32	**Nutrition Programs for the Elderly,** Meals Served, by Type and by County, 1982	A-39
	DHS INSTITUTIONS	
33	**Homes and Schools,** Population Movement by Facility, 1982	A-40
34	**Homes and Schools,** Children by Age, Race and Reason for Commitment, 1982	A-40
35	**Homes and Schools,** Children by County of Commitment, 1982	A-41
36	**Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital,** Inpatients and Outpatients, Increase or Decrease, 1981 and 1982	A-42
37	**Oklahoma Memorial Hospital,** Inpatients and Outpatients, Increase or Decrease, 1981 and 1982	A-43
38	**O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute,** Inpatients and Outpatients, Increase or Decrease, 1981 and 1982	A-44

PROGRAM EXPENDITURES[1]
Department of Human Services

Program	Total	Direct Payments	Services	Administration
TOTAL	**$1,048,997,063.88**	**$257,179,500.48**	**$744,784,031.27**	**$47,033,532.13**
Federal	**514,905,848.95**	**178,747,679.37**	**315,926,632.63**	**20,231,536.95**
State	**534,091,214.93**	**78,431,821.11**	**428,857,398.64**	**26,801,995.18**
MEDICAL PAYMENTS PROGRAMS				
Medicaid (Title XIX)	**409,445,332.30**	**0.00**	**395,211,616.43**	**14,233,715.87**
Federal	239,936,286.81	0.00	230,338,835.34	9,597,451.47
State	169,509,045.49	0.00	164,872,781.09	4,636,264.40
Crippled Children	**1,339,852.78**	**0.00**	**928,619.51**	**411,233.27**
Federal	924,741.45	0.00	924,741.45	0.00
State	415,111.33	0.00	3,878.06	411,233.27
Medicare Payments (Title XVIII)	**17,814,655.71**	**16,332,291.79**	**0.00**	**1,482,363.92**
Federal	17,814,655.71	16,332,291.79	0.00	1,482,363.92
Disability Determination	**6,040,869.99**	**0.00**	**5,853,925.81**	**186,944.18**
Federal	6,040,869.99	0.00	5,853,925.81	186,944.18
State Health Department	**1,699,330.62**	**1,699,330.62**	**0.00**	**0.00**
State	1,699,330.62	1,699,330.62	0.00	0.00
ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS AND FOOD PROGRAMS				
AABD Supplementation	**42,620,870.36**	**41,886,842.00**	**0.00**	**734,028.36**
State	42,620,870.36	41,886,842.00	0.00	734,028.36
AFDC	**102,734,347.29**	**80,994,660.00**	**17,912,662.85**	**3,827,024.44**
Federal	59,158,040.00	46,881,606.00	10,362,921.78	1,913,512.22
State	43,576,307.29	34,113,054.00	7,549,741.07	1,913,512.22
Energy Assistance	**15,493,990.71**	**12,800,907.01**	**1,993,847.15**	**699,236.55**
Federal	13,211,819.31	12,800,907.01	410,912.30	0.00
State	2,282,171.40	0.00	1,582,934.85	699,236.55
Refugee Assistance	**4,349,084.03**	**3,433,315.58**	**411,254.67**	**504,513.78**
Federal	4,349,084.03	3,433,315.58	411,254.67	504,513.78
General Assistance	**676,944.50**	**295,225.00**	**320,899.21**	**60,820.29**
State	676,944.50	295,225.00	320,899.21	60,820.29
Food Stamps	**91,325,813.05**	**75,690,753.00**	**10,694,952.83**	**4,940,107.22**
Federal	82,715,698.00	75,690,753.00	4,554,891.39	2,470,053.61
State	8,610,115.05	0.00	6,140,061.44	2,470,053.61
Commodity Distribution	**25,003,219.67**	**23,366,551.00**	**1,117,922.73**	**518,745.94**
Federal	23,368,560.00	23,366,551.00	0.00	2,009.00
State	1,634,659.67	0.00	1,117,922.73	516,736.94
COMMUNITY SERVICES PROGRAMS				
Social Services (Title XX)	**49,689,707.05**	**0.00**	**49,689,707.05**	**0.00**
Federal	32,953,630.00	0.00	32,953,630.00	0.00
State	16,736,077.05	0.00	16,736,077.05	0.00
WIN/CWEP Social Services	**2,405,082.99**	**0.00**	**2,008,287.26**	**397,395.73**
Federal	1,121,708.89	0.00	1,121,708.89	0.00
State	1,283,974.10	0.00	886,578.37	397,395.73
AFDC Training Expense	**594,185.22**	**500,898.00**	**0.00**	**93,287.22**
Federal	63,528.51	63,528.51	0.00	0.00
State	530,656.71	437,369.49	0.00	93,287.22
Child Welfare	**10,332,123.60**	**0.00**	**5,793,757.80**	**4,538,365.80**
Federal	2,573,979.97	0.00	2,573,979.97	0.00
State	7,758,143.63	0.00	3,219,777.83	4,538,365.80

1/ Table 1 is a program expenditure report and not a financial statement. Administration is based on a Random Moment Time Study.

TABLE 1. Continued.

Program	Total	Direct Payments	Services	Administration
COMMUNITY SERVICES PROGRAMS Continued				
AFDC Foster Care	**$ 2,497,234.07**	**$ 0.00**	**$ 2,497,234.07**	**$ 0.00**
Federal	1,248,617.03	0.00	1,248,617.03	0.00
State	1,248,617.04	0.00	1,248,617.04	0.00
Emergency Shelters and Group Homes	**1,772,850.06**	**0.00**	**1,772,850.06**	**0.00**
State	1,772,850.06	0.00	1,772,850.06	0.00
SSI-Disabled Child	**178,726.48**	**178,726.48**	**0.00**	**0.00**
Federal	178,726.48	178,726.48	0.00	0.00
Developmental Disabilities	**802,919.82**	**0.00**	**793,546.28**	**9,373.54**
Federal	614,326.00	0.00	608,182.74	6,143.26
State	188,593.82	0.00	185,363.54	3,230.28
Services for Mentally Retarded	**189,623.57**	**0.00**	**189,623.57**	**0.00**
State	189,623.57	0.00	189,623.57	0.00
Vocational Rehabilitation	**28,456,917.76**	**0.00**	**26,972,442.38**	**1,484,475.38**
Federal	13,823,829.33	0.00	13,270,876.15	552,953.18
State	14,633,088.43	0.00	13,701,566.23	931,522.20
Special Aging Services	**15,847,499.48**	**0.00**	**14,432,253.01**	**1,415,246.47**
Federal	10,872,747.44	0.00	10,111,655.11	761,092.33
State	4,974,752.04	0.00	4,320,597.90	654,154.14
Child Support Enforcement	**6,199,419.71**	**0.00**	**3,147,906.81**	**3,051,512.90**
Federal	3,935,000.00	0.00	1,180,500.00	2,754,500.00
State	2,264,419.71	0.00	1,967,406.81	297,012.90
HOSPITALS AND INSTITUTIONAL PROGRAMS				
State Homes and Schools	**30,752,096.77**	**0.00**	**28,485,241.37**	**2,266,855.40**
State	30,752,096.77	0.00	28,485,241.37	2,266,855.40
Schools for Mentally Retarded	**38,502,297.41**	**0.00**	**36,029,643.86**	**2,472,653.55**
State	38,502,297.41	0.00	36,029,643.86	2,472,653.55
Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital	**62,450,150.01**	**0.00**	**61,646,385.78**	**803,764.23**
State	62,450,150.01	0.00	61,646,385.78	803,764.23
Oklahoma Memorial Hospital	**56,581,999.88**	**0.00**	**54,447,595.68**	**2,134,404.20**
State	56,581,999.88	0.00	54,447,595.68	2,134,404.20
O'Donoghue Rehabilitation Institute	**12,562,817.27**	**0.00**	**11,795,353.38**	**767,463.89**
State	12,562,817.27	0.00	11,795,353.38	767,463.89
Child Study Center	**1,414,119.17**	**0.00**	**1,414,119.17**	**0.00**
State	1,414,119.17	0.00	1,414,119.17	0.00
Institutional Maintenance and Farms	**9,222,382.55**	**0.00**	**9,222,382.55**	**0.00**
State	9,222,382.55	0.00	9,222,382.55	0.00

TABLE 2 1981-1982

SALES TAX DOLLAR
Collections, Expenditures and Amounts Returned, by County

County	Collections [1]	Total Payments & Benefits [2]	Grants [2] Table 6	Medical Payments [2] Tables 17, 19 & 20	USDA Food Stamps Table 14	General Assistance & Commodities Tables 1 & 15	Amount Returned Per $1
TOTAL	**$440,342,446**	**$608,827,941**	**$125,373,716**	**$384,101,696**	**$75,690,753**	**$23,661,776**	**$ 1.38**
Adair	425,142	7,511,848	2,164,676	3,662,804	1,456,858	227,510	17.67
Alfalfa	228,990	1,100,152	117,213	872,265	51,592	59,082	4.80
Atoka	468,063	5,210,269	1,154,983	3,121,167	726,683	207,436	11.13
Beaver	235,313	411,183	53,404	260,987	25,542	71,250	1.75
Beckham	3,566,012	3,375,554	633,311	2,344,313	260,383	137,547	0.95
Blaine	826,162	2,626,823	401,849	1,907,651	196,711	120,612	3.18
Bryan	1,058,158	7,573,001	1,648,122	4,633,647	984,831	306,401	7.16
Caddo	1,647,231	8,802,125	1,874,799	5,549,380	990,265	387,681	5.34
Canadian	2,526,771	4,664,763	726,849	3,226,401	341,270	370,243	1.85
Carter	4,569,537	10,105,834	2,403,397	5,940,507	1,374,441	387,489	2.21
Cherokee	1,077,618	7,871,577	2,050,200	4,055,499	1,471,908	293,970	7.30
Choctaw	419,587	6,563,474	1,932,302	3,434,620	1,016,862	179,690	15.64
Cimarron	125,961	279,117	58,395	128,304	53,701	38,717	2.22
Cleveland	6,303,718	11,793,541	1,521,564	8,514,060	850,154	907,763	1.87
Coal	160,673	2,407,182	583,573	1,402,452	334,384	86,773	14.98
Comanche	4,535,301	16,182,800	4,737,104	7,229,387	3,453,303	763,006	3.57
Cotton	214,836	1,585,236	319,998	979,972	196,884	88,382	7.38
Craig	790,054	4,275,273	621,567	3,173,495	321,416	158,795	5.41
Creek	2,861,925	10,593,976	2,209,643	6,522,743	1,409,410	452,180	3.70
Custer	3,078,289	3,888,125	598,000	2,693,769	358,209	238,147	1.26
Delaware	853,399	7,155,020	1,719,004	3,899,066	1,309,160	227,790	8.38
Dewey	433,433	886,719	104,818	664,109	45,995	71,797	2.05
Ellis	301,012	588,880	64,713	445,453	36,807	41,907	1.96
Garfield	6,631,447	19,888,522	1,078,088	17,582,700	717,127	510,607	3.00
Garvin	1,799,007	16,974,377	1,178,278	15,039,914	518,734	237,451	9.44
Grady	2,460,958	6,390,251	1,318,113	4,021,771	745,690	304,677	2.60
Grant	313,340	880,189	73,484	718,946	36,203	51,556	2.81
Greer	216,364	1,969,480	422,669	1,232,113	207,709	106,989	9.10
Harmon	107,982	1,829,538	353,268	1,172,868	253,818	49,584	16.94
Harper	156,979	539,020	29,164	468,712	9,190	31,954	3.43
Haskell	498,613	3,563,074	946,565	1,818,256	634,029	164,224	7.15
Hughes	597,561	4,481,899	889,323	2,995,897	426,179	170,500	7.50
Jackson	3,216,636	6,447,924	1,694,526	3,319,875	1,134,694	298,829	2.00
Jefferson	314,546	1,964,736	312,001	1,457,917	121,282	73,536	6.25
Johnston	497,730	3,200,714	812,274	1,836,396	450,424	131,620	6.49

1/ County data are available only for state sales tax collections. Monies assigned to the State Assistance Fund: $432,557,412 from state sales tax, $6,401,135 from motor vehicle tax, $1,044,220 from boat and motor excise tax, and $339,679 from tobacco tax. Excludes $1,699,331 transferred to the State Health Department.

2/ Includes payments from State and Federal funds. Total (Column 4) also includes $5,334,668 paid to cover the Medicare premium for persons over 65 receiving public assistance (Part B of Title XVIII), $2,675,216 paid for hospital retroactive adjustments, $581,834 paid for medically needy oral surgery, and $3,027,598 paid in FICA for providers.

TABLE 2. Continued.

County	Collections [1]	Total Payments & Benefits [2]	Grants [2] Table 6	Medical Payments [2] Table 17, 19 & 20	USDA Food Stamps Table 14	General Assistance & Commodities Tables 1 & 15	Amount Returned Per $1
Kay	$ 3,603,649	$ 5,509,092	$ 819,350	$ 3,719,507	$ 644,291	$ 325,944	$ 1.53
Kingfisher	1,649,432	1,228,542	178,357	797,602	116,125	136,458	0.74
Kiowa	506,066	3,746,945	753,880	2,433,713	458,251	101,101	7.40
Latimer	536,910	3,159,574	683,229	1,828,948	499,628	147,769	5.88
LeFlore	1,321,120	12,197,178	3,279,416	6,346,347	2,109,006	462,409	9.23
Lincoln	1,290,401	4,382,214	950,178	2,728,138	481,523	222,375	3.40
Logan	711,521	5,312,982	887,610	3,689,258	539,608	196,506	7.47
Love	236,161	1,061,042	326,696	512,346	152,567	69,433	4.49
McClain	893,739	3,105,334	508,309	2,195,732	225,505	175,788	3.47
McCurtain	1,408,906	14,533,037	3,700,235	8,022,696	2,376,178	433,928	10.32
McIntosh	714,498	6,043,803	1,296,106	3,983,819	584,992	178,886	8.46
Major	1,106,436	723,967	72,869	525,306	39,174	86,618	0.65
Marshall	435,492	3,384,740	556,061	2,337,479	403,365	87,835	7.77
Mayes	1,220,103	8,251,326	1,428,750	5,478,423	1,099,286	244,867	6.76
Murray	694,381	3,193,078	618,358	2,127,230	317,954	129,536	4.60
Muskogee	3,539,917	18,840,090	5,116,178	10,937,228	2,153,506	633,178	5.32
Noble	639,073	3,152,102	257,775	2,577,202	214,257	102,868	4.93
Nowata	477,869	2,579,265	348,400	1,962,847	191,676	76,342	5.40
Okfuskee	299,999	4,256,919	849,423	2,807,249	434,497	165,750	14.19
Oklahoma	119,027,552	96,039,078	25,380,071	52,614,914	14,645,163	3,398,930	0.81
Okmulgee	2,028,400	13,058,431	2,738,314	8,505,584	1,442,031	372,502	6.44
Osage	1,119,448	5,921,942	1,391,392	3,444,951	820,590	265,009	5.29
Ottawa	1,298,326	7,934,726	1,617,212	4,677,856	1,321,340	318,318	6.11
Pawnee	640,142	2,514,686	466,292	1,636,432	262,076	149,886	3.93
Payne	3,787,031	6,111,662	834,828	4,299,409	668,326	309,099	1.61
Pittsburg	1,902,441	10,561,964	2,188,844	6,297,850	1,474,300	600,970	5.55
Pontotoc	2,266,633	7,783,791	1,497,141	5,096,832	863,420	326,398	3.43
Pottawatomie	3,401,469	11,854,924	2,768,616	6,704,516	1,917,886	463,906	3.49
Pushmataha	418,530	3,766,834	922,199	2,227,743	474,117	142,775	9.00
Roger Mills	237,876	781,605	128,141	543,720	68,451	41,293	3.29
Rogers	1,789,976	5,146,804	1,084,698	3,085,968	654,043	322,095	2.88
Seminole	2,854,617	9,956,150	2,083,030	6,514,664	1,078,429	280,027	3.49
Sequoyah	1,037,026	10,842,237	2,654,930	6,066,952	1,773,892	346,463	10.46
Stephens	6,243,042	6,476,992	1,136,557	4,514,123	507,364	318,948	1.04
Texas	885,608	1,079,381	208,096	547,354	186,896	137,035	1.22
Tillman	447,910	3,313,416	857,227	1,750,062	604,755	101,372	7.40
Tulsa	72,995,997	77,049,771	15,021,674	49,551,812	9,533,748	2,942,537	1.06
Wagoner	592,782	7,512,714	1,704,468	4,616,216	1,000,058	191,972	12.67
Washington	7,085,226	3,802,537	609,853	2,450,409	421,523	320,752	0.54
Washita	985,497	1,722,860	295,547	1,131,364	166,044	129,905	1.75
Woods	637,901	1,355,786	169,870	997,494	121,362	67,060	2.13
Woodward	2,543,688	4,346,908	176,299	3,867,669	121,702	181,238	1.71
Out of State	123,526,273						

DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES EXPENDITURES
By Source of Funds

Fiscal Year	Total	State	Federal	Percent State	Percent Federal
1937	$ 7,956,781.43	$ 3,898,822.90 [1]	$ 4,057,958.53 [1]	49.00 [1]	51.00 [1]
1938	15,779,976.08	10,318,417.29	5,461,558.79	65.39	34.61
1939	17,628,879.76	9,042,221.34	8,586,658.42	51.29	48.71
1940	19.043,714.80	10,479,908.72	8,563,806.08	55.03	44.97
1941	20,959,347.17	9,658,362.90	11,300,984.27	46.08	53.92
1942	23,670,421.64	11,825,213.51	11,845,208.13	49.96	50.04
1943	27,157,013.53	14,661,336.72	12,495,676.81	53.99	46.01
1944	31,020,562.02	16,179,576.56	14,840,985.46	52.16	47.84
1945	33,887,764.14	17,080,828.34	16,806,935.80	50.40	49.60
1946	44,348,824.33	20,544,807.39	23,804,016.94	46.33	53.67
1947	60,055,511.09	27,568,153.22	32,487,357.87	45.90	54.10
1948	66,110,408.17	27,068,118.60	39,042,289.57	40.94	59.06
1949	78,317,287.69	34,032,298.16	44,284,989.53	43.45	56.55
1950	79,489,426.50	33,947,231.10	45,542,195.40	42.71	57.29
1951	74,973,205.77	30,816,846.20	44,156,359.57	41.10	58.90
1952	79,843,237.73	33,481,731.45	46,361,506.28	41.93	58.07
1953	99,680,957.76	48,099,626.66	51,581,331.10	48.25	51.75
1954	88,343,539.62	37,823,740.86	50,519,798.76	42.81	57.19
1955	89,468,991.08	39,302,028.27	50,166,962.81	43.93	56.07
1956	96,563,339.42	44,979,922.26	51,583,417.16	46.58	53.42
1957	101,534,507.64	45,741,087.06	55,793,420.58	45.05	54.95
1958	108,532,824.67	45,733,429.23	62,799,395.44	42.14	57.86
1959	118,218,449.39	45,227,444.81	72,991,004.58	38.26	61.74
1960	128,431,050.88	52,423,850.20	76,007,200.68	40.82	59.18
1961	133,336,604.39	51,151,748.87	82,184,855.52	38.36	61.64
1962	144,029,759.53	55,268,824.92	88,760,934.61	38.37	61.63
1963	153,761,947.65	60,749,822.79	93,012,124.86	39.51	60.49
1964	164,591,675.30	64,286,012.92	100,305,662.38	39.06	60.94
1965	172,778,824.67	72,512,827.43	100,265,997.24	41.97	58.03
1966	183,393,569.07	68,489,076.11	114,904,492.96	37.35	62.65
1967	221,484,893.87	82,230,887.12	139,254,006.75	37.13	62.87
1968	235,885,152.61	84,461,798.31	151,423,354.30	35.81	64.19
1969	236,687,180.64	72,583,825.29	164,103,355.35	30.67	69.33
1970	255,378,639.62	82,629,912.65	172,748,726.97	32.36	67.64
1971	288,337,059.25	96,440,769.30	191,896,289.95	33.45	66.55
1972	325,909,348.69	116,530,251.79	209,379,096.90	35.76	64.24
1973	331,129,328.30	119,530,568.35	211,598,759.95	36.10	63.90
1974	371,956,692.30	134,303,412.13	237,653,280.17	36.10	63.90
1975	408,793,206.65	153,269,462.50	255,523,744.15	37.49	62.51
1976	457,762,651.93	173,502,588.51	284,260,063.42	37.90	62.10
1977	501,008,299.77	191,641,448.56	309,366,851.21	38.25	61.75
1978	546,282,368.00	215,263,456.57	331,018,911.43	39.41	60.59
1979	623,089,759.40	262,318,442.62	360,771,316.78	42.10	57.90
1980	768,524,003.41	322,720,249.89	445,803,753.52	41.99	58.01
1981	887,061,576.45	388,290,605.08	498,770,971.37	43.77	56.23
1982	1,048,997,063.88	534,091,215.93	514,905,847.95	50.91	49.09

1/ Estimated

STATE SALES TAX FUNDS DIVERTED BY LEGISLATIVE DIRECTIVE
By Program

Year	Total[1]	Vocational Rehabilitation[2]	Commodity Distribution & General Assistance	Crippled Children	State Homes & Schools	Schools for Mentally Retarded	Schools for Blind & Deaf	Other State Agencies	Oklahoma Teaching Hospitals [2]
1955-56	$ 175,000	$ 175,000							
1956-57	175,000	175,000							
1957-58	300,000	300,000							
1958-59	300,000	300,000							
1959-60	2,450,000	300,000	$ 900,000	$ 1,250,000					
1960-61	2,450,000	300,000	900,000	1,250,000					
1961-62	4,260,000	350,000	900,000	1,300,000	$ 1,710,000				
1962-63	4,376,666	350,000	900,000	1,383,333	1,743,333				
1963-64	10,760,000	400,000	900,000	1,800,000	1,910,000	$ 3,750,000			
1964-65	10,760,000	400,000	900,000	1,800,000	1,910,000	3,750,000			
1965-66	12,033,120	400,000	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	$ 813,120		
1966-67	12,033,120	400,000	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120		
1967-68	12,708,120	400,000	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	$ 175,000	
1968-69	14,3[illegible]5,869	1,992,749	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	250,000	
1969-70	14,0[illegible]5,897	1,632,777	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	250,000	
1970-71	14,413,495	2,530,375	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	250,000	
1971-72	1[illegible],179,064	3,175,[illegible]	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	370,000	
1972-73	14,995,105	2,755,985	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	606,000	
1973-74	1[illegible],463,507	3,456,250	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	830,000	$ 3,544,137
1974-75	20,729,269	3,418,447	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	371,666	5,306,036
1975-76	23,358,511	6,077,210	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	854,792	4,793,389
1976-77	26,496,581	6,813,475	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	409,454	7,640,532
1977-78	31,387,154	7,911,906	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	426,916	11,415,212
1978-79	39,952,690	9,418,975	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	827,659	18,072,936
1979-80	44,833,983	12,095,121	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	918,538	20,187,204
1980-81	83,723,281	12,971,579	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	1,478,944	57,639,638
1981-82	160,974,625	14,633,088	900,000	1,800,000	2,120,000	6,000,000	813,120	1,699,331	133,009,086
TOTAL	**596,680,057**	**93,133,881**	**20,700,000**	**39,383,333**	**43,313,333**	**109,500,000**	**13,823,040**	**9,718,300**	**261,608,170**

1/ Includes $2,000,000 transferred per year to state mental hospitals (1964, 1965) and $500,000 transferred per year to the State Department of Corrections (1968, 1969, 1970) before apportionment to the State Assistance Fund.

2/ Senate Bills 639 and 316 and House Bill 1713 transferring Vocational Rehabilitation, Children's Memorial Hospital, Child Study Center, and Oklahoma Memorial Hospital to the Department of Human Services did not specify an amount to be spent. This is the net expenditure for each year.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS
By Category

Fiscal Year	Total	State Supplemental Payments			AFDC
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	
1937	$ 7,402,992	$ 6,539,620	$ 74,316	$ 0	$ 789,056
1938	14,883,269	12,134,133	350,039	0	2,399,097
1939	16,557,527	13,690,930	382,625	0	2,483,972
1940	17,847,149	14,765,668	390,984	0	2,690,497
1941	19,684,652	15,927,184	412,558	0	3,344,910
1942	22,382,393	17,310,215	521,935	0	4,550,243
1943	25,382,393	19,925,618	603,640	0	4,701,505
1944	28,578,667	22,819,154	641,012	0	5,118,501
1945	32,205,962	25,826,819	641,012	0	5,690,321
1946	42,462,893	34,547,479	688,822	0	7,080,236
1947	57,704,342	44,229,939	1,109,094	0	12,365,309
1948	63,142,010	49,095,452	1,314,064	0	12,732,494
1949	74,680,613	58,911,920	1,590,188	0	14,178,505
1950	75,909,185	60,019,602	1,668,643	0	14,220,940
1951	71,274,371	54,260,626	1,552,487	0	15,461,258
1952	75,551,227	56,605,503	1,509,902	0	17,435,822
1953	95,809,286	71,798,828	2,071,037	2,883,139	19,056,282
1954	84,412,452	66,065,310	1,767,431	3,145,379	13,434,332
1955	85,563,762	66,259,361	1,701,214	3,467,249	14,135,938
1956	91,954,094	71,202,750	1,822,018	4,351,878	14,577,448
1957	96,732,617	74,008,139	1,870,873	5,167,898	15,685,707
1958	98,228,819	72,819,340	1,832,611	6,782,325	16,794,543
1959	99,527,162	70,379,422	1,820,805	7,553,835	19,773,100
1960	104,450,376	71,176,033	1,879,246	8,229,478	23,165,619
1961	106,787,184	71,306,846	1,888,158	9,043,744	24,548,436
1962	108,360,095	70,617,830	1,875,799	10,067,345	25,779,121
1963	113,028,609	73,156,437	1,935,852	11,534,189	26,402,131
1964	118,389,350	75,942,207	2,052,279	13,435,841	26,959,023
1965	120,177,645	75,500,987	2,010,536	15,309,153	27,356,969
1966	121,361,344	73,360,698	1,974,572	17,052,491	28,973,583
1967	126,078,781	70,341,165	1,873,034	19,490,943	34,373,639
1968	128,374,712	69,850,864	1,895,150	19,452,802	37,175,896
1969	118,627,873	64,885,569	1,748,542	15,465,298	36,528,464
1970	120,871,949	57,001,142	1,502,727	21,310,777	41,056,303
1971	129,127,112	54,220,250	1,500,029	24,262,922	49,143,911
1972	139,130,872	55,798,159	1,608,038	29,005,002	52,719,673
1973	125,397,173	47,045,568	1,477,689	27,684,642	49,189,274
1974	99,702,346	26,119,114	796,573	15,943,540	56,843,119
1975	84,634,596	12,779,463	229,870	5,791,543	65,833,720
1976	90,151,118	16,035,493	249,680	7,382,865	66,483,080
1977	95,479,392	16,715,140	250,624	8,066,868	70,446,760
1978	98,035,475	16,918,511	199,629	8,203,850	72,713,486
1979	110,384,039	20,652,140	255,806	10,335,009	79,141,084
1980	134,394,435	28,590,276	375,358	15,024,688	90,404,113
1981	138,055,071	27,314,184	391,480	15,223,747	95,125,660
1982	122,881,502	26,225,988	397,173	15,263,681	80,994,660

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS
By Category and by County

County	Total	State Supplemental Payments			AFDC
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	
TOTAL	**$122,881,502**	**$26,225,988**	**$397,173**	**$15,263,681**	**$80,994,660**
Adair	2,122,491	555,517	8,357	311,118	1,247,499
Alfalfa	109,947	48,330	0	19,851	41,766
Atoka	1,145,374	338,385	1,419	152,357	653,213
Beaver	53,404	20,691	948	9,274	22,491
Beckham	630,156	255,901	2,544	118,653	253,058
Blaine	376,426	105,276	2,028	45,593	223,529
Bryan	1,618,420	625,648	4,736	222,068	765,968
Caddo	1,849,848	468,446	6,153	233,207	1,142,042
Canadian	711,961	152,806	1,027	117,628	440,500
Carter	2,368,394	535,663	7,718	283,581	1,541,432
Cherokee	2,030,203	488,634	6,199	259,198	1,276,172
Choctaw	1,874,076	619,889	6,347	275,526	972,314
Cimarron	55,221	16,234	0	9,022	29,965
Cleveland	1,497,019	275,185	5,387	211,122	1,005,325
Coal	577,219	197,491	2,291	93,514	283,923
Comanche	4,620,974	412,763	14,189	337,541	3,856,481
Cotton	316,650	117,253	0	39,620	159,777
Craig	612,253	192,109	1,659	154,353	264,132
Creek	2,170,662	441,386	4,756	288,982	1,435,538
Custer	594,749	127,471	1,259	91,268	374,751
Delaware	1,664,470	450,190	2,256	252,720	959,304
Dewey	101,503	48,092	0	21,002	32,409
Ellis	64,277	33,190	0	6,768	24,319
Garfield	1,027,166	204,049	5,366	182,373	635,378
Garvin	1,166,230	460,484	948	174,874	529,924
Grady	1,285,065	407,119	4,263	172,182	701,501
Grant	70,353	29,358	0	15,595	25,400
Greer	416,129	176,522	0	46,044	193,563
Harmon	352,375	94,575	0	39,087	218,713
Harper	29,164	21,394	0	7,116	654
Haskell	921,242	280,334	2,607	155,387	482,914
Hughes	883,276	369,622	4,092	133,922	375,640
Jackson	1,665,254	301,695	7,395	156,782	1,199,382
Jefferson	311,934	182,518	948	61,598	66,870
Johnston	795,073	273,538	2,370	116,718	402,447
Kay	802,755	221,132	6,335	138,508	436,780
Kingfisher	175,210	38,224	1,896	21,016	114,074
Kiowa	735,738	213,413	237	88,426	433,662
Latimer	675,388	178,558	4,184	83,378	409,268
LeFlore	3,209,960	863,993	10,833	460,339	1,874,795
Lincoln	882,829	242,982	3,021	123,133	513,693
Logan	845,699	192,927	2,572	103,922	546,278
Love	326,589	162,670	948	60,336	102,635
McClain	505,913	216,358	1,738	91,184	196,633
McCurtain	3,670,202	988,005	8,918	455,915	2,217,364
McIntosh	1,271,925	437,479	3,157	209,098	622,191
Major	65,810	35,961	0	13,570	16,279
Marshall	545,999	191,766	3,473	80,052	270,708
Mayes	1,403,567	421,584	5,097	197,023	779,863
Murray	615,255	199,098	439	102,183	313,535
Muskogee	4,996,885	1,037,344	30,240	688,224	3,240,477
Noble	257,775	53,579	708	47,521	155,967
Nowata	341,355	103,408	1,501	78,713	157,733
Okfuskee	837,502	303,502	1,027	137,287	395,686
Oklahoma	24,930,513	2,465,622	67,878	2,193,245	20,203,768
Okmulgee	2,689,816	559,932	6,399	389,680	1,733,805
Osage	1,370,252	313,679	2,524	167,969	886,080
Ottawa	1,584,415	341,408	7,462	243,113	992,432
Pawnee	442,714	133,516	3,449	72,623	233,126
Payne	813,729	226,008	2,877	122,756	462,088
Pittsburg	2,139,903	626,724	10,066	300,493	1,202,620
Pontotoc	1,451,077	455,721	7,957	222,093	765,306
Pottawatomie	2,750,390	609,300	10,081	346,118	1,784,891
Pushmataha	909,657	308,583	2,528	143,162	455,384
Roger Mills	121,371	36,373	708	19,965	64,325

TABLE 6. Continued.

County	Total	State Supplemental Payments			AFDC
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	
Rogers	$ 1,066,112	$ 316,800	$ 4,500	$ 152,732	$ 592,080
Seminole	2,037,766	481,688	2,177	319,250	1,234,651
Sequoyah	2,573,052	702,094	6,598	359,518	1,504,842
Stephens	1,113,567	395,677	5,804	166,777	545,309
Texas	201,297	37,325	0	34,353	129,619
Tillman	851,366	195,355	4,971	99,968	551,072
Tulsa	14,721,507	1,820,216	44,369	1,520,346	11,336,576
Wagoner	1,647,472	377,895	9,164	187,831	1,072,582
Washington	603,133	171,583	2,773	104,620	324,157
Washita	273,945	86,706	354	38,016	148,869
Woods	164,970	66,537	0	26,378	72,055
Woodward	168,164	66,905	948	37,203	63,108

TABLE 7

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE PAYMENTS
Monthly Average by Category

1937-1982

Fiscal Year	Aged	Blind	Disabled	AFDC
1937	$13.22	$ 16.26	$	$ 8.52
1938	15.16	15.15		14.80
1939	17.68	16.11		13.82
1940	17.63	15.10		12.93
1941	17.88	15.82		14.73
1942	18.74	20.08		19.47
1943	21.52	23.79		22.68
1944	24.89	27.46		30.58
1945	28.09	30.95		33.77
1946	35.20	36.52		35.20
1947	40.67	41.59		43.20
1948	42.81	42.91		42.55
1949	50.15	50.93		50.12
1950	50.00	51.52		50.28
1951	45.80	48.37		59.02
1952	49.24	51.58	35.79	71.13
1953	63.46	72.00	66.60	89.63
1954	58.50	67.15	55.45	72.00
1955	58.74	69.41	54.36	74.90
1956	63.24	76.18	58.54	79.26
1957	65.95	80.22	61.73	84.23
1958	65.32	80.15	72.08	86.40
1959	63.94	80.56	72.28	97.43
1960	65.99	83.73	75.24	110.49
1961	67.46	86.16	77.46	112.12
1962	68.33	88.18	79.65	113.57
1963	72.87	94.28	85.07	121.08
1964	76.56	101.59	90.64	125.30
1965	76.78	102.73	92.20	126.46
1966	75.57	102.92	92.32	130.14
1967	76.51	105.38	95.28	126.22
1968	73.41	104.32	94.68	134.34
1969	70.84	103.18	93.95	130.23
1970	69.26	102.88	93.82	133.12
1971	68.98	105.76	97.23	135.58
1972	68.78	107.46	100.46	136.30
1973	67.67	107.68	100.70	134.15
1974	43.26	63.81	59.82	164.70
1975	21.46	22.61	23.07	179.20
1976	26.52	28.42	28.16	189.68
1977	30.06	31.69	31.04	200.24
1978	33.68	34.82	33.72	206.66
1979	43.04	46.51	44.23	223.57
1980	61.85	71.30	66.67	242.41
1981	61.96	71.86	67.21	241.71
1982	61.90	72.24	67.37	248.34

1/ Aid to Aged, Blind and Disabled became the federal Supplemental Security Income Program. Oklahoma maintains state supplementation to eligible persons.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE RECIPIENTS
Average Monthly Cases and Persons by Category

Fiscal Year	Total		Aged		Blind		Disabled		AFDC	
	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons
1937	60,919	92,306	49,720	55,687	914	1,155			10,285	35,464
1938	82,741	124,784	67,134	75,190	1,931	2,441			13,676	47,153
1939	82,953	129,093	65,513	73,375	2,022	2,556			15,418	53,162
1940	90,234	142,415	70,431	78,883	2,175	2,749			17,628	60,783
1941	96,276	152,922	74,850	83,833	2,193	2,772			19,233	66,317
1942	99,534	157,851	77,565	86,873	2,184	2,760			19,785	68,218
1943	97,619	150,582	77,831	87,015	2,134	2,697			17,654	60,870
1944	93,187	137,276	77,082	86,024	1,959	2,476			14,146	48,776
1945	93,270	137,201	77,259	86,066	1,863	2,354			14,148	48,781
1946	101,138	152,103	82,381	91,607	1,913	2,418			16,844	58,078
1947	117,533	187,168	91,329	100,371	2,228	2,816			23,976	83,981
1948	124,040	197,078	96,350	105,889	2,561	3,238			25,129	87,951
1949	125,081	194,919	98,716	108,489	2,614	3,303			23,751	83,127
1950	127,376	197,463	100,914	110,905	2,710	3,425			23,752	83,133
1951	124,343	189,949	99,645	109,510	2,684	3,392			22,014	77,047
1952	121,598	184,654	96,755	106,886	2,579	3,260	1,613	1,923	20,651	72,585
1953	119,401	177,385	95,392	106,387	2,411	3,036	3,637	4,303	17,961	63,659
1954	118,008	168,680	95,206	105,600	2,211	2,816	4,776	5,751	15,815	54,513
1955	118,447	168,272	95,484	105,669	2,064	2,687	5,384	6,529	15,515	53,387
1956	119,305	170,207	95,270	105,125	2,008	2,650	6,274	7,499	15,753	54,933
1957	119,761	171,717	94,826	104,270	1,957	2,601	7,057	8,303	15,921	56,543
1958	120,416	174,147	94,098	103,016	1,917	2,543	7,914	9,318	16,487	59,270
1959	120,457	175,940	92,628	100,954	1,890	2,498	8,775	10,346	17,164	62,142
1960	119,504	176,873	90,725	98,484	1,878	2,465	9,185	10,817	17,716	65,107
1961	119,101	179,193	88,898	96,121	1,835	2,399	9,805	11,521	18,563	69,152
1962	118,637	181,316	86,936	93,566	1,782	2,330	10,639	12,519	19,280	72,901
1963	116,264	177,980	84,524	90,747	1,729	2,244	11,416	13,451	18,595	71,538
1964	116,718	180,219	83,815	90,102	1,707	2,213	12,525	14,867	18,671	73,037
1965	117,533	182,409	83,108	89,442	1,654	2,133	14,033	16,722	18,738	74,112
1966	118,818	186,935	82,224	88,492	1,625	2,073	15,646	18,600	19,323	77,770
1967	123,214	197,575	81,677	87,943	1,579	2,005	18,174	21,757	21,784	85,870
1968	123,516	200,596	79,394	85,512	1,516	1,901	19,671	23,537	22,935	89,646
1969	120,504	195,503	76,460	82,303	1,414	1,757	19,431	23,159	23,199	88,284
1970	122,468	201,021	74,924	80,570	1,330	1,639	20,676	24,435	25,538	94,377
1971	124,688	211,204	71,825	77,219	1,296	1,594	22,802	26,936	28,765	105,455
1972	124,268	214,045	67,605	72,634	1,247	1,532	24,059	28,462	31,357	111,417
1973	110,807	191,725	57,817	62,122	1,137	1,393	22,672	26,605	29,181	101,605
1974'	100,775	173,849	50,199	53,731	1,032	1,248	21,907	25,501	27,637	93,369
1975	100,241	172,526	49,198	51,937	840	995	20,685	23,336	29,518	96,258
1976	100,454	166,555	50,150	52,388	728	856	21,670	23,907	27,906	89,404
1977	96,055	160,177	45,919	47,763	652	752	21,384	23,233	28,100	88,429
1978	90,729	152,609	41,832	43,382	476	547	20,244	21,799	28,177	86,881
1979	88,003	148,174	39,899	41,241	457	516	19,399	20,728	28,248	85,689
1980	86,802	147,380	38,410	39,587	437	494	18,687	19,845	29,268	87,454
1981	86,530	148,435	36,538	37,572	449	504	18,684	19,780	30,859	90,579
1982	80,102	132,014	35,103	35,975	452	504	18,634	19,641	25,913	75,894

1/ Aid to Aged, Blind and Disabled became the federal Supplemental Security Income Program. Oklahoma maintains State Supplemental Payments to SSI recipients and other eligible persons.

TABLE 9

APPLICATION AND CASE MOVEMENT
By Category

1981-1982

Applications and Cases	Total	State Supplemental Payments			AFDC	Medically Needy [1]	Food Stamps	General Assistance	AFDC Emergency
		Aged	Blind	Disabled					
APPLICATIONS									
Pending June 30, 1981	11,058	201	3	162	1,669	3,766	5,257 [2]	0	0
Received	320,264	4,456	86	3,802	28,051	21,614	248,212	6,150	7,893
Total during year	331,322	4,657	89	3,964	29,720	25,380	253,469	6,150	7,893
Disposed of during year	319,274	4,435	85	3,777	27,866	21,876	247,192	6,150	7,893
Approved	260,185	3,864	77	3,299	18,075	5,326	218,894	4,665	5,985
Not approved	59,089	571	8	478	9,791	16,550	28,298	1,485	1,908
Pending June 30, 1982	12,048	222	4	187	1,854	3,504	6,277	0	0
CASES									
Continued June 30, 1981	189,136	37,833	492	19,002	30,382	21,103	80,324	0	0
Added	260,185	3,864	77	3,299	18,075	5,326	218,894	4,665	5,985
Total during year	449,321	41,697	569	22,301	48,457	26,429	299,218	4,665	5,985
Closed	272,955	5,224	74	3,541	26,273	4,587	222,606	4,665	5,985
Continued June 30, 1982	176,366	36,473	495	18,760	22,184	21,842	76,612	0	0

1/ These applications are for adults only. For persons under 21, see Table 22.
2/ Adjusted from preceding report.

TABLE 10

1981-1982

APPEALS, ACTION AND DISPOSITION
By Category

Action and Disposition	Total	State Supplemental Payment			AFDC	Medically Needy	Food Stamps	Other
		Aged	Blind	Disabled				
Pending from preceding period	87	5	1	3	12	16	38	12
Received during this period	980	91	1	99	317	205	83	184
Total during this period	1,067	96	2	102	329	221	121	196
Disposed of during this period	980	92	2	101	313	207	80	185
By Committee decision	785	61	2	78	247	176	54	167
In favor of appellant	349	19	1	24	148	32	5	120
Not in favor of appellant	341	40	1	52	83	98	35	32
Dismissed	95	2	0	2	16	46	14	15
Withdrawn	195	31	0	23	66	31	26	18
Pending at end of period	87	4	0	1	16	14	41	11

TABLE 11 1981-1982

FACTORS IN DISPOSAL OF APPEALS
By Factor Involved and by Category

Factors Involved	Total	Category						
		Aged	Blind	Disabled	AFDC	Medically Needy	Food Stamps	Other
TOTAL	**980**	**92**	**2**	**101**	**313**	**207**	**80**	**185**
Need	81	12	0	2	26	30	10	1
Income	20	4	0	1	9	0	5	1
Income of family group	12	2	0	0	7	0	3	0
Real and personal property	19	1	0	1	7	9	1	0
Real and personal property of appellant's group	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Disposition of resources (transfer of property)	25	5	0	0	1	19	0	0
Contributions from relatives not in family group	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Medicare not exhausted	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Total and permanent disability	41	0	0	0	0	41	0	0
Regular school attendance	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Deprivation	83	0	0	0	83	0	0	0
Physical or mental incapacity	67	0	0	0	67	0	0	0
Continued absence	16	0	0	0	16	0	0	0
Residence	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Delay in certification	172	10	1	18	124	1	2	16
Non-compliance	156	15	0	21	50	22	44	4
Nursing services	203	39	1	53	1	109	0	0
NTMC	16	11	0	3	0	2	0	0
Nursing home care	187	28	1	50	1	107	0	0
Vocational Rehabilitation	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
Day care	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
Overpayment	47	0	0	3	18	2	24	0
Low Income Energy Assistance	96	0	0	0	0	0	0	96
AFDC Emergency	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Not timely	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
General assistance	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
Crippled Children	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	17
Underpayment	7	0	0	2	5	0	0	0
Child support	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Refused employment	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Administrative error	5	2	0	2	0	1	0	0
Refugee assistance	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Relative provider	14	14	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 12 1981-1982

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE CASES OPENED
By Reason: Cases and Percent

Reported Reasons for Case Action	Cases	Percent
TOTAL	**25,315**	**100.0**
Reduction in family income - illness, injury, or death	5,382	21.3
Reduction in support	5,548	21.9
Reduction in family income - other cause	2,151	8.5
Reduction in assets to meet costs, within agency policy	540	2.1
Increased need or requirements	1,760	7.0
Correction of administrative error	2,469	9.8
Transfer from another program of aid	1,409	5.6
Living below agency standards	2,644	10.4
Attainment of technical eligibility	1,643	6.5
Other reasons for opening	1,769	6.9

TABLE 12 Continued

Reported Reasons for Case Action	Cases	Percent
State Supplementation to the Aged, Blind, or Disabled	**7,240**	**100.0**
Reduction in family income - illness, injury, or death	1,421	19.6
Reduction in support	91	1.3
Reduction in family income - other cause	218	3.0
Reduction in assets to meet costs, within agency policy	362	5.0
Increased need or requirements	783	10.8
Correction of administrative error	319	4.4
Transfer from another program of aid	1,044	14.4
Living below agency standards	1,394	19.3
Attainment of technical eligibility	1,041	14.4
Other reasons for opening	567	7.8
Aid to Families with Dependent Children	**18,075**	**100.0**
Reduction in family income - illness, injury, or death	3,961	21.9
Reduction in support	5,457	30.2
Reduction in family income - other cause	1,933	10.7
Reduction in assets to meet costs, within agency policy	178	1.0
Increased need or requirements	977	5.4
Correction of administrative error	2,150	11.9
Transfer from another program of aid	365	2.0
Living below agency standards	1,250	6.9
Attainment of technical eligibility	602	3.3
Other reasons for opening	1,202	6.7

TABLE 13

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE CASES CLOSED By Reason: Cases and Percent

1981-1982

Reported Reasons for Case Action	Cases	Percent
TOTAL	**35,112**	**100.0**
Death of recipient	3,259	9.3
Increased income by a person in the home	4,715	13.4
Increased support	1,501	4.3
Increased income from benefits or pensions	1,492	4.2
Other improvements in economic circumstances	945	2.7
Change in law or DHS policy	2,073	5.9
No eligible child in the home (AFDC only)	1,460	4.2
No longer incapacitated or disabled	517	1.5
Admitted to an institution	218	0.6
Moved out of state	2,367	6.7
Unable to locate	2,961	8.4
Did not comply with procedural requirements	2,312	6.6
Transfer to another program of aid	1,932	5.5
Closure requested by the client	3,858	11.0
Non-receipt of monthly report Form C-5	4,580	13.0
Other reasons for closure	922	2.7
State Supplementation to the Aged, Blind, or Disabled	**8,839**	**100.0**
Death of the recipient	3,219	36.4
Increased income by a person in the home	88	1.0
Increased income from benefits or pensions	837	9.5
Other improvements in economic circumstances	603	6.8
No longer incapacitated or disabled	302	3.4
Change in law or DHS policy	40	0.5
Admitted to an institution	178	2.0
Moved out of state	771	8.7
Unable to locate	527	6.0
Did not comply with procedural requirements	105	1.2
Transfer to another program of aid	1,822	20.6
Closure requested by the client	311	3.5
Other reasons for closure	36	0.4
Aid to Families with Dependent Children	**26,273**	**100.0**
Increased income by a person in the home	4,627	17.6
Increased support	1,434	5.5
Increased income from benefits or pensions	655	2.5
Other improvements in economic circumstances	409	1.6
No eligible child in the home	1,460	5.6
No longer incapacitated or disabled	215	0.8
Change in law or DHS policy	2,033	7.7
Moved out of state	1,596	6.1
Unable to locate	2,434	9.3
Did not comply with procedural requirements	2,207	8.4
Transfer to another program of aid	110	0.4
Closure requested by the client	3,547	13.5
Non-receipt of monthly report Form C-5	4,580	17.4
Other reasons for closure	966	3.6

TABLE 14

1981-1982

FOOD STAMP PROGRAM
Cases, Persons and Value, by Category and by County

County	Total			Public Assistance			Non-Public Assistance		
	Cases	Persons	Value	Cases	Persons	Total Value	Cases	Persons	Total Value
TOTAL	**153,880**	**430,382**	**$75,690,753**	**27,783**	**94,062**	**$26,681,729**	**126,097**	**336,320**	**$49,009,024**
Adair	2,124	7,067	1,456,858	293	1,128	292,990	1,831	5,939	1,163,868
Alfalfa	169	405	51,592	23	70	15,097	146	335	36,495
Atoka	1,358	3,879	726,683	209	693	183,883	1,149	3,186	542,800
Beaver	80	224	25,542	11	44	9,595	69	180	15,947
Beckham	782	2,019	260,383	79	292	75,194	703	1,727	185,189
Blaine	462	1,378	196,711	34	124	27,644	428	1,254	169,067
Bryan	2,060	5,543	984,831	291	934	249,913	1,769	4,609	734,918
Caddo	2,047	6,270	990,265	296	1,065	256,928	1,751	5,205	733,337
Canadian	868	2,466	341,270	145	510	129,370	723	1,956	211,900
Carter	2,958	7,802	1,374,441	502	1,729	501,254	2,456	6,073	873,187
Cherokee	2,672	7,955	1,471,908	428	1,381	336,272	2,244	6,574	1,135,636
Choctaw	1,896	5,280	1,016,862	279	1,016	285,406	1,617	4,264	731,456
Cimarron	126	344	53,701	11	33	9,581	115	311	44,120
Cleveland	2,122	5,849	850,154	449	1,458	325,317	1,673	4,391	524,837
Coal	689	1,860	334,384	99	330	84,158	590	1,530	250,226
Comanche	5,404	17,987	3,453,303	1,335	4,545	1,337,248	4,069	13,442	2,116,055
Cotton	459	1,236	196,884	51	181	46,724	408	1,055	150,160
Craig	702	2,012	321,416	97	329	72,843	605	1,683	248,573
Creek	2,865	8,340	1,409,410	455	1,511	405,308	2,410	6,829	1,004,102
Custer	868	2,647	358,209	125	445	101,581	743	2,202	256,628
Delaware	2,289	7,177	1,309,160	253	921	247,219	2,036	6,256	1,061,941
Dewey	157	431	45,995	14	41	7,196	143	390	38,799
Ellis	116	323	36,807	12	42	5,827	104	281	30,980
Garfield	1,961	5,649	717,127	244	828	190,042	1,717	4,821	527,085
Garvin	1,259	3,134	518,734	164	564	155,704	1,095	2,570	363,030
Grady	1,855	4,951	745,690	250	833	222,955	1,605	4,118	522,735
Grant	98	285	36,203	10	40	10,331	88	245	25,872
Greer	571	1,409	207,709	79	276	67,006	492	1,133	140,703
Harmon	375	1,236	253,818	67	236	70,937	308	1,000	182,881
Harper	40	98	9,190	0	0	0	40	98	9,190
Haskell	1,205	3,444	634,029	164	519	137,353	1,041	2,925	496,676
Hughes	972	2,533	426,179	108	406	107,572	864	2,127	318,607
Jackson	1,926	5,764	1,134,694	394	1,436	420,498	1,532	4,328	714,196
Jefferson	450	1,048	121,282	21	66	15,053	429	982	106,229
Johnston	980	2,630	450,424	125	395	105,939	855	2,235	344,485
Kay	1,691	4,797	644,291	165	526	109,204	1,526	4,271	535,087
Kingfisher	282	798	116,125	29	97	28,164	253	701	87,961
Kiowa	990	2,738	458,251	139	479	123,255	851	2,259	334,996
Latimer	944	2,856	499,628	140	480	123,156	804	2,376	376,472
LeFlore	3,932	11,403	2,109,006	611	2,046	559,228	3,321	9,357	1,549,778

TABLE 14. Continued.

County	Total			Public Assistance			Non-Public Assistance		
	Cases	Persons	Value	Cases	Persons	Total Value	Cases	Persons	Total Value
Lincoln	1,154	3,306	$ 481,523	181	639	$ 162,970	973	2,667	$ 318,553
Logan	1,217	3,149	539,608	190	592	168,102	1,027	2,557	371,506
Love	396	1,034	152,567	26	106	21,230	370	928	131,337
McClain	649	1,650	225,505	90	296	63,080	559	1,354	162,425
McCurtain	4,194	12,029	2,376,178	650	2,378	744,728	3,544	9,651	1,631,450
McIntosh	1,234	3,351	584,992	174	601	165,652	1,060	2,730	419,340
Major	116	342	39,174	6	16	3,354	110	326	35,820
Marshall	869	2,350	403,365	71	260	64,053	798	2,090	339,312
Mayes	2,313	6,641	1,099,286	280	962	243,196	2,033	5,679	856,090
Murray	889	2,259	317,954	130	398	93,936	759	1,861	224,018
Muskogee	4,627	12,539	2,153,506	1,020	3,490	1,066,834	3,607	9,049	1,086,672
Noble	482	1,602	214,257	45	163	29,750	437	1,439	184,507
Nowata	470	1,308	191,676	51	185	42,680	419	1,123	148,996
Okfuskee	922	2,568	434,497	115	437	113,465	807	2,131	321,032
Oklahoma	26,582	73,404	14,645,163	7,349	24,592	7,703,482	19,233	48,812	6,941,681
Okmulgee	3,039	8,566	1,442,031	523	1,785	530,077	2,516	6,781	911,954
Osage	1,835	4,895	820,590	375	1,173	319,019	1,460	3,722	501,571
Ottawa	2,594	7,158	1,321,340	382	1,204	304,109	2,212	5,954	1,017,231
Pawnee	657	1,875	262,076	79	263	55,430	578	1,612	206,646
Payne	1,646	4,484	668,326	217	697	155,466	1,429	3,787	512,860
Pittsburg	3,209	8,107	1,474,300	464	1,531	410,780	2,745	6,576	1,063,520
Pontotoc	2,134	5,443	863,420	284	901	220,234	1,850	4,542	643,186
Pottawatomie	3,837	10,312	1,917,886	701	2,245	621,215	3,136	8,067	1,296,671
Pushmataha	1,027	2,813	474,117	130	466	121,529	897	2,347	352,588
Roger Mills	136	394	68,451	19	60	12,702	117	334	55,749
Rogers	1,608	4,423	654,043	234	728	199,563	1,374	3,695	454,480
Seminole	1,983	5,904	1,078,429	331	1,241	314,667	1,652	4,663	763,762
Sequoyah	3,226	9,659	1,773,892	509	1,740	458,081	2,717	7,919	1,315,811
Stephens	1,363	3,549	507,364	186	643	172,809	1,177	2,906	334,555
Texas	475	1,334	186,896	56	188	44,292	419	1,146	142,604
Tillman	993	3,135	604,755	154	549	150,498	839	2,586	454,257
Tulsa	20,979	55,746	9,533,748	3,946	13,417	3,911,011	17,033	42,329	5,622,737
Wagoner	2,037	5,777	1,000,058	391	1,297	351,453	1,646	4,480	648,605
Washington	1,084	2,832	421,523	126	408	109,829	958	2,424	311,694
Washita	415	1,307	166,044	43	165	37,663	372	1,142	128,381
Woods	273	799	121,362	34	124	22,800	239	675	98,562
Woodward	412	1,091	121,702	20	73	19,045	392	1,018	102,657

DONATED FOOD COMMODITIES
Average Retail Value by Issue and by County

County	Total	Schools	Institutions	Elderly Nutrition	Child Care	Summer Camps	Needy Families
TOTAL	**$23,366,551.14**	**$17,088,249.05**	**$2,006,517.08**	**$1,685,996.86**	**$553,477.92**	**$151,850.95**	**$1,880,459.28**
Adair	226,704.54	169,097.00	12,791.71	23,734.61	442.42	0	20,638.80
Alfalfa	58,521.81	48,931.37	5,815.48	0	0	0	3,774.96
Atoka	205,965.71	79,289.84	91,699.22	20,756.45	1,096.04	0	13,124.16
Beaver	71,110.16	61,942.21	7,562.71	0	0	0	1,605.24
Beckham	137,546.79	111,045.06	7,577.11	7,001.69	5,629.64	577.93	5,715.36
Blaine	120,331.63	95,318.30	12,244.55	0	1,787.88	0	10,980.90
Bryan	305,666.12	221,255.27	13,196.58	35,464.58	8,707.57	0	27,042.12
Caddo	382,150.56	267,650.56	5,314.63	50,545.55	2,280.55	5,450.23	50,909.04
Canadian	368,668.11	349,582.93	6,895.94	0	0	0	12,189.24
Carter	375,764.18	265,601.80	45,535.25	31,365.44	7,809.53	1,532.32	23,919.84
Cherokee	287,110.00	221,318.86	10,804.64	18,318.18	10,226.26	775.86	25,666.20
Choctaw	177,134.85	114,375.42	6,616.60	23,058.68	3,676.22	1,095.73	28,312.20
Cimarron	38,646.59	31,980.82	4,866.49	0	0	0	1,799.28
Cleveland	902,093.22	569,646.28	248,693.80	34,198.34	18,344.34	3,109.94	28,100.52
Coal	86,457.79	49,611.85	12,912.66	9,962.40	0	0	13,970.88
Comanche	756,180.52	586,081.42	40,189.91	62,252.77	16,805.53	16,717.49	34,133.40
Cotton	87,367.45	36,702.80	0	41,292.46	0	375.79	8,996.40
Craig	156,485.31	87,477.84	61,069.72	0	306.61	434.02	7,197.12
Creek	446,545.00	336,546.61	28,107.58	50,836.96	3,194.24	694.01	27,165.60
Custer	236,711.50	177,650.32	35,142.83	8,433.68	2,519.27	0	12,965.40
Delaware	225,234.83	194,718.58	14,936.70	0	4,678.03	0	10,901.52
Dewey	71,552.39	49,272.97	16,405.30	0	0	0	5,874.12
Ellis	41,907.36	39,994.61	0	0	0	369.25	1,543.50
Garfield	494,716.74	401,693.40	26,196.54	30,596.09	6,268.75	5,530.56	24,431.40
Garvin	235,455.99	197,019.36	3,773.47	14,235.37	0	159.43	20,268.36
Grady	299,672.37	218,903.15	7,862.06	23,837.27	11,696.59	1,652.30	35,721.00
Grant	51,556.03	44,891.29	2,007.78	0	0	0	4,656.96
Greer	106,849.08	44,269.72	34,438.82	15,562.21	0	1,782.65	10,795.68
Harmon	49,374.40	33,907.92	5,935.43	4,023.18	0	268.79	5,239.08
Harper	31,953.80	28,806.13	0	0	0	184.15	2,963.52
Haskell	163,418.74	81,374.10	14,266.81	8,135.46	14,059.42	1,659.35	43,923.60
Hughes	169,415.33	96,110.87	3,652.45	37,412.38	4,726.26	630.01	26,883.36
Jackson	292,284.04	236,764.56	8,880.01	12,704.39	11,794.78	390.18	21,750.12
Jefferson	73,080.65	48,518.96	914.65	596.92	2,146.72	0	20,903.40
Johnston	130,149.64	77,253.85	9,313.51	16,894.38	12,981.62	0	13,706.28
Kay	324,929.44	248,317.91	22,653.92	32,496.47	4,502.78	2,458.28	14,500.08
Kingfisher	131,032.56	112,558.87	10,106.47	0	3,013.48	0	5,353.74
Kiowa	98,825.90	81,371.75	4,152.50	8,093.71	0	868.50	4,339.44
Latimer	146,579.44	58,894.00	25,426.63	10,619.02	3,429.67	0	48,210.12
LeFlore	459,749.34	301,653.48	52,670.65	30,223.72	21,942.17	551.00	52,708.32

TABLE 15. Continued

County	Total	Schools	Institutions	Elderly Nutrition	Child Care	Summer Camps	Needy Families
Lincoln	$ 220,940.07	$ 163,009,62	$ 3,810.86	$ 17,737.64	$ 0	$ 290.51	$ 36,091.44
Logan	192,865.77	148,514.02	5,847.30	20,208.52	0	365.05	17,939.88
Love	68,173.12	46,560.53	3,844.08	9,460.07	0	0	8,308.44
McClain	175,017.85	118,424.52	1,689.58	22,717.09	2,128.10	0	30,058.56
McCurtain	429,657.79	313,642.91	6,604.12	32,230.15	18,777.16	2,255.33	56,148.12
McIntosh	177,486.27	99,135.54	18,074.57	35,718.67	5,439.59	842.86	18,275.04
Major	86,197.53	60,250.10	14,224.91	0	1,987.36	191.92	9,543.24
Marshall	85,385.21	56,925.61	7,570.74	0	5,323.24	5,352.06	10,213.56
Mayes	241,471.76	217,245.80	2,088.46	0	8,272.46	0	13,865.04
Murray	128,941.43	72,276.08	23,830.81	21,350.90	0	0	11,483.64
Muskogee	626,038.11	433,829.41	69,106.03	57,651.08	17,085.60	3,004.73	45,361.26
Noble	102,798.32	73,029.73	4,695.59	8,009.06	0	156.00	16,907.94
Nowata	76,131.61	66,347.48	2,004.89	0	0	0	7,779.24
Okfuskee	164,139.91	100,115.53	2,576.65	34,709.10	2,483.80	167.41	24,087.42
Oklahoma	3,339,396.67	2,438,187.31	284,845.10	107,795.10	140,098.19	55,607.51	312,863.04
Okmulgee	368,687.29	257,289.73	9,808.90	54,846.66	9,537.25	134.29	37,070.46
Osage	263,503.85	117,939.62	62,161.42	50,901.70	4,504.49	213.62	27,783.00
Ottawa	312,998.23	232,185.61	9,625.07	35,838.77	3,755.54	0	31,593.24
Pawnee	148,835.97	82,056.92	25,434.90	453.67	1,729.68	0	39,160.80
Payne	308,328.88	233,814.38	20,221.58	25,038.77	13,526.27	2,524.34	13,203.54
Pittsburg	597,959.58	309,570.74	181,084.15	41,523.22	6,711.42	4,086.17	54,983.88
Pontotoc	320,273.44	212,918.63	23,968.42	47,118.22	7,094.53	2,290.28	26,883.36
Pottawatomie	453,546.46	340,146.83	9,430.33	58,354.43	16,572.40	783.19	28,259.28
Pushmataha	142,284.82	91,211.04	6,344.39	15,031.52	6,786.89	790.42	22,120.56
Roger Mills	41,292.86	34,079.16	1,953.56	0	2,614.14	0	2,646.00
Rogers	319,504.70	289,349.58	17,983.52	0	0	0	12,171.60
Seminole	278,487.06	194,327.60	12,470.21	45,008.47	8,903.68	2,271.54	15,505.56
Sequoyah	345,588.42	283,572.20	6,271.75	29,757.74	437.72	253.25	25,295.76
Stephens	318,632.70	245,066.80	7,161.53	35,775.41	9,042.53	1,318.07	20,268.36
Texas	134,479.64	118,512.94	9,986.74	0	0	0	5,979.96
Tillman	99,797.39	75,350.27	1,112.93	216.17	11,242.04	127.74	11,748.24
Tulsa	2,889,511.54	2,407,439.84	166,108.45	132,091.25	55,010.34	16,124.42	112,737.24
Wagoner	185,636.82	149,846.29	0	24,180.55	0	1,502.26	10,107.72
Washington	320,437.19	253,157.05	2,726.63	37,291.42	7,990.13	3,237.20	16,034.76
Washita	129,520.22	101,600.89	16,889.30	6,267.23	0	0	4,762.80
Woods	66,919.57	61,563.12	1,069.93	0	0	0	4,286.52
Woodward	180,783.18	112,353.58	43,258.57	16,061.50	2,357.00	702.01	6,050.52

MEDICAL PAYMENTS
By Category and Type of Service

Type of Service	Total	Categories						
		Combined Adult Categories	AFDC	Medically Needy			Vocational Rehabilitation	Crippled Children
				Under 21	21—64	65 & Over		
TOTAL	**$384,101,695.94**	**$125,451,408.34**	**$43,068,923.58**	**$71,934,968.02**	**$52,853,747.11**	**$84,356,215.32**	**$5,716,439.58**	**$919,993.99**
Physicians' exams	10,330,570.43	2,257,660.18	4,056,998.89	2,274,176.88	864,925.65	237,584.29	589,998.43	49,226.11
Surgical care	8,788,726.08	1,478,500.06	2,459,028.55	2,479,041.80	1,691,029.08	47,128.30	592,110.60	41,887.69
Anesthesia	1,666,917.07	222,219.49	527,040.43	485,476.46	341,205.76	11,667.32	73,726.41	5,581.20
Obstetrical care	2,987,313.42	26,614.65	1,079,223.64	1,131,040.43	733,609.90	10,527.80	0.00	6,297.00
Radiology	2,158,282.30	450,887.83	687,909.23	366,418.02	435,119.11	21,799.14	182,574.85	13,574.12
Laboratory	1,167,593.15	158,557.35	560,035.74	191,672.64	158,324.51	9,162.81	81,639.38	8,200.72
Child health screening	424,378.37	100.00	405,243.37	17,874.50	795.50	145.00	0.00	220.00
Injections	121,051.75	12,309.15	95,795.27	10,572.07	1,713.61	55.55	467.25	138.85
Electrocardiography	139,296.74	46,511.06	30,682.02	16,468.17	34,145.33	2,009.26	9,438.10	42.80
Chemotherapy	104,873.91	37,358.37	17,116.86	8,567.39	41,109.24	528.53	84.96	108.56
Psychotherapy	98,812.27	47,784.82	22,550.99	13,192.29	2,523.74	73.11	12,687.32	0.00
Family planning	921,494.53	65,840.90	636,117.04	403.90	214,777.69	4,355.00	0.00	0.00
Other physicians' care	956,531.75	131,700.35	425,683.42	93,795.41	53,083.86	6,017.19	239,864.17	6,387.35
Dental care	4,997,754.44	193,141.58	3,162,540.92	885,001.53	75,739.75	13,161.76	624,142.61	44,026.29
Other professional care	306,052.71	14,898.46	196,847.45	45,164.56	3,179.00	230.00	45,448.24	285.00
Inpatient hospitalization	116,767,303.48	21,526,063.87	26,487,645.02	40,522,553.23	18,592,550.23	6,567,861.22	2,617,930.91	452,699.00
Outpatient hospitalization	987,220.27	100,315.93	120,513.99	639,286.00	10,078.00	431.50	86,791.09	29,803.76
Long-term care	175,027,864.42	51,852,580.50	31,482.00	22,273,854.55	28,213,697.00	72,654,452.37	0.00	1,798.00
Non-Technical medical care	25,186,055.30	21,994,804.87	21,517.28	1,425.62	338,088.54	2,830,218.99	0.00	0.00
Appliances	692,203.86	6,500.00	25,013.21	44,172.90	0.00	771.00	425,124.52	190,622.23
Blood	19,893.44	14,794.00	0.00	0.00	1,611.85	3,487.59	0.00	0.00
Transportation	329,090.90	119,979.25	105,104.60	72,620.37	22,877.82	5,905.45	1,785.86	817.55
Other services	73,820.34	5,560.10	5,858.45	55,989.48	38.00	90.00	959.66	5,324.65
Buy-in agreement	5,334,667.90	5,332,607.90	2,060.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Physician deductible and co-insurance	6,892,221.04	6,105,842.59	10,334.93	3,028.29	87,741.90	682,316.86	2,956.47	0.00
Other deductible and co-insurance	4,355,141.55	3,705,917.10	2,600.00	3,488.00	67,183.73	557,416.43	18,536.29	0.00
Rentals and purchases	258,131.53	125,801.97	3,909.31	22.00	4,103.65	11,548.69	110,172.46	2,573.45
Prescribed drugs	12,479,516.66	9,407,249.15	1,780,659.86	14,612.60	650,975.76	626,019.29	0.00	0.00
Medications	528,916.33	9,306.86	109,411.11	285,048.93	13,518.90	51,250.87	0.00	60,379.66

TABLE 17

1981-1982

TITLE XIX MEDICAL PAYMENTS
By Type of Service and by County

County	Total	Hospital	Physicians'	Inter. Care Facilities	NTMC	Prescribed Drugs	Other
TOTAL[1]	$377,465,262.37	$119,020,343.01	$37,984,025.62	$175,026,066.42	$25,186,055.30	$12,479,516.66	$2,434,587.46
Adair	3,635,396.96	1,227,969.36	559,005.98	1,196,059.00	464,905.93	157,917.86	29,538.83
Alfalfa	856,780.43	198,703.84	107,165.80	488,644.00	26,207.68	23,117.98	12,941.13
Atoka	3,101,410.22	826,119.78	357,910.48	1,302,232.00	429,389.10	167,753.22	18,005.64
Beaver	258,498.40	53,951.59	15,785.62	160,565.50	1,718.20	5,316.55	1,160.94
Beckham	2,304,207.83	665,716.75	178,393.21	1,229,345.00	86,669.29	128,854.15	15,229.43
Blaine	1,891,889.82	483,679.99	106,844.70	1,180,306.28	63,966.97	48,123.99	8,967.89
Bryan	4,552,998.84	1,112,299.25	539,503.45	2,195,760.00	401,991.73	269,160.29	34,284.12
Caddo	5,517,279.59	1,290,302.63	489,237.17	3,225,554.00	268,769.02	222,401.85	21,014.92
Canadian	3,185,662.65	903,231.70	245,996.11	1,855,461.00	64,077.99	101,268.15	15,627.70
Carter	5,843,245.20	1,803,515.82	688,012.41	2,750,243.00	332,952.93	236,428.39	32,092.65
Cherokee	3,978,612.65	1,311,830.56	563,280.99	1,498,666.00	361,747.83	203,676.77	39,410.50
Choctaw	3,385,423.04	1,027,787.62	429,088.41	1,221,109.00	474,621.60	205,780.16	27,036.25
Cimarron	126,164.10	24,782.59	10,900.30	86,106.00	1,440.66	2,729.71	204.84
Cleveland	8,336,135.13	4,269,060.54	580,985.41	3,223,228.50	84,634.23	145,094.55	33,131.90
Coal	1,359,108.33	403,797.24	147,120.02	429,851.00	293,536.46	75,190.26	9,613.35
Comanche	7,092,331.53	2,918,431.51	1,085,257.28	2,447,941.50	326,077.87	236,121.37	78,502.00
Cotton	961,223.46	152,285.83	68,465.97	577,256.00	118,536.58	41,896.26	2,782.82
Craig	3,127,467.62	1,093,920.93	197,037.68	1,656,330.50	97,321.79	73,843.29	9,013.43
Creek	6,439,457.65	2,367,238.08	721,198.00	2,632,992.00	447,733.32	236,984.45	33,311.80
Custer	2,641,803.74	827,110.93	214,203.19	1,474,343.00	43,353.50	74,369.03	8,424.09
Delaware	3,841,795.56	1,219,289.38	449,258.92	1,423,399.00	535,780.39	190,880.43	23,187.44
Dewey	638,411.42	214,155.97	53,708.27	329,175.00	17,905.75	21,150.08	2,316.35
Ellis	408,768.14	135,156.56	31,542.42	217,560.00	11,940.52	10,294.43	2,274.21
Garfield	17,499,676.84	1,671,933.34	491,815.51	15,138,691.50	61,605.56	113,199.98	22,430.95
Garvin	14,980,251.48	1,084,940.78	367,647.33	13,050,282.00	276,304.04	181,948.82	19,128.51
Grady	3,979,251.83	1,383,671.50	475,356.89	1,669,957.00	254,868.10	172,444.24	22,954.10
Grant	714,453.04	127,254.23	30,837.23	528,412.00	14,274.90	12,130.41	1,544.27
Greer	1,207,418.48	312,953.48	129,838.62	540,306.00	121,643.26	95,339.45	7,337.67
Harmon	1,169,101.65	270,461.13	107,904.83	658,011.00	68,780.61	60,507.57	3,436.51
Harper	467,421.86	30,437.00	12,807.54	398,664.00	16,234.69	9,083.19	195.44
Haskell	1,806,617.37	516,713.84	310,025.40	501,648.00	345,536.23	114,476.05	18,217.85
Hughes	2,973,488.91	690,662.97	283,402.41	1,478,776.00	355,037.03	147,610.61	17,999.89
Jackson	3,267,541.92	1,063,783.99	468,041.17	1,232,462.00	290,733.46	186,054.84	26,466.46
Jefferson	1,449,002.25	268,783.64	115,086.64	938,801.00	39,979.56	79,585.39	6,766.02
Johnston	1,802,786.87	566,489.33	272,230.87	519,416.50	323,350.57	111,564.84	9,734.76
Kay	3,690,635.90	1,019,152.78	310,616.84	2,019,643.00	219,131.56	105,074.94	17,016.78
Kingfisher	789,853.59	377,166.33	78,908.06	296,343.00	10,404.84	24,448.67	2,582.69
Kiowa	2,398,054.40	599,452.91	249,641.25	1,199,104.00	196,183.50	134,987.21	18,685.53
Latimer	1,806,646.24	467,874.03	204,843.66	699,734.00	343,786.49	78,928.06	11,480.00
LeFlore	6,279,828.49	1,426,569.66	852,168.35	2,481,798.00	1,096,613.03	370,283.86	52,395.59

1/ Includes the following, not added by county: $5,334,667.90 for buy-in agreement (Column 1 only), $2,587,662.31 in retroactive adjustments (Columns 1 and 2), $581,833.63 for oral surgery (Columns 1 and 3), and $3,027,597.85 in FICA payments for providers (Columns 1 and 5).

TABLE 17. Continued.

County	Total	Hospital	Physicians'	Inter. Care Facilities	NTMC	Prescribed Drugs	Other
Lincoln	$ 2,700,025.71	$ 784,886.89	$ 305,812.44	$ 1,378,970.50	$ 124,144.71	$ 91,558.11	$ 14,653.06
Logan	3,661,144.07	988,476.15	326,299.44	2,170,647.00	75,818.91	87,944.95	11,957.62
Love	503,519.63	260,908.80	116,843.28	0.00	61,491.65	55,398.67	8,877.23
McClain	2,174,376.09	574,659.37	191,447.56	1,221,831.50	91,851.83	81,998.11	12,587.72
McCurtain	7,927,743.07	2,274,985.48	1,025,147.45	2,777,718.50	1,211,899.54	536,397.53	101,594.57
McIntosh	3,955,321.43	896,873.27	424,579.76	1,875,718.50	543,198.11	190,895.65	24,056.14
Major	521,835.98	109,649.31	42,527.10	345,734.00	3,983.36	17,442.36	2,499.85
Marsha'l	2,316,874.56	547,880.21	229,952.93	1,082,194.00	337,598.07	110,473.26	8,776.09
Mayes	5,436,121.52	1,989,073.40	501,528.80	2,281,641.50	424,757.18	189,967.22	49,153.42
Murray	2,102,802.22	505,168.39	204,906.92	1,140,410.00	145,855.37	97,079.00	9,382.54
Muskogee	10,755,967.06	3,781,426.22	1,454,468.96	3,984,053.00	957,594.71	477,839.60	100,584.57
Noble	2,558,868.77	298,630.12	92,791.27	2,093,278.00	35,933.47	28,335.79	9,900.12
Nowata	1,953,955.07	351,369.17	123,334.73	1,332,633.00	82,619.07	59,515.29	4,483.81
Okfuskee	2,783,924.01	818,988.20	236,084.25	1,372,966.00	212,795.81	127,615.27	15,474.48
Oklahoma	51,241,108.54	23,734,539.74	6,679,597.17	17,384,439.69	1,403,781.58	1,454,026.86	584,723.50
Okmulgee	8,399,670.68	2,200,760.16	830,729.23	4,074,826.00	937,612.62	291,184.67	64,558.00
Osage	3,403,198.95	1,134,637.57	388,979.25	1,456,970.50	271,868.62	124,257.50	26,485.51
Ottawa	4,619,885.20	1,452,445.86	520,184.87	2,057,565.50	292,275.41	266,577.58	30,835.98
Pawnee	1,632,631.74	641,744.13	200,233.85	528,086.00	190,358.97	62,539.10	9,669.69
Payne	4,278,661.30	1,129,360.76	296,023.28	2,603,521.50	139,462.90	95,008.17	15,284.69
Pittsburg	6,104,812.47	1,697,776.61	767,904.94	2,611,124.50	741,839.23	245,310.86	40,856.33
Pontotoc	4,982,382.56	1,125,541.01	487,791.75	2,629,806.50	527,999.18	190,097.17	21,146.95
Pottawatomie	6,574,214.24	1,887,210.58	794,848.84	3,163,984.19	424,266.11	267,401.89	36,502.63
Pushmataha	2,194,772.61	749,578.44	250,564.87	679,651.00	384,164.83	108,957.94	21,855.53
Roger Mills	540,059.46	241,175.63	59,232.54	168,412.00	51,721.42	17,112.96	2,404.91
Rogers	3,032,655.55	1,020,717.73	399,918.97	1,219,174.00	234,446.22	135,160.15	23,238.48
Seminole	6,490,088.90	1,342,439.46	539,016.27	3,958,897.50	390,893.27	231,353.23	27,489.17
Sequoyah	6,033,134.32	1,534,063.15	783,222.91	2,415,331.50	964,282.73	286,587.67	49,646.36
Stephens	4,463,981.97	973,617.53	334,618.21	2,741,928.00	192,015.74	202,894.74	18,907.75
Texas	522,787.66	188,510.76	71,976.87	230,053.00	9,744.95	16,897.67	5,604.41
Tillman	1,732,290.37	545,851.04	224,863.35	642,494.50	219,235.04	88,991.57	10,854.87
Tulsa	47,649,842.24	18,010,484.88	4,776,715.99	22,527,377.76	1,057,014.81	979,892.34	298,356.46
Wagoner	4,576,266.98	2,025,423.59	660,810.37	1,357,770.50	283,081.05	214,410.34	34,771.13
Washington	2,409,725.07	603,365.45	199,698.65	1,433,069.50	101,282.59	62,968.79	9,340.09
Washita	1,109,426.94	329,678.23	111,028.79	612,589.00	5,299.61	46,410.52	4,420.79
Woods	991,389.48	224,660.69	63,644.27	643,554.00	26,407.97	30,044.16	3,078.39
Woodward	3,831,930.83	3,047,483.33	83,787.47	653,468.00	10,114.04	32,948.62	4,129.37

TITLE XIX MEDICAL SERVICES RECIPIENTS
By Type of Service and by County

County	Total	Hospital	Physicians	Inter. Care Facilities	NTMC[2]	Drugs	Other
TOTAL [1]	**216,657**	**67,241**	**187,847**	**26,347**	**13,092**	**115,841**	**35,949**
Adair	3,173	978	2,928	191	272	1,852	514
Alfalfa	625	190	525	88	23	184	249
Atoka	2,049	631	1,847	204	239	1,235	232
Beaver	118	25	98	33	4	51	14
Beckham	1,336	414	1,203	216	60	858	146
Blaine	869	247	693	196	41	360	124
Bryan	3,147	966	2,791	422	262	1,955	630
Caddo	3,016	927	2,688	505	184	1,643	347
Canadian	1,578	489	1,360	314	44	858	231
Carter	4,335	1,400	3,937	480	183	2,363	649
Cherokee	3,213	933	2,869	270	205	1,810	712
Choctaw	3,059	909	2,743	216	318	1,861	427
Cimarron	116	30	103	16	4	34	8
Cleveland	3,530	1,099	2,959	564	68	1,653	669
Coal	1,014	313	865	83	208	586	173
Comanche	5,902	2,036	5,196	438	196	2,903	1,097
Cotton	598	141	505	108	84	347	73
Craig	1,176	325	1,030	208	66	622	137
Creek	4,064	1,310	3,517	496	265	2,074	533
Custer	1,367	460	1,162	258	33	617	176
Delaware	2,782	956	2,466	240	272	1,545	376
Dewey	279	101	237	61	13	137	40
Ellis	194	85	148	41	18	75	18
Garfield	3,204	923	2,318	1,070	40	1,066	435
Garvin	2,917	751	2,040	1,039	205	1,472	273
Grady	2,541	756	2,308	293	130	1,500	401
Grant	212	48	188	74	12	106	32
Greer	898	290	812	94	79	560	194
Harmon	717	220	666	101	32	466	79
Harper	116	23	97	57	7	60	16
Haskell	1,753	519	1,604	87	185	1,077	251
Hughes	1,731	569	1,530	247	181	964	305
Jackson	3,013	876	2,744	218	152	1,742	420
Jefferson	743	274	651	165	36	472	131
Johnston	1,447	511	1,318	104	167	782	156
Kay	1,981	658	1,657	377	125	773	225
Kingfisher	434	175	366	69	13	199	63
Kiowa	1,683	498	1,477	224	117	827	235
Latimer	1,262	380	1,124	125	166	725	193
LeFlore	5,521	1,454	4,863	464	616	3,231	804

1/ Unduplicated by county but not statewide. If a client moved from one county to another during the year and had claims paid by DHS which reported both counties, that client would be included for both counties.
2/ Non-technical medical care: attendant care in the home.

TABLE 18. Continued.

County	Total	Hospital	Physicians	Inter. Care Facilities	NTMC [2]	Drugs	Other
Lincoln	1,806	528	1,567	264	86	837	253
Logan	1,797	525	1,642	334	39	875	249
Love	577	234	508	0	53	342	67
McClain	1,134	349	1,015	192	49	672	191
McCurtain	6,130	1,724	5,370	489	775	4,070	1,079
McIntosh	2,348	647	2,071	329	305	1,372	452
Major	251	73	227	56	3	91	43
Marshall	1,373	385	1,206	208	178	655	161
Mayes	2,966	947	2,535	406	290	1,567	687
Murray	1,319	479	1,207	206	77	805	124
Muskogee	8,879	2,391	7,768	691	560	4,746	2,414
Noble	651	140	550	260	24	280	65
Nowata	813	227	730	204	47	431	82
Okfuskee	1,575	464	1,300	221	138	859	343
Oklahoma	34,731	11,957	29,328	3,096	873	19,289	6,462
Okmulgee	4,841	1,497	4,219	667	453	2,575	876
Osage	2,413	759	2,124	274	152	1,277	387
Ottawa	3,048	1,025	2,649	361	175	1,741	462
Pawnee	1,040	380	892	109	116	454	132
Payne	1,990	601	1,694	400	98	978	264
Pittsburg	4,306	1,294	3,849	476	430	2,125	671
Pontotoc	2,788	776	2,440	454	364	1,607	291
Pottawatomie	4,562	1,253	4,027	599	261	2,494	639
Pushmataha	1,553	508	1,366	117	223	900	246
Roger Mills	280	89	233	32	38	143	33
Rogers	2,022	694	1,708	241	126	1,128	291
Seminole	3,592	937	3,197	562	311	2,091	467
Sequoyah	4,324	1,313	3,937	407	428	2,623	640
Stephens	2,387	610	2,091	500	126	1,412	349
Texas	429	129	379	46	6	182	73
Tillman	1,503	442	1,390	123	93	810	162
Tulsa	25,251	7,878	21,509	2,750	599	11,461	4,275
Wagoner	3,287	1,062	2,986	232	173	1,916	799
Washington	1,304	447	1,110	258	51	596	187
Washita	621	211	575	100	6	371	73
Woods	450	123	349	107	29	197	77
Woodward	603	253	466	120	12	224	95

TABLE 19

1981-1982

VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION MEDICAL SERVICES
By Type of Service, Cases, Payments and County

County	Unduplicated Cases	Total Payments	Hospital Care		Physicians' Services		Other Services	
			Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments
TOTAL	**13,854**	**$5,716,439.58[1]**	**1,456**	**$2,878,524.96[1]**	**12,127**	**$2,110,381.32**	**3,698**	**$727,533.30**
Adair	82	25,599.25	12	8,840.92	72	12,374.04	23	$ 4,384.29
Alfalfa	37	8,146.12	2	4,289.12	33	3,260.30	11	596.70
Atoka	66	17,116.05	9	4,605.32	61	11,461.30	15	1,049.43
Beaver	25	1,902.10	2	785.00	22	916.30	6	200.80
Beckham	64	29,903.77	10	20,291.75	56	5,957.01	10	3,655.01
Blaine	21	14,939.72	4	10,745.62	14	3,772.60	6	421.50
Bryan	164	58,449.90	15	19,806.91	154	32,335.20	19	6,307.79
Caddo	69	17,347.18	6	8,140.41	62	7,408.17	15	1,798.60
Canadian	97	33,715.18	7	18,738.45	81	7,847.65	17	7,129.08
Carter	254	91,136.56	28	33,906.79	219	47,500.06	56	9,729.71
Cherokee	173	71,837.57	34	35,873.11	151	27,499.08	46	8,465.38
Choctaw	78	47,106.71	10	26,042.15	66	17,968.60	14	3,095.96
Cimarron	23	2,140.35	3	317.75	20	1,679.45	3	143.15
Cleveland	496	144,233.90	38	52,829.78	411	46,453.18	201	44,950.94
Coal	57	43,068.89	7	25,149.09	48	13,925.64	26	3,994.16
Comanche	413	130,891.06	54	49,464.93	366	63,211.47	88	18,214.66
Cotton	58	17,379.08	4	691.75	52	11,003.15	16	5,684.18
Craig	83	27,177.37	5	11,135.57	70	9,923.50	34	6,118.30
Creek	133	73,324.65	14	41,810.87	114	21,364.80	34	10,148.98
Custer	115	48,398.25	19	27,768.43	98	15,446.52	26	5,183.30
Delaware	94	54,892.57	12	29,017.92	81	20,796.80	24	5,077.85
Dewey	27	14,955.03	6	9,615.63	26	5,260.65	2	78.75
Ellis	36	31,852.49	10	22,279.21	32	7,389.68	5	2,183.60
Garfield	159	46,706.38	10	9,340.61	144	23,460.00	26	13,905.77
Garvin	122	59,410.03	13	21,886.07	102	21,526.28	48	15,997.68
Grady	80	37,836.73	7	26,624.20	73	9,702.80	11	1,509.73
Grant	12	3,993.40	1	1,315.40	10	1,713.00	3	965.00
Greer	36	24,262.84	7	16,146.25	33	6,954.05	9	1,162.54
Harmon	25	3,412.29	1	647.49	23	2,481.80	1	283.00
Harper	15	1,289.90	0	0.00	15	1,111.10	4	178.80
Haskell	46	7,961.82	4	859.57	45	5,725.05	4	1,377.20
Hughes	59	15,797.65	5	2,575.53	50	7,687.63	17	5,534.49
Jackson	150	51,044.41	31	24,706.79	130	19,121.02	32	7,216.60
Jefferson	31	8,229.51	3	2,444.10	31	4,892.66	8	892.75
Johnston	85	30,319.79	8	9,804.31	76	16,826.28	34	3,689.20
Kay	68	20,241.14	5	9,694.16	62	8,823.42	9	1,723.56
Kingfisher	31	7,246.77	4	2,733.80	28	2,612.92	6	1,900.05
Kiowa	57	30,497.53	13	20,932.90	49	8,122.71	6	1,441.92
Latimer	67	20,135.45	7	7,278.65	62	10,452.10	6	2,404.70
LeFlore	254	43,704.95	11	11,538.75	241	30,114.60	35	2,051.60

1/Total payments to hospitals include $42,622.01 in retroactive adjustments not distributed by county.

TABLE 19. Continued

County	Unduplicated Cases	Total Payments	Hospital Care		Physicians' Services		Other Services	
			Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments
Lincoln	92	$ 25,280.08	9	$ 9,899.31	85	$ 14,451.50	17	$ 929.27
Logan	67	23,580.21	5	9,767.47	62	8,876.44	9	4,936.30
Love	36	8,098.70	3	2,805.60	34	4,949.80	4	343.30
McClain	113	19,042.07	4	2,590.97	104	12,296.90	15	4,154.20
McCurtain	125	50,981.77	13	22,698.78	106	23,001.58	41	5,281.41
McIntosh	70	22,856.28	11	10,537.03	67	10,828.75	8	1,490.50
Major	24	3,249.65	2	1,250.85	23	1,935.40	2	63.40
Marshall	58	16,370.45	9	4,182.94	48	9,642.84	21	2,544.67
Mayes	108	34,191.17	9	18,393.02	91	10,323.45	37	5,474.70
Murray	84	23,640.90	6	9,516.37	80	11,426.53	21	2,698.00
Muskogee	517	175,530.42	64	80,580.30	477	80,693.42	117	14,256.70
Noble	26	16,154.29	1	14,676.39	21	1,218.30	4	259.60
Nowata	61	7,332.45	5	1,375.25	53	3,803.70	27	2,153.50
Okfuskee	59	18,332.09	8	4,226.76	51	9,857.70	19	4,247.63
Oklahoma	2,787	1,156,584.88	266	510,397.19	2,372	445,080.55	670	201,107.14
Okmulgee	383	99,667.60	87	30,168.06	299	48,063.79	165	21,435.75
Osage	64	35,737.66	7	17,004.83	59	14,692.53	17	4,040.30
Ottawa	204	56,650.10	17	17,253.40	182	32,010.00	65	7,386.70
Pawnee	39	2,766.79	2	42.55	36	2,116.65	6	607.59
Payne	83	14,685.97	9	2,190.02	72	4,749.95	17	7,746.00
Pittsburg	480	140,858.78	48	47,807.78	441	80,599.77	122	12,451.23
Pontotoc	283	95,882.71	37	20,166.91	247	52,350.34	90	23,365.46
Pottawatomie	283	88,548.77	23	25,262.55	255	49,252.89	55	14,033.33
Pushmataha	70	31,182.50	9	13,684.75	65	11,504.70	11	5,993.05
Roger Mills	13	2,874.95	2	328.50	12	2,329.90	3	216.55
Rogers	203	43,153.74	9	8,504.16	172	21,299.17	69	13,350.41
Seminole	86	21,972.22	8	3,995.54	78	10,293.50	15	7,683.18
Sequoyah	130	30,983.54	13	14,731.80	116	13,528.45	23	2,723.29
Stephens	150	45,669.80	11	19,406.65	138	22,946.75	23	3,316.40
Texas	59	24,124.22	13	7,979.71	51	11,576.48	19	4,568.03
Tillman	48	16,890.72	8	6,033.74	39	4,873.69	12	5,983.29
Tulsa	2,598	1,767,545.15	253	1,221,395.42	2,301	445,476.39	850	100,673.34
Wagoner	115	37,572.05	13	13,078.55	106	17,162.36	19	7,331.14
Washington	191	37,981.21	11	6,652.53	150	20,916.11	91	10,412.57
Washita	53	20,120.04	10	12,180.94	47	6,787.70	5	1,151.40
Woods	27	4,679.85	3	1,045.85	23	2,230.70	10	1,403.30
Woodward	103	35,439.45	7	13,415.42	81	11,150.07	43	10,873.96

TABLE 20

CRIPPLED CHILDREN ASSISTANCE
Cases and Payments by Type of Care and by County

1981-1982

County [1]	Total Payments	Hospital Care		Physicians		Dentists		Outpatient Care		Other Services	
		Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments
TOTAL	**$919,993.99** [2]	**96**	**$448,896.50** [2]	**476**	**$109,993.32**	**167**	**$44,026.29**	**125**	**$23,847.50**	**1,520**	**$293,230.38** [3]
Adair	1,808.20	0	0.00	4	337.25	1	40.00	0	0.00	5	1,430.95
Alfalfa	7,338.04	1	1,499.96	9	238.84	5	1,708.50	1	250.00	38	3,640.74
Atoka	2,640.86	0	0.00	1	385.15	4	1,386.00	0	0.00	5	869.71
Beaver	586.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	586.00
Beckham	10,201.05	0	0.00	1	33.60	0	0.00	0	0.00	6	10,167.45
Blaine	821.89	1	703.80	1	25.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	7	93.09
Bryan	22,198.22	2	18,716.68	3	2,564.22	0	0.00	1	32.00	16	885.32
Caddo	14,752.81	0	0.00	5	1,895.00	2	696.00	0	0.00	8	12,161.81
Canadian	7,023.26	1	115.56	3	537.95	1	40.00	0	0.00	10	6,329.75
Carter	6,125.40	2	2,697.52	4	1,037.60	2	88.70	0	0.00	13	2,301.58
Cherokee	5,048.50	1	854.92	3	561.93	5	1,579.00	0	0.00	12	2,052.65
Choctaw	2,090.37	0	0.00	4	1,269.80	1	135.00	1	345.00	14	340.57
Cleveland	33,691.43	6	23,196.22	10	2,746.17	4	569.50	0	0.00	24	7,179.54
Coal	275.11	1	254.73	1	15.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	5.38
Comanche	6,164.38	1	185.00	7	1,430.85	2	737.15	0	0.00	28	3,811.38
Cotton	1,369.83	1	172.53	3	436.30	3	712.75	0	0.00	1	48.25
Craig	18,849.72	3	10,281.18	3	458.52	2	302.40	0	0.00	3	7,807.62
Creek	9,960.70	1	2,356.59	10	1,018.30	2	118.45	1	37.50	17	6,429.86
Custer	3,567.01	0	0.00	4	1,838.20	1	418.50	0	0.00	6	1,310.31
Delaware	2,377.40	0	0.00	3	894.10	3	760.00	0	0.00	9	723.30
Dewey	10,742.21	0	0.00	2	10,610.74	0	0.00	0	0.00	3	131.47
Ellis	4,832.24	0	0.00	2	479.24	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	4,253.00
Garfield	36,316.46	4	24,280.37	10	937.37	0	0.00	9	1,790.00	39	9,308.72
Garvin	252.80	0	0.00	3	112.80	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	140.00
Grady	4,682.56	1	724.75	4	201.20	0	0.00	0	0.00	15	3,756.61
Grant	499.80	0	0.00	1	499.80	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Greer	432.02	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	3	432.02
Harmon	353.60	0	0.00	1	18.00	1	335.60	0	0.00	0	0.00
Haskell	3,677.12	0	0.00	1	1,031.50	1	180.00	0	0.00	6	2,465.62
Hughes	6,610.49	1	3,032.00	1	123.35	1	292.00	0	0.00	6	3,163.14
Jackson	1,288.30	0	0.00	0	0.00	3	769.00	0	0.00	17	519.30
Jefferson	685.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	576.00	0	0.00	1	109.00
Johnston	3,289.50	0	0.00	4	1,646.80	2	64.00	1	30.00	2	1,548.70
Kay	8,629.90	1	799.52	2	325.50	1	688.30	34	3,395.00	15	3,421.58
Kingfisher	501.75	0	0.00	1	256.25	0	0.00	0	0.00	3	245.50
Kiowa	5,161.51	0	0.00	6	907.50	1	40.00	0	0.00	10	4,214.01
Latimer	2,166.20	0	0.00	1	146.10	6	1,756.45	0	0.00	6	263.65
LeFlore	22,813.25	1	9,917.30	9	3,006.25	8	2,149.05	0	0.00	20	7,740.65
Lincoln	2,832.68	0	0.00	1	350.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	17	2,482.68
Logan	4,533.52	1	512.00	2	3,167.60	1	100.00	0	0.00	16	753.92

1/ Counties omitted made no payments for Crippled Children assistance for this fiscal year.
2/ Hospital care payments include $44,931.88 not distributed by county.
3/ Other services include $1,798.00 for nursing care, $190,622.23 for appliances, $60,379.66 for medication, and $40,430.49 for miscellaneous medical services.

TABLE 20. Continued.

County [1]	Total Payments	Hospital Care		Physicians		Dentists		Outpatient Care		Other Services	
		Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments	Cases	Payments
Love	$ 727.40	0	$ 0.00	0	$ 0.00	0	$ 0.00	0	$ 0.00	3	$ 727.40
McClain	2,313.91	2	2,161.09	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	30.00	2	122.82
McCurtain	43,970.88	3	38,203.67	4	2,421.55	3	819.05	0	0.00	15	2,526.61
McIntosh	5,641.19	1	745.62	6	915.95	1	45.00	0	0.00	6	3,934.62
Major	220.40	0	0.00	1	8.40	0	0.00	2	125.00	5	87.00
Marshall	4,233.67	1	828.82	1	150.00	2	1,258.30	0	0.00	2	1,996.55
Mayes	8,110.14	1	707.18	17	1,645.85	2	135.00	1	170.00	75	5,452.11
Murray	786.45	0	0.00	3	676.45	0	0.00	1	110.00	0	0.00
Muskogee	5,730.24	2	890.04	19	1,511.60	1	200.00	0	0.00	62	3,128.60
Noble	2,178.49	1	278.90	1	67.64	1	52.00	1	105.00	3	1,674.95
Nowata	1,559.50	0	0.00	1	29.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	3	1,530.50
Okfuskee	4,992.71	1	432.25	2	441.48	2	538.70	0	0.00	64	3,580.28
Oklahoma	217,220.55	24	101,775.51	151	17,673.23	26	6,893.32	40	12,577.50	444	78,300.99
Okmulgee	6,245.90	1	961.43	8	2,272.75	2	270.00	0	0.00	15	2,741.72
Osage	6,013.94	1	285.24	2	1,026.25	3	1,610.00	2	185.00	8	2,907.45
Ottawa	1,320.70	0	0.00	3	470.00	1	324.00	0	0.00	21	526.70
Pawnee	1,033.65	0	0.00	2	101.35	1	150.00	0	0.00	9	782.30
Payne	6,061.62	2	423.75	4	1,608.90	2	400.00	2	323.50	20	3,305.47
Pittsburg	52,178.26	1	42,872.82	6	2,178.22	4	1,433.80	0	0.00	23	5,693.42
Pontotoc	18,566.42	4	15,095.00	6	2,028.90	1	225.00	1	140.00	10	1,077.52
Pottawatomie	41,752.55	2	26,541.43	13	2,218.95	7	1,800.20	0	0.00	55	11,191.97
Pushmataha	1,787.54	1	1,129.07	2	72.00	1	545.95	0	0.00	3	40.52
Roger Mills	785.57	0	0.00	2	779.75	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	5.82
Rogers	10,158.93	1	52.28	8	2,451.40	3	660.00	0	0.00	6	6,995.25
Seminole	2,603.18	0	0.00	4	650.12	1	162.00	0	0.00	12	1,791.06
Sequoyah	2,833.72	0	0.00	3	300.75	4	1,243.80	0	0.00	10	1,289.17
Stephens	4,471.36	2	621.93	5	299.70	3	523.75	0	0.00	12	3,025.98
Texas	442.21	0	0.00	2	193.60	0	0.00	0	0.00	5	248.61
Tillman	880.60	1	656.75	0	0.00	1	90.00	0	0.00	2	133.85
Tulsa	134,429.97	10	65,681.30	59	25,298.73	27	7,527.07	25	4,157.00	180	31,765.87
Wagoner	2,376.93	0	0.00	4	182.50	4	877.00	0	0.00	16	1,317.43
Washington	2,702.41	1	1,363.66	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	7	1,338.75
Washita	1,816.69	2	1,143.25	3	453.90	0	0.00	0	0.00	5	219.54
Woods	1,424.95	1	813.00	1	50.62	0	0.00	1	45.00	3	516.33
Woodward	298.39	0	0.00	3	170.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	6	128.39

HOSPITALIZATION
Persons and Payments by Hospital

Hospital	Persons	Payments
TOTAL	**68,793** [1]	**$122,347,764.47** [2]
Alfalfa County Hospital, Cherokee	42	24,013.83
Anadarko Municipal Hospital	369	276,582.60
Arbuckle Memorial Hospital, Sulphur	372	310,523.83
Ardmore Seventh Day Adventist Hospital	658	596,307.14
Atoka Memorial Hospital	391	345,129.74
Baptist Medical Center, Oklahoma City	796	1,781,417.83
Bartlett Memorial Hospital, Sapulpa	671	690,331.28
Bass Memorial Baptist Hospital, Enid	199	282,088.01
Beaver County Memorial Hospital	20	25,979.63
Bethany General Hospital	108	55,132.37
Blackwell General Hospital	183	174,766.62
Bone and Joint Hospital, Oklahoma City	157	277,315.78
Bristow Memorial Hospital	181	124,292.35
Bryan Memorial Hospital, Durant	862	810,528.89
Carl Albert Community Center, McAlester	22	22,574.00
Carl Albert Indian Health Facility, Ada	42	58,978.00
Central State Hospital, Norman	39	2,281,507.00
Children's Medical Center, Tulsa	929	3,635,386.94
Choctaw County Memorial Hospital, Hugo	619	582,582.38
Christopher Youth Center, Tulsa	25	231,036.00
Cimarron Memorial Hospital, Boise City	20	10,082.28
Claremore Health Center	501	428,824.47
Claremore Indian Hospital	16	14,668.00
Cleveland Area Hospital	72	47,464.65
Clinton Indian Hospital	7	14,760.00
Clinton Regional Hospital	449	524,200.57
Comanche County Memorial Hospital, Lawton	1,868	1,988,815.01
Community Hospital Clinic, Elk City	178	131,293.48
Cordell Memorial Hospital	109	107,819.34
Craig General Hospital, Vinita	188	131,708.59
Creek Nation Community Hospital, Okemah	209	162,960.65
Cushing Municipal Hospital	239	275,649.27
Deaconess Hospital, Oklahoma City	504	456,608.53
Dillon Psychiatric Center Hospital, Tulsa	76	722,061.41
Doctors General Hospital, Oklahoma City	646	1,767,704.86
Doctors Medical Center, Tulsa	425	617,111.29
Don H. O'Donoghue Rehab. Inst., Oklahoma City	104	690,850.61
Drumright Memorial Hospital	158	186,072.98
Duncan Physician and Surgeon Hospital	1	260.00
Duncan Regional Hospital	416	393,355.10
E. P. Clapper Memorial Hospital, Waynoka	14	7,568.92
Eastern State Hospital, Vinita	56	693,046.05
Edmond Memorial Hospital	210	233,870.20
Elkview General Hospital, Hobart	280	184,517.85
Eufaula Memorial Hospital	415	352,689.92
Fairfax Memorial Hospital	85	111,786.46
Fairview Hospital	65	39,572.03
Franklin Memorial Hospital, Broken Arrow	193	163,323.20
Grady Memorial Hospital, Chickasha	715	782,772.94
Grand Valley Hospital, Pryor	529	453,380.31
Grove General Hospital	286	279,398.68
Guymon Memorial Hospital	99	80,125.64
Harmon Memorial Hospital, Hollis	151	164,363.64
Harper County Community Hospital, Buffalo	18	12,590.70
Haskell County Hospital, Stigler	351	204,318.17

1/ Includes 3,580 persons in out-of-state hospitals.
2/ Total payments to each hospital will not add to the grand total because of refunds and cancellations. The grand total shows net expenditures. Totals include payments from Medicaid, Vocational Rehabilitation and Crippled Children funds. The grand total also includes $6,259,897.39 paid to out-of-state hospitals and $2,675,216.20 paid in retroactive adjustments.

TABLE 21. Continued.

Hospital	Persons	Payments
Healdton Municipal Hospital	236	$ 150,019.98
Henryetta Hospital	388	346,233.94
Hillcrest Medical Center, Tulsa	2,886	6,922,009.09
Holdenville General Hospital	311	195,992.90
Hominy City Hospital	104	67,248.05
J. D. McCarty Center, Norman	28	191,598.03
Jackson County Memorial Hospital, Altus	1,094	939,411.86
Jane Phillips Hospital, Bartlesville	528	559,669.37
Jay Memorial Hospital	371	241,147.41
Jefferson County Hospital, Waurika	157	123,973.65
Jim Taliaferro Center, Lawton	9	10,056.00
Johnston Memorial Hospital, Tishomingo	354	310,977.89
Kingfisher Community Hospital	93	102,145.86
Latimer County General Hospital, Wilburton	278	179,050.55
Lawton Indian Hospital	87	113,932.00
LeFlore County Memorial Hospital, Poteau	685	349,243.13
Lindsay Municipal Hospital	136	113,604.81
Logan County Health Center, Guthrie	351	385,849.51
Love County Health Center, Marietta	165	124,217.27
McAlester Regional Hospital	1,605	1,479,632.14
McCurtain Memorial Hospital, Idabel	1,351	1,219,246.55
Mangum City Hospital	217	149,245.25
Marshall Memorial Hospital, Madill	228	153,758.00
Mary Hurley Hospital, Coalgate	245	176,461.97
Mary Mahoney Memorial Health Center, Spencer	1	1,800.00
Memorial Hospital, Collinsville	157	114,155.17
Memorial Hospital, Stilwell	748	732,521.18
Memorial Hospital of Southern Oklahoma, Ardmore	880	722,940.88
Mercy Health Center, Oklahoma City	406	746,936.62
Miami Baptist Hospital	883	933,902.80
Midwest City Memorial Hospital	563	483,797.13
Mission Hill Memorial Hospital, Shawnee	491	344,949.03
Moore Municipal Hospital	227	237,966.17
Muskogee General Hospital	2,766	2,955,145.61
Newman Memorial Hospital, Shattuck	124	134,159.48
Norman Municipal Hospital	580	414,261.30
Northwest Community Hospital, Mooreland	40	34,367.15
Nowata General Hospital	158	101,451.45
Okarche Memorial Hospital	14	8,030.70
Okeene Municipal Hospital	17	11,056.77
Oklahoma Children's Memorial Hospital, Oklahoma City	5,719	15,950,493.82
Oklahoma Memorial Hospital, Oklahoma City	3,136	7,611,506.21
Okmulgee Memorial Hospital	1,197	1,175,295.87
Park View Hospital, El Reno	198	142,391.66
Pauls Valley General Hospital	410	314,981.23
Pawhuska Hospital	127	60,697.06
Pawnee Municipal Hospital	224	220,935.57
Perry Memorial Hospital	57	63,993.40
Phil Smalley Center, Norman	41	828,138.00
Prague Municipal Hospital	119	121,976.74
Presbyterian Hospital, Oklahoma City	1,463	3,663,154.71
Purcell Municipal Hospital	249	133,238.85
Pushmataha Hospital, Antlers	469	360,659.22
Roger Mills Memorial Hospital, Cheyenne	32	18,068.30
St. Anthony Hospital, Oklahoma City	1,396	2,652,665.30
St. Francis Hospital, Tulsa	2,291	6,420,592.61
St. John's Hospital, Tulsa	2,322	5,626,197.17
St. Joseph Medical Center, Ponca City	418	450,071.39
St. Mary's Hospital, Enid	655	948,241.59
Sayre Memorial Hospital	145	117,474.45
Seiling Municipal Hospital	55	50,335.84
Seminole Municipal Hospital	321	213,931.27
Sequoyah Memorial Hospital, Sallisaw	768	530,074.89
Share Memorial Hospital, Alva	71	79,639.72
Shawnee Medical Center Hospital	790	627,212.05

TABLE 21. Continued.

Hospital	Persons	Payments
South Community Hospital, Oklahoma City	1,370	$ 1,361,408.47
Southwestern Hospital, Lawton	482	717,795.83
Stillwater Municipal Hospital	374	319,796.60
Stroud Municipal Hospital	196	247,040.07
Tahlequah City Hospital	770	737,470.07
Talihina Indian Hospital	99	133,170.00
Talley Walker Hospital, Marlow	81	120,813.66
Thomas Memorial Hospital	52	57,313.92
Tillman County Memorial Hospital, Frederick	311	286,127.13
Tri-County Municipal Hospital, Carnegie	171	121,762.86
Tulsa Psychiatric Center	18	20,528.31
University of Oklahoma Infirmary, Norman	6	612.63
Valley View Hospital, Ada	1,086	1,020,446.06
Wagoner Community Hospital	835	1,188,577.42
Watonga Municipal Hospital	86	78,241.01
Weatherford Hospital	118	59,605.27
Western State Hospital, Fort Supply	59	2,716,478.29
Wetumka General Hospital	197	290,890.99
Wewoka Memorial Hospital	267	201,470.94
Willow View Hospital, Spencer	93	1,234,980.71
Woodward Memorial Hospital	124	117,400.07
OSTEOPATHIC HOSPITALS		
Afton Memorial Hospital	22	43,395.61
Enid Memorial Hospital	376	399,407.91
Hillcrest Osteopathic Hospital, Oklahoma City	1,039	1,244,295.10
Moots Osteopathic Hospital, Pryor	123	119,848.09
Oklahoma Osteopathic Hospital, Tulsa	2,770	4,597,570.27

TABLE 22 *1981-1982*

MEDICAL SERVICE AUTHORIZATIONS FOR PERSONS UNDER 21
By Category

	Total	Aged, Blind & Disabled	AFDC	Crippled Children & Title XIX
Authorizations	32,214	80	2,316	29,818
Cancellations	6,621	15	525	6,081
Pending June 30, 1982	295	0	1	294
Total workload activity of Crippled Children's Unit	39,130	95	2,842	36,193

ADULTS RECEIVING SERVICES
By Category and by County

County	Total Services	Total Adults	State Supplemental Payments			AFDC	SSI Only	Income Eligible	Adult Welfare	Refugees
			Aged	Blind	Disabled					
TOTAL	**108,006**	**42,429**	**1,304**	**69**	**1,733**	**25,086**	**302**	**6,363**	**6,813**	**759**
Adair	1,249	437	4	2	12	332	3	33	51	0
Alfalfa	70	34	2	0	2	8	0	4	18	0
Atoka	1,314	397	15	1	41	259	4	37	40	0
Beaver	32	19	0	0	1	8	0	2	8	0
Beckham	282	164	2	0	8	69	3	14	68	0
Blaine	196	90	1	1	6	49	0	9	24	0
Bryan	1,604	652	5	0	15	338	5	50	102	137
Caddo	1,549	603	8	2	20	434	2	80	45	12
Canadian	526	282	9	1	31	130	3	46	59	3
Carter	1,613	691	14	3	32	474	8	50	108	2
Cherokee	1,626	633	12	0	7	454	1	113	44	2
Choctaw	1,431	598	68	0	43	329	5	99	54	0
Cimarron	24	12	0	0	0	7	0	1	4	0
Cleveland	1,731	778	15	2	40	349	3	100	254	15
Coal	456	151	5	1	11	107	4	17	6	0
Comanche	7,927	3,086	12	0	50	1,354	29	835	512	294
Cotton	312	120	14	0	7	61	2	17	19	0
Craig	723	244	15	0	44	111	6	43	25	0
Creek	1,826	945	31	0	39	453	5	132	285	0
Custer	461	199	5	1	8	110	2	28	45	0
Delaware	1,766	573	29	0	42	355	3	47	97	0
Dewey	85	29	0	0	1	11	0	13	4	0
Ellis	36	13	1	0	0	5	0	3	4	0
Garfield	1,273	621	11	1	15	216	3	141	232	2
Garvin	926	354	13	0	19	226	4	57	35	0
Grady	1,396	464	7	0	28	281	5	59	84	0
Grant	25	18	3	0	0	11	0	2	2	0
Greer	247	98	0	0	5	73	0	13	7	0
Harmon	250	81	0	0	1	60	0	13	7	0
Harper	6	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0
Haskell	1,036	317	34	0	18	200	4	47	14	0
Hughes	639	218	12	1	16	144	2	29	14	0
Jackson	1,435	536	9	1	17	364	1	81	63	0
Jefferson	72	40	0	0	5	15	3	10	5	2
Johnston	774	268	25	1	29	160	3	28	22	0
Kay	772	484	4	0	32	156	2	171	119	0
Kingfisher	142	77	2	1	0	20	1	14	39	0
Kiowa	564	224	9	0	13	151	2	33	16	0
Latimer	767	225	10	3	23	157	2	20	10	0
LeFlore	2,686	857	10	1	49	645	4	78	70	0
Lincoln	980	395	17	1	21	198	2	66	90	0
Logan	1,007	380	11	2	20	193	4	56	94	0
Love	162	82	7	2	1	31	0	27	14	0
McClain	540	185	22	1	6	87	4	20	45	0
McCurtain	1,442	689	10	2	30	476	1	56	114	0
McIntosh	892	276	7	0	16	221	0	18	14	0
Major	91	69	1	0	0	6	0	7	55	0
Marshall	341	143	7	0	7	92	1	22	14	0
Mayes	1,217	462	12	1	26	278	4	82	59	0
Murray	854	262	17	0	30	150	1	38	26	0
Muskogee	3,927	1,569	203	4	83	1,045	11	122	98	3
Noble	217	98	0	0	2	63	1	5	27	0
Nowata	294	113	1	2	5	58	2	13	32	0
Okfuskee	473	177	2	0	10	115	0	28	22	0
Oklahoma	18,109	8,346	141	9	229	5,007	58	1,025	1,714	163
Okmulgee	2,149	729	15	0	35	537	3	61	73	5
Osage	1,200	474	6	0	16	278	3	41	113	17
Ottawa	2,361	630	37	1	41	436	2	77	36	0
Pawnee	430	195	8	2	4	83	2	15	81	0
Payne	1,174	466	7	0	20	214	5	70	145	5

TABLE 23. Continued.

County	Total Services	Total Adults	State Supplemental Payments			AFDC	SSI Only	Income Eligible	Adult Welfare	Refugees
			Aged	Blind	Disabled					
Pittsburg	3,043	901	28	1	32	543	7	94	196	0
Pontotoc	1,495	542	12	0	38	307	5	118	62	0
Pottawatomie	2,416	951	34	2	43	623	5	136	95	13
Pushmataha	608	262	22	0	24	158	3	38	17	0
Roger Mills	62	33	0	0	0	23	0	2	8	0
Rogers	991	412	27	2	45	215	1	71	49	2
Seminole	1,590	650	33	1	29	420	7	72	88	0
Sequoyah	1,954	689	4	0	13	527	0	89	56	0
Stephens	1,077	336	3	0	10	197	2	80	44	0
Texas	307	125	1	3	5	59	1	15	41	0
Tillman	669	281	3	1	15	197	7	33	25	0
Tulsa	13,102	4,731	164	7	105	2,940	30	1,021	387	77
Wagoner	1,873	587	10	0	17	408	0	50	102	0
Washington	728	306	8	0	17	130	5	65	76	5
Washita	123	73	3	2	3	44	0	9	12	0
Woods	103	58	3	0	4	28	0	7	16	0
Woodward	156	116	2	0	1	13	1	44	55	0

TABLE 24

CHILDREN RECEIVING SERVICES
By Living Arrangements and County

1981-1982

County	Total		Own or Relative's Home	Foster Care	DHS Institutions	Adoptive Home	Non-DHS Residential Care	Other Care	Day Care	
	Services	Children							Services	Children
TOTAL	**228,519**	**92,754**	**87,556**	**2,561**	**1,168**	**501**	**410**	**558**	**35,074**	**25,636**
Adair	2,769	1,127	1,075	21	8	6	4	13	89	77
Alfalfa	152	58	47	5	3	3	0	0	0	0
Atoka	1,282	596	587	0	2	1	2	4	85	69
Beaver	97	58	52	2	0	3	0	1	10	10
Beckham	818	369	338	13	6	0	7	5	69	63
Blaine	695	289	249	28	3	1	1	7	32	32
Bryan	2,565	954	904	32	6	6	3	3	247	190
Caddo	2,726	1,150	1,092	35	7	6	7	3	187	148
Canadian	1,607	793	721	45	7	10	6	4	275	208
Carter	3,781	1,509	1,453	30	9	4	12	1	332	262
Cherokee	3,197	1,318	1,276	23	2	5	3	9	578	429
Choctaw	2,176	897	860	16	11	5	1	4	274	208
Cimarron	86	47	42	2	1	1	1	0	16	15
Cleveland	4,184	1,851	1,771	33	18	11	12	6	1,112	740
Coal	796	291	283	4	1	1	0	2	47	35
Comanche	11,984	5,018	4,810	119	42	14	10	23	1,969	1,517
Cotton	387	183	163	5	7	2	1	5	4	4
Craig	1,193	362	343	10	3	0	2	4	135	108
Creek	3,787	1,652	1,550	31	11	15	5	40	458	346
Custer	1,380	597	560	24	6	2	2	3	270	188
Delaware	3,610	1,099	1,063	12	6	8	2	8	215	160
Dewey	201	74	59	8	3	0	0	4	19	15
Ellis	105	57	56	1	0	0	0	0	11	8
Garfield	3,396	1,437	1,30[illegible]	71	33	7	14	8	578	396
Garvin	2,455	873	830	24	9	9	0	1	388	283
Grady	2,806	1,036	967	25	10	22	4	8	308	237
Grant	93	44	40	2	0	1	1	0	5	5
Greer	609	261	256	1	1	3	0	0	34	28
Harmon	524	228	226	0	2	0	0	0	21	19
Harper	30	12	10	1	1	0	0	0	9	6
Haskell	2,171	606	587	6	10	1	0	2	140	107
Hughes	1,198	461	451	3	3	1	3	0	105	88
Jackson	3,213	1,338	1,283	28	12	11	2	2	273	216
Jefferson	277	124	114	2	4	1	1	2	52	37
Johnston	1,410	466	447	9	3	3	3	1	94	71

TABLE 24. Continued

County	Total		Own or Relative's Home	Foster Care	DHS Institutions	Adoptive Home	Non-DHS Residential Care	Other Care	Day Care	
	Services	Children							Services	Children
Kay	1,944	918	859	16	15	2	24	2	472	369
Kingfisher	369	184	171	5	4	1	3	0	36	29
Kiowa	1,041	429	406	18	3	0	1	1	62	56
Latimer	1,385	452	437	1	12	0	0	2	151	103
LeFlore	7,009	2,118	2,049	33	11	1	11	13	355	264
Lincoln	1,916	728	689	19	9	4	4	3	132	98
Logan	2,237	793	722	54	7	6	1	3	199	151
Love	392	132	117	4	4	1	4	2	34	30
McClain	878	348	345	3	0	0	0	0	87	70
McCurtain	4,275	1,881	1,849	7	15	6	2	2	355	293
McIntosh	1,904	664	646	12	3	1	0	2	139	120
Major	297	141	120	12	2	2	4	1	20	19
Marshall	595	281	269	6	2	0	4	0	43	39
Mayes	2,185	834	800	18	10	4	1	1	339	236
Murray	1,301	481	473	0	1	4	2	1	149	124
Muskogee	6,698	3,066	2,894	76	38	35	12	11	1,005	783
Noble	494	220	211	2	2	1	4	0	53	48
Nowata	594	241	231	6	2	1	1	0	34	24
Okfuskee	1,566	506	474	13	9	0	6	4	83	64
Oklahoma	47,237	20,179	18,631	778	414	81	87	188	8,799	6,209
Okmulgee	4,497	1,768	1,693	29	12	12	13	9	572	435
Osage	2,255	890	847	19	7	5	5	7	239	184
Ottawa	3,918	1,245	1,185	35	12	3	5	5	496	349
Pawnee	852	328	297	18	5	1	5	2	70	63
Payne	2,005	913	833	46	10	9	11	4	352	251
Pittsburg	4,723	1,724	1,613	65	15	11	8	12	597	439
Pontotoc	3,105	1,124	1,072	28	8	4	6	6	496	366
Pottawatomie	4,974	1,884	1,816	27	12	6	12	11	624	439
Pushmataha	1,484	514	499	7	5	1	1	1	76	54
Roger Mills	248	93	89	3	1	0	0	0	4	4
Rogers	1,872	751	715	19	7	7	1	2	390	279
Seminole	3,522	1,491	1,439	26	6	6	12	2	175	155
Sequoyah	4,082	1,494	1,433	35	13	8	1	4	316	249
Stephens	2,252	818	749	27	14	20	3	5	316	234
Texas	719	309	284	14	2	3	4	2	86	69
Tillman	1,614	577	572	2	2	0	0	1	98	85
Tulsa	27,274	12,352	11,691	332	175	66	28	60	8,355	5,891
Wagoner	4,148	1,340	1,251	37	23	13	5	11	379	306
Washington	1,362	589	551	15	14	4	2	3	290	208
Washita	486	237	219	7	4	4	3	0	39	27
Woods	380	158	150	3	1	2	2	0	36	28
Woodward	670	324	296	13	7	3	3	2	80	67

TABLE 25 *1981-1982*

ALLEGED CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT
Reports by County

County	Alleged	Confirmed	County	Alleged	Confirmed
TOTAL	**13,434**	**4,913** [1]			
Adair	116	58	Lincoln	104	33
Alfalfa	17	6	Logan	312	150
Atoka	12	11	Love	15	9
Beaver	13	1	McClain	60	21
Beckham	75	33	McCurtain	89	17
Blaine	54	26	McIntosh	78	29
Bryan	209	98	Major	75	24
Caddo	75	26	Marshall	42	29
Canadian	168	32	Mayes	56	38
Carter	108	37	Murray	77	18
Cherokee	145	55	Muskogee	639	233
Choctaw	41	21	Noble	38	16
Cimarron	3	3	Nowata	33	20
Cleveland	488	194	Okfuskee	28	18
Coal	11	5	Oklahoma	2,626	962
Comanche	819	403	Okmulgee	68	31
Cotton	89	36	Osage	77	35
Craig	38	18	Ottawa	67	30
Creek	318	72	Pawnee	119	59
Custer	109	35	Payne	183	100
Delaware	84	28	Pittsburg	196	114
Dewey	11	6	Pontotoc	182	77
Ellis	10	4	Pottawatomie	278	109
Garfield	537	193	Pushmataha	14	7
Garvin	89	44	Roger Mills	5	1
Grady	295	95	Rogers	134	50
Grant	5	4	Seminole	203	66
Greer	29	6	Sequoyah	110	55
Harmon	16	6	Stephens	147	34
Harper	2	1	Texas	57	35
Haskell	22	7	Tillman	33	11
Hughes	90	30	Tulsa	1,849	427
Jackson	158	64	Wagoner	111	56
Jefferson	12	9	Washington	99	44
Johnston	23	7	Washita	89	17
Kay	193	80	Woods	50	9
Kingfisher	93	10	Woodward	188	52
Kiowa	42	30			
Latimer	50	15			
LeFlore	254	68			

1/ Includes 18 deaths confirmed during Fiscal Year 1982.

TABLE 26 *1981-1982*

DHS-SUBSIDIZED CHILDREN IN PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS
By County of Residence

County [1]	Number	County [1]	Number
TOTAL	1,340		
Adair	16	McIntosh	4
Alfalfa	1	Major	1
Atoka	1	Marshall	7
Beckham	1	Mayes	5
Blaine	4	Murray	6
Bryan	3	Muskogee	32
Caddo	3	Noble	8
Canadian	11	Nowata	1
Carter	8	Okfuskee	8
Cherokee	21	Oklahoma	348
Choctaw	12	Okmulgee	16
Cleveland	21	Osage	40
Comanche	20	Ottawa	10
Cotton	6	Pawnee	5
Craig	4	Payne	9
Creek	28	Pittsburg	8
Custer	4	Pontotoc	1
Delaware	24	Pottawatomie	16
Dewey	1	Pushmataha	2
Ellis	1	Roger Mills	1
Garfield	27	Rogers	16
Garvin	11	Seminole	9
Grady	14	Sequoyah	18
Grant	2	Stephens	13
Greer	4	Texas	5
Harmon	1	Tillman	5
Haskell	2	Tulsa	373
Jackson	1	Wagoner	10
Jefferson	1	Washington	10
Johnston	10	Washita	2
Kay	34	Woods	1
Kingfisher	9	Woodward	8
Kiowa	1		
Latimer	1		
LeFlore	8		
Lincoln	3		
Logan	8		
Love	2		
McClain	3		
McCurtain	10		

1/ Counties omitted had no children in state subsidized institutions during this period.

TABLE 27 *1981-1982*

ADOPTIVE HOMES
Applications and Completed Studies

Applications and Completed Studies	Number
Applications	
Pending June 30, 1981	584
Received this year	683
Total on hand	1,267
Completed studies	584
Closed or withdrawn	58
Carried forward to next year	625
Completed Studies	
Continued from last year	949
Completed during year	584
Homes receiving children	309
Closed or withdrawn	241
Continued to next year	983
Trial Adoptive	
July 1, 1981	221[1]
Placed during the year	309
Adoptions completed	186
Children returned	17
June 30, 1982	327

1/ Corrected from previous report.

TABLE 28 *1981-1982*

ADOPTIVE HOME PLACEMENTS
Case Movement and Ages

Adoption Movement	Number
In adoptive homes July 1, 1981	221[1]
Placed in adoptive homes during year	309
Ages: Under 1 year	92
1 year, under 6 years	118
6 years, under 12 years	78
12 years and over	21
Total in adoptive homes during year	530
Adoptions completed	186
Children returned before adoption completed	17
In adoptive homes at the end of the year	327

1/ Corrected from previous report.

TABLE 29 *1981-1982*

FOSTER HOMES
Applications and Approvals

Applications and Approvals	Number
Applications	
Pending from last year	61
Received during year	496
Total during year	557
Approved	403
Closed or withdrawn	65
Pending last day of year	89
Foster Homes Approved	
Continued from last year	1,612
Approved during year	403
Closed or withdrawn	388
Continued to next year	1,627

COURT RELATED AND COMMUNITY SERVICES
Children by Type of Service and by County

County	Intake	Restitution Paid	County Total	Probation	DHS Custody	Interstate Compact
TOTAL	**10,172**	**$192,049.71**	**6,958**	**4,641**	**2,075**	**242**
Adair	84	822.00	38	27	10	1
Alfalfa	27	259.00	29	27	2	0
Atoka	36	901.48	31	25	6	0
Beaver	22	362.70	15	9	5	1
Beckham	185	3,701.74	154	127	22	5
Blaine	73	1,323.89	98	69	28	1
Bryan	251	6,809.47	111	87	22	2
Caddo	156	2,107.41	152	126	24	2
Canadian	199	5,352.47	148	125	21	2
Carter	276	6,056.58	174	146	25	3
Cherokee	252	4,067.84	77	62	13	2
Choctaw	85	1,301.46	47	33	13	1
Cimarron	3	.00	5	3	2	0
Cleveland	851	9,331.83	384	316	55	13
Coal	39	2,189.98	27	20	7	0
Comanche	0[1]	.00	129	13	107	9
Cotton	52	984.54	34	31	3	0
Craig	62	424.29	34	20	5	9
Creek	162	2,147.00	95	66	27	2
Custer	123	6,443.61	119	85	32	2
Delaware	93	1,609.35	81	50	27	4
Dewey	9	460.00	5	3	2	0
Ellis	10	.00	10	7	3	0
Garfield	206	4,625.06	161	83	73	5
Garvin	124	1,318.23	80	68	11	1
Grady	226	4,101.76	88	57	25	6
Grant	35	692.10	36	33	1	2
Greer	23	1,575.00	34	26	7	1
Harmon	11	50.00	18	11	6	1
Harper	18	.00	11	10	1	0
Haskell	92	4,571.80	73	56	16	1
Hughes	66	1,113.93	50	34	14	2
Jackson	227	2,015.90	160	133	24	3
Jefferson	66	1,725.00	35	30	4	1
Johnston	100	1,632.00	58	47	9	2
Kay	180	16,830.70	131	97	31	3
Kingfisher	49	315.00	44	28	16	0
Kiowa	79	9,227.92	28	25	3	0
Latimer	48	420.15	40	32	8	0
LeFlore	221	3,619.31	154	138	13	3
Lincoln	109	835.00	70	47	22	1
Logan	167	822.73	56	49	6	1
Love	103	1,949.28	77	63	10	4
McClain	155	1,996.00	57	50	2	5
McCurtain	210	3,537.63	76	57	16	3
McIntosh	74	225.00	33	28	4	1
Major	41	58.50	17	14	2	1
Marshall	104	1,425.80	73	64	9	0
Mayes	185	3,511.65	97	67	25	5
Murray	111	4,072.40	47	38	7	2
Muskogee	483	3,967.02	233	172	54	7
Noble	60	4,508.61	41	38	1	2
Nowata	38	806.62	27	15	12	0
Okfuskee	17	924.00	25	14	11	0
Oklahoma	0[1]	.00	530	47	430	53

1/ Court Related and Community Services does not provide intake services in these counties.

TABLE 30. Continued.

County	Intake	Restitution Paid	County Total	Probation	DHS Custody	Interstate Compact
Okmulgee	216	$ 3,605.73	104	64	38	2
Osage	222	2,778.97	102	85	17	0
Ottawa	210	1,981.26	115	70	41	4
Pawnee	62	2,058.83	61	48	11	2
Payne	222	5,902.23	136	111	24	1
Pittsburg	218	1,249.77	204	161	41	2
Pontotoc	249	2,446.44	96	70	24	2
Pottawatomie	348	3,626.83	172	134	37	1
Pushmataha	71	2,755.39	34	29	5	0
Roger Mills	15	352.80	19	13	4	2
Rogers	240	2,368.13	126	91	31	4
Seminole	123	3,242.21	78	64	10	4
Sequoyah	208	2,464.45	74	49	24	1
Stephens	166	2,979.93	97	70	25	2
Texas	78	1,617.00	52	38	13	1
Tillman	46	600.00	43	32	9	2
Tulsa	0[1]	606.84	362	22	313	27
Wagoner	175	1,636.50	85	53	31	1
Washington	366	3,688.89	186	163	19	4
Washita	40	.00	27	15	10	2
Woods	44	2,725.18	34	26	8	0
Woodward	175	4,231.59	94	85	6	3

TABLE 31 *1981-1982*

CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT
Collections and Absent Parent Cases by Category and Activity

Category and Activity	Collections			Cases		
	Fiscal Year 1982	Fiscal Year 1981	Percent of Change	Fiscal Year 1982[1]	Fiscal Year 1981[1]	Percent of Change
TOTAL	**$5,656,705.58**	**$3,807,179.30**	**48.6**	**146,071**	**123,403**	**18.4**
AFDC (Oklahoma)	2,775,635.13	2,133,354.13	30.1	119,114	108,669	9.6
Non-AFDC (Oklahoma)	1,226,097.28	780,554.16	57.1	8,503	6,295	35.1
Total collections (Oklahoma)	4,001,732.41	2,913,908.29	37.3	127,617	114,964	11.0
AFDC (for other states)	737,458.33	338,721.03	117.7	14,367	3,139	357.7
Non-AFDC (for other states)	873,699.09	554,549.98	57.5	4,087	5,300	-22.9
Total collections (for other states)	1,611,127.42	893,271.01	80.4	18,454	8,439	118.7
Non-AFDC application fees	43,845.75	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
AFDC absent parents located				22,288	5,450	309.0
Non-AFDC absent parents located				2,533	622	307.2
AFDC obligations established				3,234	2,720	18.9
Non-AFDC obligatons established				967	529	82.8
AFDC paternity established				772	421	83.4
Non-AFDC paternity established				55	32	71.9

1/ Cases reflect June 30 total for 1981 and 1982 comparisons.

TABLE 32 *1981-1982*

NUTRITION PROGRAMS FOR THE ELDERLY
Meals Served by Type and by County

County [1]	Total	Congregate Meals	Meals at Home
TOTAL	**3,125,938**	**2,706,857**	**419,081**
Adair	39,151	33,167	5,984
Atoka	50,681	44,456	6,225
Beckham	13,854	11,836	2,018
Bryan	71,873	61,525	10,348
Caddo	109,864	97.450	12,414
Carter	60,776	53,887	6,889
Cherokee	28,478	23,373	5,105
Choctaw	44,613	38,612	6,001
Cleveland	67,203	60,791	6,412
Coal	21,023	17,482	3,541
Comanche	106,236	95,331	10,905
Cotton	22,628	17,222	5,406
Creek	107,606	89,424	18,182
Custer	16,721	12,534	4,187
Garfield	55,174	45,288	9,886
Garvin	19,884	16,989	2,895
Grady	38,134	31,580	6,554
Greer	28,105	22,362	5,743
Harmon	9,623	7,135	2,488
Haskell	14,702	13,201	1,501
Hughes	83,576	70,743	12,833
Jackson	26,363	19,694	6,669
Jefferson	15,388	13,080	2,308
Johnston	30,705	26,846	3,859
Kay	59,269	53,159	6,110
Kiowa	15,851	14,737	1,114
Latimer	9,256	8,085	1,171
LeFlore	57,607	49,020	8,587
Lincoln	26,238	23,533	2,705
Logan	27,750	24,657	3,093
Love	19,090	15,410	3,680
McClain	44,196	39,445	4,751
McCurtain	63,580	56,016	7,564
McIntosh	60,928	51,297	9,631
Murray	29,273	25,820	3,453
Muskogee	109,278	99,508	9,770
Okfuskee	64,974	55,747	9,227
Oklahoma	252,755	241,962	10,793
Okmulgee	99,713	84,472	15,241
Osage	80,898	67,266	13,632
Ottawa	45,790	39,580	6,210
Payne	48,021	41,562	6,459
Pittsburg	79,876	66,543	13,333
Pontotoc	78,967	67,453	11,514
Pottawatomie	106,342	88,591	17,751
Pushmataha	15,794	14,079	1,715
Seminole	70,444	59,665	10,779
Sequoyah	47,607	42,456	5,151
Stephens	51,332	45,680	5,652
Tillman	10,397	7,446	2,951
Tulsa	346,496	295,076	51,420
Wagoner	32,800	27,556	5,244
Washington	68,869	59,030	9,839
Washita	6,821	5,843	978
Woodward	13,365	12,155	1,210

1/ Counties omitted did not participate during the year.

TABLE 33 *1981-1982*

HOMES AND SCHOOLS
Population Movement by Facility

Population Movement	Total	Boley [1]	COJTC [1]	Whitaker [1]	OCC [1]	Rader Center [1]
In residence June 30, 1981	417	51	97	119	19	131
On leave June 30, 1981	260	48	34	42	80	56
Commitments	1,136	170	143	201	99	523
Total during the year	1,813	269	274	362	198	710
Released during the year	1,242	96	143	234	183	586
In residence June 30, 1982	337	77	89	96	9	66
On leave June 30, 1982	234	96	42	32	6	58
Average daily resident population	485	77	102	122	71	113

1/ Boley State School for Boys; Central Oklahoma Juvenile Treatment Center, Tecumseh; Whitaker State Children's Home, Pryor; Oklahoma Children's Center, Taft; and the Lloyd E. Rader Diagnostic, Evaluation and Treatment Center, Sand Springs.

TABLE 34 *JUNE 30, 1982*

HOMES AND SCHOOLS
Children by Age, Race and Reason for Commitment

	Total	Age				
		Under 10	10-11	12-13	14-15	16 and Older
TOTAL	**447**	**0**	**7**	**32**	**172**	**236**
White	**323**	**0**	**7**	**21**	**129**	**166**
Non-White	**124**	**0**	**0**	**11**	**43**	**70**
Boley State School, Boley	**173**	**0**	**1**	**4**	**54**	**114**
Central Okla. Juvenile Treatment Center, Tecumseh	**131**	**0**	**0**	**4**	**47**	**80**
Whitaker State Home, Pryor	**128**	**0**	**6**	**24**	**69**	**29**
Oklahoma Children's Center, Taft	**15**	**0**	**0**	**0**	**2**	**13**
Delinquent	**246**	**0**	**1**	**6**	**80**	**159**
Boley State School	172	0	1	4	54	113
White	124	0	1	2	43	78
Non-White	48	0	0	2	11	35
Central Okla. Juvenile Treatment Center	74	0	0	2	26	46
White	50	0	0	1	19	30
Non-White	24	0	0	1	7	16
In Need of Supervision	**119**	**0**	**1**	**8**	**54**	**56**
Boley State School	1	0	0	0	0	1
White	1	0	0	0	0	1
Non-White	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central Okla. Juvenile Treatment Center	57	0	0	2	21	34
White	44	0	0	2	16	26
Non-White	13	0	0	0	5	8
Whitaker State Home	52	0	1	6	32	13
White	42	0	1	5	26	10
Non-White	10	0	0	1	6	3
Oklahoma Children's Center	9	0	0	0	1	8
White	7	0	0	0	1	6
Non-White	2	0	0	0	0	2
Deprived [1]	**82**	**0**	**5**	**18**	**38**	**21**
Whitaker State Home	76	0	5	18	37	16
White	49	0	5	11	23	10
Non-White	27	0	0	7	14	6
Oklahoma Children's Center	6	0	0	0	1	5
White	6	0	0	0	1	5
Non-White	0	0	0	0	0	0

1/ None reported at the state training schools.

TABLE 35 *1981-1982*

HOMES AND SCHOOLS
Children by County of Commitment

County [1]	Total	Boley [2]	COJTC [2]	Helena [3]	OCC [2]	Whitaker [2]
TOTAL	**1,343**	**269**	**274**	**240**	**198**	**362**
Adair	10	2	0	0	5	3
Alfalfa	3	0	0	0	2	1
Beckham	9	2	0	0	2	5
Blaine	13	2	5	0	3	3
Bryan	9	4	1	2	1	1
Caddo	14	4	5	2	2	1
Canadian	19	3	7	4	4	1
Carter	20	4	4	3	3	6
Cherokee	8	0	2	0	4	2
Choctaw	9	2	1	2	1	3
Cleveland	33	4	4	10	6	9
Coal	2	0	0	0	0	2
Comanche	48	7	17	6	5	13
Cotton	5	2	0	1	1	1
Craig	1	1	0	0	0	0
Creek	10	2	3	3	0	2
Custer	8	0	1	2	1	4
Delaware	13	3	2	4	1	3
Dewey	2	0	1	0	0	1
Garfield	46	4	10	4	13	15
Garvin	6	3	2	0	0	1
Grady	16	4	5	3	1	3
Grant	2	1	0	1	0	0
Greer	4	0	0	1	0	3
Harmon	5	2	1	0	1	1
Harper	1	0	0	1	0	0
Haskell	7	4	1	0	2	0
Hughes	10	2	2	3	1	2
Jackson	14	3	1	3	2	5
Jefferson	2	0	0	0	0	2
Johnston	4	0	1	1	2	0
Kay	18	4	3	3	4	4
Kingfisher	5	2	1	1	0	1
Kiowa	3	1	0	0	1	1
Latimer	9	1	3	0	0	5
LeFlore	13	1	2	2	4	4
Lincoln	8	0	4	2	1	1
Logan	4	0	0	2	0	2
Love	4	0	0	2	1	1
McClain	2	2	0	0	0	0
McCurtain	11	2	1	3	1	4
McIntosh	1	0	1	0	0	0
Major	2	0	0	1	0	1
Marshall	4	1	2	1	0	0
Mayes	12	2	5	2	1	2
Muskogee	52	10	11	7	9	15
Noble	1	0	0	0	1	0
Nowata	2	1	1	0	0	0
Okfuskee	5	1	0	4	0	0
Oklahoma	339	73	64	54	40	108
Okmulgee	20	5	3	3	4	5
Osage	17	1	3	2	3	8
Ottawa	17	3	2	4	3	5
Pawnee	8	2	0	1	3	2
Payne	16	4	3	2	3	5
Pittsburg	22	2	4	3	4	9
Pontotoc	12	2	1	3	4	2
Pottawatomie	22	3	6	4	3	6
Pushmataha	6	2	1	2	1	0
Roger Mills	2	0	1	0	1	0

1/ Counties omitted had no children in state institutions during this period.
2/ Boley State School for Boys; Central Oklahoma Juvenile Treatment Center, Tecumseh; Oklahoma Children's Center, Taft; Whitaker State Children's Home, Pryor.
3/ Helena State School for Boys was transferred to the Department of Corrections during April 1982.

TABLE 35. Continued.

County [1]	Total	Boley [2]	COJTC [2]	Helena [3]	OCC [2]	Whitaker [2]
Rogers	19	1	4	5	4	5
Seminole	11	1	1	0	6	3
Sequoyah	13	3	4	1	1	4
Stephens	19	5	2	4	2	6
Texas	7	0	2	2	2	1
Tillman	10	3	1	1	3	2
Tulsa	226	49	58	58	18	43
Wagoner	17	5	3	3	2	4
Washington	18	7	2	2	1	6
Washita	5	3	0	0	2	0
Woods	4	1	0	0	2	1
Woodward	4	1	0	0	0	3

TABLE 36 *1981-1982*

OKLAHOMA CHILDREN'S MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
Inpatients and Outpatients, Increase or Decrease

Summary	Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Increase or Decrease	
	1982	1981	Actual	Percent
INPATIENTS				
Bed capacity as of June 30	259	255	4	1.57
Admissions	8,940	8,663	277	3.20
Discharges	8,926	8,647	279	3.23
Average daily inpatients	182.26	177.92	4.34	2.44
Average days hospitalized	7.23	7.20	0.03	0.42
Percent of bed occupancy	71.10	69.77	1.33	1.91
OUTPATIENT CLINICS				
Total Number of Visits	**171,741**	**146,922**	**24,819**	**16.89**
Adolescent Medicine	15,945	11,740	4,205	35.82
Burn Clinic	294	241	53	21.99
Children's Dentistry	4,384	4,178	206	4.93
Dermatology	1,511	1,403	108	7.70
Emergency Room	22,520	21,608	912	4.22
Health Screening	784	893	—109	—12.21
Mental Health	8,516	7,630	886	11.61
Multi-specialty	101	217	—116	—53.46
Ophthalmology	3,151	2,698	453	16.79
Oral Surgery	2,997	3,409	—412	—12.09
Orthopedics	9,418	9,420	—2	—0.02
Otorhinolaryngology	2,671	0	2,671	
Pediatric - Diagnostic	1,247	1,242	5	0.40
Pediatric - Family care	1,902	2,203	—301	—13.66
Pediatric - General	47,003	43,505	3,498	8.04
Pediatric - Practice Model	7,902	7,229	673	9.31
Pediatric - Sub-specialties	28,223	17,202	11,021	64.07
Speech and Hearing	6,492	5,481	1,011	18.45
Surgery	4,944	4,963	—19	—0.38
Urology	1,735	1,646	89	5.41
Vocational Rehabilitation	1	14	—13	—92.86

OKLAHOMA MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
Inpatients and Outpatients, Increase or Decrease

Summary	Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Increase or Decrease	
	1982	1981	Actual	Percent
INPATIENTS				
Adult				
Bed capacity as of June 30	249	253	—4	—1.58
Admissions	10,517	11,349	—832	—7.33
Discharges	10,501	11,353	—852	—7.50
Average daily inpatients	215.6	223.7	—8.1	—3.62
Average days hospitalized	7.39	7.23	0.16	2.21
Percent of bed occupancy	86.59	76.77	9.82	12.79
Newborn				
Bed capacity as of June 30	44	44	0	0.00
Admissions	3,224	3,529	—305	—8.64
Discharges	3,211	3,522	—311	—8.83
Average daily inpatients	37.2	35.9	1.3	3.62
Average days hospitalized	4.15	3.64	0.51	14.01
Percent of bed occupancy	84.59	81.64	2.95	3.61
OUTPATIENT CLINICS				
Total Number of Visits	**111,046**	**85,576**	**25,470**	**29.76**
Allergy	978	1,013	— 35	—3.46
Arthritis	745	772	— 27	—3.50
Emergency Room	35,529	29,243	6,286	21.50
Endoscopy	853	581	272	46.82
Gynecology	8,497	9,071	—574	—6.33
Neurology	1,152	1,013	139	13.72
Neurosurgery	548	661	—113	—17.10
Obstetrics	14,419	13,177	1,242	9.43
Oral surgery	4,375	4,611	—236	—5.12
Orthopedic Surgery	7,641	4,905	2,736	55.78
Other Medicine	20,087	12,101	7,986	65.99
Other Surgery	3,659	3,072	587	19.11
Otorhinolaryngology	2,218	0	2,218	
Plastic Surgery	1,265	1,365	—100	—7.33
Psychiatry	6,272	2,152	4,120	191.45
Thoracic Surgery	235	232	3	1.29
Urology	2,573	1,607	966	60.11

O'DONOGHUE REHABILITATION INSTITUTE
Inpatients and Outpatients, Increase or Decrease

Summary	Fiscal Year Ending June 30		Increase or Decrease	
	1982	1981	Actual	Percent
INPATIENTS				
Bed capacity as of June 30	117	69	48	69.57
Admissions	484	85	399	469.41
Discharges	458	54	404	748.15
Average daily inpatients	45.04	22.27	22.77	102.25
Average days hospitalized	35.13	21.76	13.37	61.44
Percent of bed occupancy	40.42	39.87	0.55	1.38
OUTPATIENT CLINICS				
Total Number of Visits	**2,551**	**692**	1,859	**268.64**
Amputee	201	115	86	74.78
Cerebral Palsy	103	34	69	202.94
Dental	4	0	4	
Dietician	6	0	6	
Hand	741	271	470	173.43
Hemophilia	185	27	158	585.19
Lab	2	0	2	
Meningomyelocele	291	129	162	125.58
Neurology	109	0	109	
Neuromuscular	27	9	18	200.00
Orthotics	1	9	— 8	— 88.89
Pediatric Rheumatology	57	0	57	
Physical Therapy	4	0	4	
Private Patients	212	0	212	
Psychology	2	0	2	
Rheumatory Hand	16	0	16	
Screening	174	14	160	1,142.86
Social Service	1	0	1	
Spinal Cord	196	62	134	216.13
Urodynamics	2	0	2	
Urology	217	22	195	886.36

APPENDIX B

TABLE		PAGE
39	**Recipients of State Supplemental Payments to the Aged,** By Race, Sex and County, 1982	B-2
40	**Recipients of State Supplemental Payments to the Blind,** By Race, Sex and County, 1982	B-4
41	**Recipients of State Supplemental Payments to the Disabled** By Race, Sex and County, 1982	B-6
42	**Aid to Families with Dependent Children,** By Race and County, 1982	B-8
43	**Recipients of State Supplemental Payments to the Aged,** By Age, Race and Sex, 1982	B-10
44	**Recipients of State Supplemental Payments to the Blind,** By Age, Race and Sex, 1982	B-10
45	**Recipients of State Supplemental Payments to the Disabled,** By Age, Race and Sex, 1982	B-11
46	**Aid to Families with Dependent Children,** By Age and Sex of the children, 1982	B-11

TABLE 39

RECIPIENTS OF STATE SUPPLEMENTAL PAYMENTS TO THE AGED
By Race, Sex and County

1981-1982

County	All Races			White			Black			Indian			Other[1]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**38,303**	**10,734**	**27,569**	**30,066**	**8,190**	**21,876**	**5,504**	**1,572**	**3,932**	**2,331**	**830**	**1,501**	**402**	**142**	**260**
Adair	766	293	473	531	186	345	0	0	0	233	106	127	2	1	1
Alfalfa	73	17	56	73	17	56	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Atoka	487	164	323	427	146	281	36	10	26	24	8	16	0	0	0
Beaver	34	10	24	34	10	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beckham	386	104	282	371	97	274	8	4	4	1	0	1	6	3	3
Blaine	164	46	118	121	31	90	35	11	24	7	3	4	1	1	0
Bryan	895	271	624	817	239	578	41	14	27	35	18	17	2	0	2
Caddo	687	218	469	587	182	405	42	15	27	41	13	28	17	8	9
Canadian	232	50	182	206	43	163	22	7	15	3	0	3	1	0	1
Carter	803	242	561	618	175	443	148	51	97	31	13	18	6	3	3
Cherokee	703	228	475	491	152	339	15	9	6	197	67	130	0	0	0
Choctaw	863	289	574	595	195	400	218	80	138	50	14	36	0	0	0
Cimarron	27	8	19	27	8	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cleveland	434	97	337	408	90	318	3	0	3	8	3	5	15	4	11
Coal	252	87	165	226	79	147	11	3	8	15	5	10	0	0	0
Comanche	617	160	457	429	112	317	137	33	104	21	8	13	30	7	23
Cotton	172	54	118	154	46	108	11	4	7	5	3	2	2	1	1
Craig	266	86	180	221	71	150	25	8	17	20	7	13	0	0	0
Creek	647	158	489	533	124	409	95	28	67	18	5	13	1	1	0
Custer	203	65	138	165	48	117	15	5	10	15	7	8	8	5	3
Delaware	640	235	405	474	162	312	0	0	0	166	73	93	0	0	0
Dewey	72	18	54	70	18	52	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
Ellis	49	13	36	49	13	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garfield	314	57	257	266	47	219	40	8	32	2	1	1	6	1	5
Garvin	674	193	481	620	178	442	49	12	37	5	3	2	0	0	0
Grady	584	157	427	530	146	384	46	9	37	6	2	4	2	0	2
Grant	47	10	37	47	10	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greer	259	76	183	229	65	164	22	6	16	0	0	0	8	5	3
Harmon	148	45	103	116	30	86	25	13	12	0	0	0	7	2	5
Harper	42	8	34	42	8	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haskell	389	123	266	368	119	249	9	0	9	12	4	8	0	0	0
Hughes	518	164	354	423	130	293	41	13	28	53	21	32	1	0	1
Jackson	451	120	331	342	88	254	85	21	64	4	0	4	20	11	9
Jefferson	282	86	196	264	77	187	9	2	7	5	4	1	4	3	1
Johnston	385	131	254	323	114	209	25	8	17	37	9	28	0	0	0
Kay	339	64	275	298	55	243	23	3	20	16	5	11	2	1	1
Kingfisher	62	13	49	48	11	37	12	2	10	2	0	2	0	0	0
Kiowa	323	88	235	264	64	200	43	15	28	9	5	4	7	4	3
Latimer	247	74	173	216	63	153	1	0	1	30	11	19	0	0	0
LeFlore	1,211	387	824	1,119	360	759	44	13	31	46	14	32	2	0	2

1/ Includes 197 Hispanics of whom 80 are males and 117 are females. Also includes 205 Asians of whom 62 are males and 143 are females.

TABLE 39. Continued.

County	All Races			White			Black			Indian			Other[1]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Lincoln	352	100	252	300	78	222	46	19	27	6	3	3	0	0	0
Logan	290	71	219	194	49	145	94	20	74	1	1	0	1	1	0
Love	218	83	135	192	68	124	23	13	10	2	1	1	1	1	0
McClain	325	100	225	303	93	210	17	5	12	5	2	3	0	0	0
McCurtain	1,375	433	942	918	284	634	357	114	243	95	31	64	5	4	1
McIntosh	620	193	427	449	137	312	102	28	74	69	28	41	0	0	0
Major	61	12	49	61	12	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marshall	292	88	204	266	82	184	13	4	9	13	2	11	0	0	0
Mayes	620	192	428	510	152	358	3	2	1	107	38	69	0	0	0
Murray	293	88	205	259	77	182	17	7	10	17	4	13	0	0	0
Muskogee	1,483	423	1,060	938	267	671	451	120	331	90	35	55	4	1	3
Noble	85	23	62	70	18	52	11	3	8	4	2	2	0	0	0
Nowata	161	51	110	117	34	83	31	13	18	13	4	9	0	0	0
Okfuskee	434	153	281	264	90	174	127	47	80	43	16	27	0	0	0
Oklahoma	3,732	813	2,919	2,469	509	1,960	1,069	246	823	66	15	51	128	43	85
Okmulgee	806	220	586	476	123	353	273	79	194	56	18	38	1	0	1
Osage	473	122	351	389	96	293	48	14	34	33	11	22	3	1	2
Ottawa	514	143	371	460	133	327	0	0	0	53	9	44	1	1	0
Pawnee	191	53	138	160	42	118	13	5	8	16	5	11	2	1	1
Payne	350	100	250	312	85	227	29	13	16	6	2	4	3	0	3
Pittsburg	911	245	666	826	225	601	57	14	43	27	6	21	1	0	1
Pontotoc	667	171	496	573	144	429	45	12	33	47	14	33	2	1	1
Pottawatomie	903	233	670	809	197	612	36	15	21	56	20	36	2	1	1
Pushmataha	434	135	299	385	112	273	9	1	8	40	22	18	0	0	0
Roger Mills	54	15	39	50	13	37	0	0	0	4	2	2	0	0	0
Rogers	440	114	326	393	105	288	12	3	9	33	5	28	2	1	1
Seminole	697	207	490	459	118	341	144	51	93	91	37	54	3	1	2
Sequoyah	996	312	684	842	255	587	42	16	26	112	41	71	0	0	0
Stephens	598	145	453	557	136	421	29	6	23	8	1	7	4	2	2
Texas	58	18	40	56	17	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
Tillman	287	81	206	190	43	147	82	32	50	3	2	1	12	4	8
Tulsa	2,720	586	2,134	1,805	365	1,440	801	196	605	50	11	39	64	14	50
Wagoner	529	150	379	353	92	261	147	52	95	28	6	22	1	0	1
Washington	256	64	192	196	46	150	38	14	24	16	3	13	6	1	5
Washita	126	41	85	120	38	82	2	1	1	1	0	1	3	2	1
Woods	104	31	73	103	30	73	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Woodward	101	16	85	100	16	84	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0

TABLE 40

1981-1982

RECIPIENTS OF STATE SUPPLEMENTAL PAYMENTS TO THE BLIND
By Race, Sex and County

County [1]	All Races			White			Black			Indian			Other [2]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**505**	**250**	**255**	**395**	**195**	**200**	**70**	**34**	**36**	**32**	**16**	**16**	**8**	**5**	**3**
Adair	8	4	4	6	4	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0
Atoka	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beaver	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beckham	4	1	3	4	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blaine	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bryan	6	4	2	6	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Caddo	7	2	5	4	2	2	2	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0
Canadian	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carter	8	3	5	7	3	4	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cherokee	8	3	5	6	2	4	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0
Choctaw	7	5	2	4	2	2	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Cleveland	6	3	3	6	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coal	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Comanche	15	8	7	6	2	4	4	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	0
Craig	2	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Creek	5	2	3	4	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Custer	2	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Delaware	3	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Garfield	6	3	3	4	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Garvin	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grady	3	1	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haskell	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hughes	5	3	2	3	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
Jackson	8	5	3	3	2	1	4	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
Jefferson	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Johnston	3	1	2	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kay	7	4	3	3	2	1	1	1	0	3	1	2	0	0	0
Kingfisher	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kiowa	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Latimer	7	4	3	6	3	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
LeFlore	11	3	8	10	3	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lincoln	3	2	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Logan	3	1	2	2	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Love	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
McClain	4	3	1	4	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

1/ Counties omitted had no Aid to the Blind for the fiscal year.
2/ Includes two Hispanics of whom one is a male and one is a female. Also includes four Asian males and two Asian females.

TABLE 40. Continued.

County [1]	All Races			White			Black			Indian			Other [2]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
McCurtain	9	5	4	7	4	3	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
McIntosh	3	2	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marshall	3	0	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mayes	5	0	5	5	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Murray	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Muskogee	23	13	10	21	12	9	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Noble	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nowata	2	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Okfuskee	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oklahoma	116	52	64	92	42	49	22	9	13	2	0	2	1	1	0
Okmulgee	5	3	2	2	1	1	2	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Osage	4	2	2	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ottawa	10	4	6	8	3	5	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0
Pawnee	2	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Payne	5	1	4	4	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pittsburg	11	4	7	9	4	5	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pontotoc	7	2	5	7	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pottawatomie	12	5	7	10	4	6	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0
Pushmataha	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Roger Mills	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rogers	5	4	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0
Seminole	3	2	1	2	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sequoyah	8	6	2	8	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stephens	8	3	5	7	2	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tillman	6	4	2	2	1	1	3	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	0
Tulsa	83	44	39	67	35	32	14	8	6	0	0	0	2	1	1
Wagoner	9	6	3	7	4	3	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Washington	2	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Washita	2	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Woodward	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TABLE 41

1981-1982

RECIPIENTS OF STATE SUPPLEMENTAL PAYMENTS TO THE DISABLED
By Race, Sex and County

County	All Races			White			Black			Indian			Other[1]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**19,007**	**7,321**	**11,686**	**14,090**	**5,516**	**8,574**	**3,342**	**1,127**	**2,215**	**1,382**	**613**	**769**	**193**	**65**	**128**
Adair	352	158	194	217	79	138	0	0	0	135	79	56	0	0	0
Alfalfa	25	15	10	23	14	9	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
Atoka	194	79	115	173	69	104	10	4	6	11	6	5	0	0	0
Beaver	11	7	4	9	5	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Beckham	148	63	85	135	58	77	6	1	5	0	0	0	7	4	3
Blaine	68	30	38	50	21	29	10	4	6	8	5	3	0	0	0
Bryan	281	109	172	257	100	157	11	0	11	11	7	4	2	2	0
Caddo	306	150	156	229	110	119	24	16	8	48	23	25	5	1	4
Canadian	174	71	103	150	62	88	15	5	10	6	3	3	3	1	2
Carter	357	131	226	256	90	166	86	34	52	14	7	7	1	0	1
Cherokee	324	152	172	222	103	119	7	5	2	94	43	51	1	1	0
Choctaw	324	130	194	225	88	137	80	34	46	18	8	10	1	0	1
Cimarron	13	5	8	11	4	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1
Cleveland	306	118	188	291	114	177	3	0	3	10	4	6	2	0	2
Coal	104	45	59	87	38	49	5	2	3	12	5	7	0	0	0
Comanche	416	135	281	271	96	175	112	27	85	19	6	13	14	6	8
Cotton	49	18	31	40	14	26	6	3	3	1	0	1	2	1	1
Craig	211	107	104	182	95	87	17	8	9	12	4	8	0	0	0
Creek	361	148	213	283	118	165	60	24	36	18	6	12	0	0	0
Custer	123	37	86	90	25	65	11	2	9	17	8	9	5	2	3
Delaware	314	136	178	219	84	135	1	0	1	94	52	42	0	0	0
Dewey	26	8	18	19	4	15	0	0	0	7	4	3	0	0	0
Ellis	10	0	10	10	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garfield	244	86	158	201	71	130	40	14	26	2	0	2	1	1	0
Garvin	219	89	130	187	79	108	21	6	15	11	4	7	0	0	0
Grady	188	58	130	156	49	107	27	7	20	4	2	2	1	0	1
Grant	31	17	14	31	17	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Greer	64	24	40	50	19	31	11	4	7	0	0	0	3	1	2
Harmon	54	20	34	32	12	20	14	4	10	0	0	0	8	4	4
Harper	15	6	9	14	5	9	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
Haskell	175	93	82	161	88	73	2	0	2	12	5	7	0	0	0
Hughes	176	65	111	135	55	80	14	3	11	26	7	19	1	0	1
Jackson	199	74	125	120	46	74	58	19	39	0	0	0	21	9	12
Jefferson	79	24	55	74	23	51	1	0	1	2	1	1	2	0	2
Johnston	136	50	86	113	43	70	7	2	5	16	5	11	0	0	0
Kay	167	59	108	138	47	91	15	6	9	13	6	7	1	0	1
Kingfisher	25	8	17	21	7	14	2	1	1	2	0	2	0	0	0
Kiowa	119	49	70	84	36	48	26	8	18	1	1	0	8	4	4
Latimer	98	48	50	85	42	43	2	1	1	11	5	6	0	0	0
LeFlore	513	220	293	464	200	264	21	9	12	28	11	17	0	0	0

1/ Includes 156 Hispanics of whom 52 are males and 104 are females. Also includes 37 Asians of whom 13 are males and 24 are females.

TABLE 41. Continued

County	All Races			White			Black			Indian			Other[1]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Lincoln	133	43	90	108	35	73	18	7	11	7	1	6	0	0	0
Logan	146	59	87	107	46	61	36	11	25	1	0	1	2	2	0
Love	61	25	36	55	23	32	5	2	3	1	0	1	0	0	0
McClain	106	39	67	96	35	61	7	3	4	2	1	1	1	0	1
McCurtain	550	219	331	370	146	224	135	55	80	43	18	25	2	0	2
McIntosh	257	94	163	181	67	114	42	15	27	34	12	22	0	0	0
Major	14	6	8	14	6	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Marshall	100	41	59	80	32	48	5	1	4	15	8	7	0	0	0
Mayes	236	105	131	185	75	110	4	3	1	47	27	20	0	0	0
Murray	127	53	74	113	48	65	10	3	7	4	2	2	0	0	0
Muskogee	822	304	518	494	192	302	280	89	191	45	22	23	3	1	2
Noble	59	22	37	42	16	26	5	3	2	11	3	8	1	0	1
Nowata	113	48	65	87	40	47	18	6	12	8	2	6	0	0	0
Okfuskee	171	85	86	104	50	54	40	20	20	27	15	12	0	0	0
Oklahoma	2,728	887	1,841	1,760	581	1,179	870	276	594	61	22	39	37	8	29
Okmulgee	523	230	293	337	163	174	155	55	100	30	12	18	1	0	1
Osage	218	75	143	178	64	114	25	8	17	14	3	11	1	0	1
Ottawa	311	124	187	284	115	169	0	0	0	25	9	16	2	0	2
Pawnee	89	32	57	74	25	49	9	3	6	6	4	2	0	0	0
Payne	195	85	110	173	77	96	12	3	9	8	5	3	2	0	2
Pittsburg	380	140	240	323	124	199	34	8	26	21	8	13	2	0	2
Pontotoc	278	114	164	229	93	136	22	8	14	27	13	14	0	0	0
Pottawatomie	399	160	239	333	135	198	19	9	10	46	16	30	1	0	1
Pushmataha	168	67	101	141	53	88	6	1	5	20	12	8	1	1	0
Roger Mills	24	8	16	18	6	12	0	0	0	6	2	4	0	0	0
Rogers	181	67	114	160	59	101	9	4	5	12	4	8	0	0	0
Seminole	448	198	250	292	135	157	91	34	57	65	29	36	0	0	0
Sequoyah	433	203	230	371	177	194	22	10	12	40	16	24	0	0	0
Stephens	211	75	136	188	67	121	19	7	12	3	1	2	1	0	1
Texas	39	11	28	33	9	24	0	0	0	1	1	0	5	1	4
Tillman	116	44	72	59	19	40	40	18	22	0	0	0	17	7	10
Tulsa	1,870	636	1,234	1,184	423	761	614	191	423	53	18	35	19	4	15
Wagoner	233	88	135	169	70	99	42	15	27	12	3	9	0	0	0
Washington	142	41	101	106	33	73	21	5	16	14	2	12	1	1	0
Washita	46	17	29	41	15	26	1	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
Woods	38	16	22	38	16	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Woodward	53	18	35	48	16	32	0	0	0	5	2	3	0	0	0

TABLE 42

1981-1982

AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEPENDENT CHILDREN
By Race and County

County	All Races		White		Black		Indian		Other[1]	
	Families	Children	Families	Children	Families	Children	Families	Children	Families	Children
TOTAL	**39,614**	**85,708**	**21,707**	**42,378**	**12,541**	**30,681**	**4,415**	**10,313**	**951**	**2,336**
Adair	552	1,230	256	523	1	2	292	700	3	5
Alfalfa	27	53	25	50	1	1	1	2	0	0
Atoka	321	692	239	482	49	119	31	89	2	2
Beaver	12	35	10	27	0	0	0	0	2	8
Beckham	152	356	99	209	34	97	3	10	16	40
Blaine	127	267	49	89	16	44	61	133	1	1
Bryan	394	822	332	666	29	73	23	60	10	23
Caddo	610	1,308	233	443	45	109	318	727	14	29
Canadian	228	505	116	215	77	214	30	68	5	8
Carter	705	1,556	357	700	286	692	56	151	6	13
Cherokee	666	1,310	397	724	44	84	222	491	3	11
Choctaw	453	1,000	241	460	179	451	31	84	2	5
Cimarron	15	28	8	15	0	0	0	0	7	13
Cleveland	599	1,233	505	992	44	117	36	83	14	41
Coal	141	291	110	227	4	12	27	52	0	0
Comanche	1,821	3,932	695	1,331	843	2,006	188	370	95	225
Cotton	90	181	55	99	7	16	23	46	5	20
Craig	138	294	103	211	18	47	17	36	0	0
Creek	717	1,489	511	1,021	144	342	52	113	10	13
Custer	233	495	121	231	50	111	48	108	14	45
Delaware	491	1,037	300	614	1	1	189	421	1	1
Dewey	23	46	16	31	0	0	6	14	1	1
Ellis	16	38	16	38	0	0	0	0	0	0
Garfield	361	813	251	535	92	242	13	30	5	6
Garvin	273	563	217	431	44	106	12	26	0	0
Grady	365	769	257	509	93	220	12	30	3	10
Grant	14	33	13	31	0	0	1	2	0	0
Greer	108	243	64	138	30	73	2	2	12	30
Harmon	90	232	22	43	47	118	0	0	21	71
Harper	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haskell	264	504	230	420	10	17	24	67	0	0
Hughes	189	438	100	212	31	83	57	142	1	1
Jackson	523	1,238	189	414	222	565	1	2	111	257
Jefferson	49	97	42	84	2	3	1	1	4	9
Johnston	218	416	145	265	28	48	45	103	0	0
Kay	296	577	195	370	28	59	68	142	5	6
Kingfisher	54	115	31	68	9	16	13	30	1	1
Kiowa	207	441	108	194	62	149	21	52	16	46
Latimer	212	445	150	295	8	22	54	128	0	0
LeFlore	933	2,004	801	1,666	55	137	75	191	2	10

1/ Includes 691 Hispanic and 260 Asian families. Children include 1,780 Hispanics and 556 Asians.

TABLE 42. Continued.

County	All Races		White		Black		Indian		Other[1]	
	Families	Children	Families	Children	Families	Children	Families	Children	Families	Children
Lincoln	272	588	200	432	43	105	29	51	0	0
Logan	281	526	119	218	154	294	3	6	5	8
Love	59	114	42	78	15	29	1	3	1	4
McClain	128	255	107	208	11	23	7	12	3	12
McCurtain	1,004	2,382	559	1,118	316	896	126	355	3	13
McIntosh	303	621	172	330	63	165	67	125	1	1
Major	19	37	18	35	0	0	0	0	1	2
Marshall	145	300	105	209	20	42	18	45	2	4
Mayes	392	836	288	587	1	3	100	242	3	4
Murray	183	356	149	273	12	34	20	47	2	2
Muskogee	1,526	3,219	681	1,211	629	1,413	200	541	16	54
Noble	111	220	49	93	12	27	49	99	1	1
Nowata	94	206	54	98	27	78	12	26	1	4
Okfuskee	193	451	89	179	54	161	50	111	0	0
Oklahoma	9,083	20,196	3,927	7,599	4,500	10,981	359	881	297	735
Okmulgee	800	1,705	394	763	317	734	85	200	4	8
Osage	432	911	293	571	89	194	45	137	5	9
Ottawa	563	1,101	459	840	1	4	98	240	5	17
Pawnee	131	270	101	196	5	12	24	56	1	6
Payne	276	574	190	396	59	122	27	56	0	0
Pittsburg	647	1,300	517	967	90	239	39	92	1	2
Pontotoc	449	839	313	581	50	111	84	144	2	3
Pottawatomie	881	1,863	595	1,217	88	217	195	420	3	9
Pushmataha	224	480	178	366	8	20	35	81	3	13
Roger Mills	43	93	18	36	0	0	24	55	1	2
Rogers	307	608	259	512	16	32	30	61	2	3
Seminole	576	1,317	207	383	163	411	203	519	3	4
Sequoyah	776	1,593	605	1,196	53	120	117	276	1	1
Stephens	293	653	221	455	49	134	14	33	9	31
Texas	88	178	71	150	1	1	2	5	14	22
Tillman	278	653	94	203	113	265	3	7	68	178
Tulsa	5,434	12,149	2,350	4,490	2,779	6,970	219	496	86	193
Wagoner	573	1,197	390	727	132	354	49	109	2	7
Washington	196	420	135	264	35	87	24	65	2	4
Washita	79	176	68	144	1	5	2	5	8	22
Woods	52	119	47	108	2	2	1	3	2	6
Woodward	35	75	33	71	0	0	1	3	1	1

TABLE 43 *1981-1982*

RECIPIENTS OF STATE SUPPLEMENTAL PAYMENTS TO THE AGED
By Age, Race and Sex

Age of Payee	All Races			White			Black			Indian			Other [1]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**38,303**	**10,734**	**27,569**	**30,066**	**8,190**	**21,876**	**5,504**	**1,572**	**3,932**	**2,331**	**830**	**1,501**	**402**	**142**	**260**
65-69	7,008	2,097	4,911	5,166	1,538	3,628	1,086	293	793	600	212	388	156	54	102
70-74	8,873	2,709	6,164	6,845	2,079	4,766	1,268	370	898	636	219	417	124	41	83
75-79	8,532	2,752	5,780	6,750	2,134	4,616	1,230	383	847	494	208	286	58	27	31
80-84	5,528	1,692	3,836	4,425	1,303	3,122	789	254	535	277	123	154	37	12	25
85-89	4,571	841	3,730	3,743	639	3,104	636	152	484	170	42	128	22	8	14
90-94	2,601	413	2,188	2,192	332	1,860	289	63	226	117	18	99	3	0	3
95-99	945	173	772	769	132	637	143	37	106	31	4	27	2	0	2
100 and Over	245	57	188	176	33	143	63	20	43	6	4	2	0	0	0

1/ Includes 197 Hispanics of whom 80 are males and 117 are females. Also includes 205 Asians of whom 62 are males and 143 are females.

TABLE 44 *1981-1982*

RECIPIENTS OF STATE SUPPLEMENTAL PAYMENTS TO THE BLIND
By Age, Race and Sex

Age of Payee	All Races			White			Black			Indian			Other [1]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**505**	**250**	**255**	**395**	**195**	**200**	**70**	**34**	**36**	**32**	**16**	**16**	**8**	**5**	**3**
15-19	14	6	8	13	6	7	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
20-24	57	28	29	46	22	24	5	2	3	5	3	2	1	1	0
25-29	51	24	27	45	22	23	5	1	4	0	0	0	1	1	0
30-34	36	15	21	30	12	18	3	2	1	1	0	1	2	1	1
35-39	32	15	17	27	13	14	2	1	1	3	1	2	0	0	0
40-44	27	17	10	20	13	7	4	3	1	2	1	1	1	0	1
45-49	47	22	25	35	15	20	10	5	5	2	2	0	0	0	0
50-54	66	35	31	55	28	27	8	5	3	3	2	1	0	0	0
55-59	71	43	28	44	28	16	17	9	8	8	5	3	2	1	1
60-64	84	36	48	63	28	35	13	5	8	7	2	5	1	1	0
65 and Over	20	9	11	17	8	9	2	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0

1/ Includes two Hispanics of whom one is a male and one is a female. Also includes four Asian males and two Asian females.

TABLE 45 *1981-1982*

RECIPIENTS OF STATE SUPPLEMENTAL PAYMENTS TO THE DISABLED
By Age, Race and Sex

Age of Payee	All Races			White			Black			Indian			Other[1]		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**19,007**	**7,321**	**11,686**	**14,090**	**5,516**	**8,574**	**3,342**	**1,127**	**2,215**	**1,382**	**613**	**769**	**193**	**65**	**128**
18-19	197	120	77	151	89	62	30	21	9	12	8	4	4	2	2
20-24	967	536	431	738	406	332	168	94	74	52	32	20	9	4	5
25-29	1,185	591	594	896	456	440	208	100	108	64	30	34	17	5	12
30-34	1,194	614	580	872	465	407	221	104	117	88	43	45	13	2	11
35-39	1,150	562	588	861	416	445	194	93	101	82	46	36	13	7	6
40-44	1,303	585	718	978	440	538	228	83	145	89	56	33	8	6	2
45-49	1,673	656	1,017	1,206	485	721	321	101	220	131	64	67	15	6	9
50-54	2,319	879	1,440	1,655	655	1,000	469	145	324	179	75	104	16	4	12
55-59	3,491	1,104	2,387	2,569	840	1,729	612	144	468	280	112	168	30	8	22
60-64	4,611	1,369	3,242	3,481	1,035	2,446	734	201	533	341	118	223	55	15	40
65 and Over	917	305	612	683	229	454	157	41	116	64	29	35	13	6	7

1/ Includes 156 Hispanics of whom 52 are males and 104 are females. Also includes 37 Asians of whom 13 are males and 24 are females.

TABLE 46 *1981-1982*

AID TO FAMILIES WITH DEPENDENT CHILDREN
By Age and Sex of the Children

Age of Children	Number			Percent		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
TOTAL	**85,708**	**43,388**	**42,320**	**100.0**	**100.0**	**100.0**
Under 1 year	4,223	2,120	2,103	4.9	4.9	5.0
1-5 years	29,647	14,946	14,701	34.7	34.5	34.7
6-9 years	18,604	9,450	9,154	21.7	21.8	21.6
10-13 years	16,368	8,208	8,160	19.1	18.9	19.3
14-17 years	13,125	6,745	6,380	15.3	15.5	15.1
18-20 years	3,548	1,836	1,712	4.1	4.2	4.0
21 years	193	83	110	0.2	0.2	0.3